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CONTEMPORARY CHINA HISTORY STUDIES No.1, 2023

* Studying the Spirit of Xi Jinping's Congratulatory Letter on the 30th Anniversary of ANHPRC Founding *

Editor's note: On December 8, 2022, the conference to promote the prosperity and development of the study of the history of New China and celebrate the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Association of Chinese National History of the People's Republic of China (ANHPRC) was held at the Institute of Contemporary China Studies. Xi Jinping, general secretary of the Communist Party of China (CPC) Central Committee, Chinese president and chairman of the Central Military Commission, sent a congratulatory letter to extend warm congratulations and sincere greetings to all the staff of the ANHPRC and the vast number of Chinese history researchers throughout the country. Li Shulei, the member of the Political Bureau of Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Minister of the Publicity Department of the CPC Central Committee, read out the congratulatory letter and delivered an important speech at the conference. Gao Xiang, Deputy Secretary of the Party Leadership Group and Vice President of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, Zhu Jiamu, President of ANHPRC, and Li Zhenghua, Deputy Director of the Institute of Contemporary China Studies, delivered speeches successively. The congratulatory letter, with its high aim, profound thoughts and rich connotations, stands at the height of building a socialist modern country in an all-round way and promoting the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation in an all-round way, fully affirms the achievements made by the ANHPRC since its establishment 30 years ago, and clearly points out the key tasks and development direction of the work on the history of new China in the new era. It provides a fundamental guidance for the development of the new era, new journey and new Chinese history. The congratulatory letter fully reflects the great attention and cordial concern of the Party Central Committee with the General Secretary Xi Jinping as the core to the cause of new China's history, and provides a fundamental guide for the development of the cause of new China's history in the new era and new journey. In order to thoroughly study and effectively implement the spirit of the letter of congratulation in all aspects of the research, publicity and education of the history of New China, promote the prosperity and development of the cause of the history of New China, and make new contributions to the comprehensive construction of a socialist modern country and the comprehensive promotion of the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation, some experts and scholars were specially invited by Contemporary China History Studies to write learning experiences for the readers.

Constructing the Disciplinary, Academic and Discourse System of	
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The Study of National History Must Adhere to Historical Materialism X	Xin Xiangyang (18)
New Era and New Journey Deeply Promote the Prosperity and Development of	
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* Research on Socialism System of Chinese Characteristics *

The Establishment and Initial Operation of the Administrative Supervision System in

Abstract: The People's Supervision Committee of the Government Administration Council of the Central People's Government, which was established in 1949, was an administrative supervision institution higher than the ministerial level. Since its establishment, it actively carried out administrative supervision while continuously improved the supervision institutions, policies and regulations at all levels. Zhou Enlai formulated the basic principles and specific policies of supervision, and proposed to mobilize the masses to carry out supervision work around the central task of the Party and the country. From 1949 to 1954, the establishment and initial operation of China's administrative supervision system made remarkable achievements. Closely cooperated with the main work of the Party and the State at that time, a series of relevant laws and regulations were formulated and implemented, and a relatively perfect administrative supervision system was gradually formed. Its practical exploration had important enlightenment significance for the reform of China's supervision system today.

Keywords: administrative supervision system, People's Supervision Committee, Zhou Enlai

Further Deepen the Academic Research on the Hongqi Canal Project Guo Shuanglin (45)

Abstract: Hongqi Canal project is a great miracle in the construction history of new China. At present, the research on Hongqi Canal has a lot of publicity achievements, but few academic research achievements. In terms of publicity, Hongqi Canal is famous at home and abroad. In terms of academic research, Hongqi Canal research is still mainly regarded as a local case. In order to change this situation and objectively evaluate the historical status of Hongqi Canal project in modern China, it is necessary for the historians to further deepen the academic research on it. The most important basic work is the accumulation of historical data. There is still room for further exploration of some theoretical issues, such as the inevitability and epochal nature of the construction of Hongqi Canal, etc. Hongqi Canal was rarely mentioned in the history of the People's Republic of China. Among reasons for this, lack of attention by the mainstream historiography circle should be an important one.

Keywords: Hongqi Canal, Linxian County, Yang Gui

* Research on the History of Reform and Opening-up *

Restudy of Shanghai Youth Service Team in the 1980s Lin Shengbao & Zhang Yun (62)

Abstract: On February 23, 1980, the first youth service team in China, the Youth Service Team of Shanghai No. 3 Bicycle Factory, was born. The youth service team appeared in Shanghai at the early stage of reform and opening-up was a result of interwoven factors under special social and historical environment rather than a historical accident. The historical context of the youth service team showed

that this form of youth ideological and political guidance not only met the urgent needs of the people for material civilization after the reform and opening-up, but also reflected the youth's conscious pursuit of socialist spiritual civilization. Therefore, it has been highly valued by the Party and state leaders, and has become the embryonic form of Chinese youth voluntary service, with rich social, educational and economic significance.

Keywords: reform and opening-up, Shanghai, youth service team, ideological and political guidance

* Political History Research *

The New Development of Patriotic Education Since the Implementation of

Hong Kong National Security Law ······ Hu Rongrong (71)

Abstract: Influenced by historical reasons and misled by anti-China agitators in Hong Kong, Hong Kong's patriotic education has been lacking for a long time. The formulation and implementation of *The Law of the People's Republic of China on Safeguarding National Security in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region* has provided an important institutional guarantee for the promotion of patriotism education in Hong Kong. Hong Kong's education, media and other key areas have gradually brought order out of chaos and cleaned up the root causes. Agitators organizations have been gradually eliminated. The patriotic system has been gradually established. A key step has been taken to establish and improve the education system that is compatible with the "one country, two systems". The effectiveness of patriotism education in Hong Kong has gradually emerged, the discourse system of patriotism education has been improved, the practice carriers have been enriched, and the education atmosphere has become increasingly strong. The progress of patriotism education in Hong Kong has benefited from the strong leadership of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and the implementation of the main responsibility of the SAR government, which has laid a solid foundation for building the social and political foundation for the successful practice and further stable implementation of "one country, two systems" in Hong Kong.

Keywords: patriotism education, Hong Kong, "one country, two systems", The Law of the People's Republic of China on Safeguarding National Security in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, national security

* Research on the History of Culture and Science and Technology *

A Study on the Popularization of New Farm Tools in Heilongjiang Region from

Abstract: From 1949 to 1952, in order to restore and develop agricultural production, the Party and the government carried out the promotion of new farm tools throughout the country, especially in the old liberated areas. To this end, under the leadership of the Northeast People's Government, Heilongjiang region carried out an active promotion practice of new farm tools, mainly including timely mastering and responding to problems emerging in the promotion of new farm tools, combining national economic support with agricultural mutual assistance and cooperation, debugging and determining the development process and manufacturing standards of new farm tools, establishing new farm tools promotion stations, and training farmer technicians and technical cadres in an organized and planned way. The organization, technology, method and team were well prepared for the orderly promotion of new farm tools. The

promotion of new farm tools in Heilongjiang region drove the restoration of the local agricultural production order, consolidated and promoted the agricultural mutual aid and cooperation movement, and stimulated the patriotic enthusiasm and production enthusiasm of farmers.

Keywords: Heilongjiang region, new farm tools, promotion

* Research Results of National Social Science Fund *

From Institutional Transformation to National Governance: the Focus Transformation of

Overseas Contemporary Chinese Political Research Wang Keyuan & Qi Weiping (96)

Abstract: Since the founding of the People's Republic of China, overseas Chinese political research has experienced the transformation of research paradigms from totalitarianism, factional politics to authoritarianism. In essence, these research paradigms understood China's political system from the perspective of institutional value or ideology, and believed that China's political system should and would transform to the so-called liberal democratic system in the West. Since the beginning of the new century, overseas scholars have paid more attention to China's national governance practice and the Communist Party of China's ability to govern the country. They believed that "Party leadership", "adaptive governance", "policy experiment" and "strategic planning" are important experiences for China's national governance to achieve results, and China's national governance experience is worth learning. The above changes indicate that overseas Chinese political research has shifted from focusing on institutional transformation to focusing on national governance. This shift has various reasons and merits, but there are still some shortcomings that need to be seriously addressed.

Keywords: system transformation, national governance, overseas scholars, Chinese politics

* Social History Research *

How Public Health Serves Industrial Production—Introduction, Operation and Effectiveness of Workshop Physician System After the Founding of New China Li Biao (112)

Abstract: Health work plays an important role in ensuring industrial production. After the founding of New China, in the face of the goal of building an advanced industrialized country, ensuring the health of the workers and ensuring the smooth progress of industrial production was undoubtedly the important work of the national health department. In 1954, the workshop physician system, which was widely promoted in state-run and joint state-private ventures across the country, met this demand. The workshop doctor system required medical workers in factories and mines to go deep into the production and living front of workers, timely discover and investigate various causes of disease, and systematically prevent patients, highlighting the health work policy of "prevention first". The implementation of the workshop physician system had achieved good results, effectively guaranteed the health of workers, improved the labor efficiency of workers, and played a significant role in achieving the goal of "health serving the socialist economic construction".

Keywords: workshop physician system, industrial sanitation, prevention first, taking the factory as home

Research on the Winter Clothing Soliciting Contributions Campaign in 1950

-----Zhang Shunyue (125)

Abstract: From September 1950 to the end of the year, in order to solve the problem of winter

clothing for the victims in northern Anhui Province, northern Jiangsu Province, Hebei Province, Henan Province and other places, the Party and the government launched a winter clothing soliciting contributions campaign. Through the establishment of a strict network of cold clothing soliciting contributions organizations, extensive and in-depth publicity and mobilization and various soliciting contributions activities were carried out. Over 6.8875 million winter clothing sets were collected nationwide in two to three months. The campaign not only helped the victims of natural calamities through the cold winter, but also helped the Party and the government to promote the unity and transformation of the old relief and welfare groups. It not only enhanced the people's political recognition of the new people's regime, but also accumulated valuable successful experience. The moving spirit of mutual assistance among the people and the fundamental position of the CPC regarding the people as the center shown in the winter clothing soliciting contributions campaign are what we still want to inherit and carry forward today.

Keywords: 1950, flood, winter clothing, relief, mobilization

* Forum for Young Scholars *

The Second Major Development of Mutual Aid Teams Driven by Primary Cooperatives (1953-1955)

—Take Guizhou Province as the Center for Investigation ····· Qin Shihong (136)

Abstract: After the determination of the general line of the CPC in the transitional period, under the guidance of the policy of "running agricultural production cooperatives well can drive the great development of the mutual aid team", the agricultural production mutual aid team in Guizhou Province ushered in the second major development. Compared with the first major development, the second major development shifted from focusing on quantity to the parallel development of quality and quantity, and carried out internal optimization and combination and added socialist factors, which was essentially the major development of the perennial mutual aid team. The second major development of the mutual aid team improved the living standards of farmers and laid a solid foundation for the development and climax of the elementary cooperative. This idea of consolidating the foundation and making good progress had important historical significance for the implementation of the rural revitalization strategy.

Keywords: Guizhou province, mutual aid team, elementary cooperative, advanced cooperative, the second major development

* Book Review *

Deeply Understand the Decade of the New Era of Forging Ahead

----On The Decade of the New Era Series ····· Li Yi (147)

Keywords: new era, CPC, "Two Establishments"

Build Consensus and Write a Magnificent Chapter in the New Era

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传 真 86-10-66572337

E - mail ddzgs@cass.org.cn

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