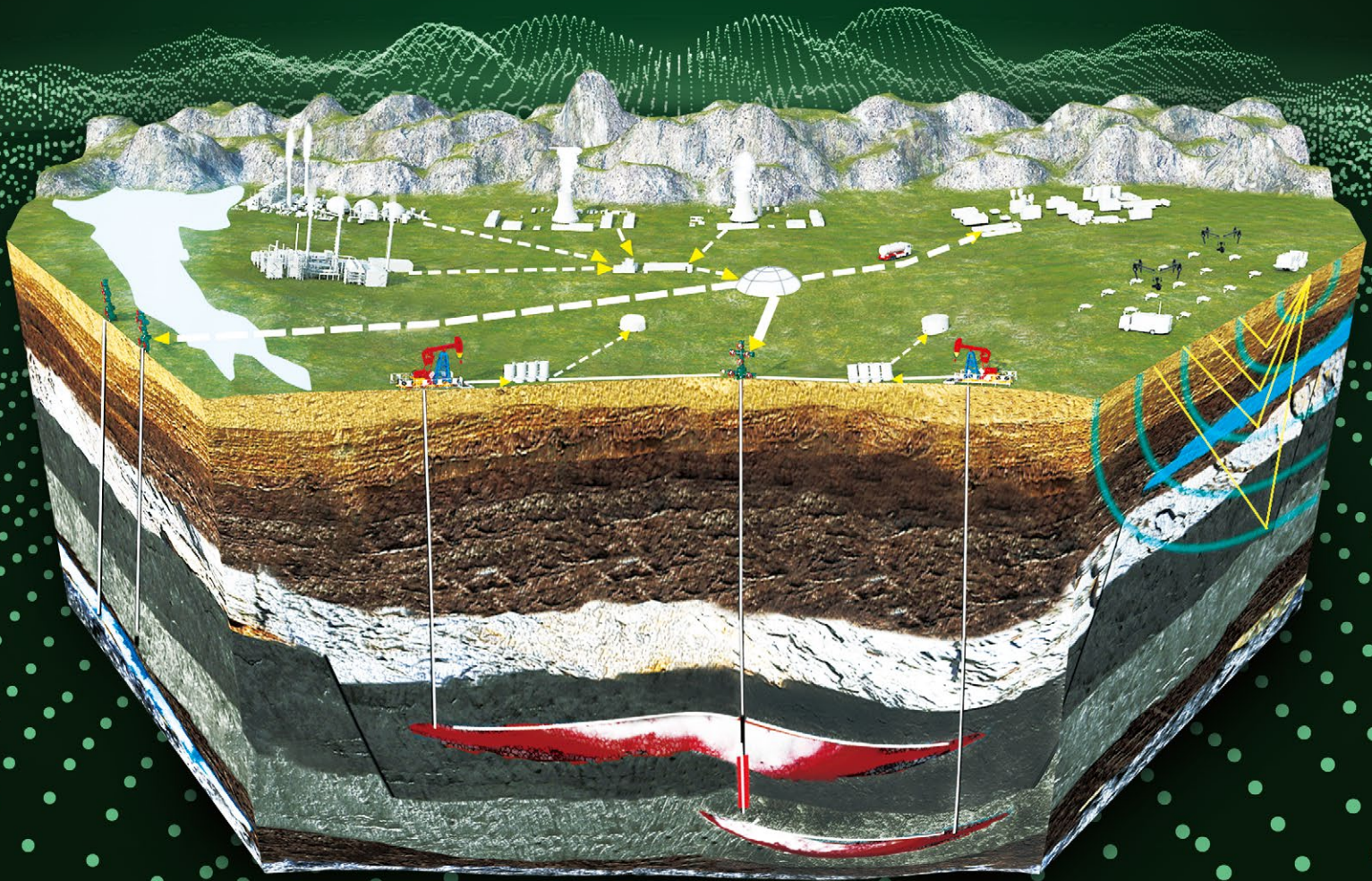


Engineering

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Frontier Research on Carbon Neutrality

Pages 27–85



Editorial

- 1 The Pathway Toward Carbon Neutrality: Challenges and Countermeasures
Xiaoye Zhang et al.

News & Highlights

- 3 Weights-Based Gravity Energy Storage Looks to Scale Up
Sean O'Neill
- 7 New US Rules Promise to Unlock Hearing Aid Availability
Mitch Leslie

Views & Comments

- 10 Flow in Porous Media in the Energy Transition
Martin J. Blunt et al.
- 15 Reactive Extrusion (REx): Using Chemistry and Engineering to Solve the Problem of Ocean Plastics
Philippe Dubois
- 19 A Future Perspective on In-Sensor Computing
Wen Pan et al.

Engineering Achievements

- 22 A 150 000 t·a⁻¹ Post-Combustion Carbon Capture and Storage Demonstration Project for Coal-Fired Power Plants
Qingru Cui et al.

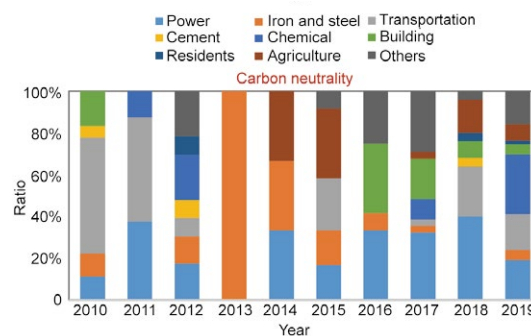
Research

Frontier Research on Carbon Neutrality—Perspective

- 27 Technical Perspective of Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage
Qingyang Lin et al.

Frontier Research on Carbon Neutrality—Review

- 33 Carbon Capture and Storage: History and the Road Ahead
Jinfeng Ma et al.
- 44 Near-Real-Time Carbon Emission Accounting Technology Toward Carbon Neutrality
Zhu Liu et al.
- 52 Policy and Management of Carbon Peaking and Carbon Neutrality: A Literature Review
Yi-Ming Wei et al.



Page 56

Frontier Research on Carbon Neutrality—Article

- 64 China's Energy Transition Pathway in a Carbon Neutral Vision
Shu Zhang et al.
- 77 Toward Carbon-Neutral Water Systems: Insights from Global Cities
Ka Leung Lam et al.
- 86 Engineering Dual Oxygen Simultaneously Modified Boron Nitride for Boosting Adsorptive Desulfurization of Fuel
Jing Luo et al.
- 94 Controlling the Reconstruction of Ni/CeO₂ Catalyst during Reduction for Enhanced CO Methanation
Xinyu Cao et al.

Contents

Green Chemical Engineering: Soft Matter—Review

- 100** Spinning from Nature: Engineered Preparation and Application of High-Performance Bio-Based Fibers
Zongpu Xu et al.

- 113** Engineered Fabrication of Enamel-Mimetic Materials
Lingyun Zhang et al.

Material Science and Engineering—Article

- 124** Taming Electrons in Pt/C Catalysts to Boost the Mesokinetics of Hydrogen Production
Wenyao Chen et al.

Gut Microbiota and Health—Article

- 134** Gut Microbiota-Controlled Tryptophan Metabolism Improves D-Gal/LPS-Induced Acute Liver Failure in C57BL/6 Mice
Zhipeng Zheng et al.

Biomedical Engineering—Article

- 147** A Temporal–Spatial Atlas of Peripheral Nerve Evoked Cortex Potential in Rat: A Novel Testbed to Explore the Responding Patterns of the Brain to Peripheral Nerves
Xiaofeng Yin et al.

Environmental Health—Article

- 156** The Establishment of a New Air Health Index Integrating the Mortality Risks Due to Ambient Air Pollution and Non-Optimum Temperature
Qingli Zhang et al.

Climate Change—Article

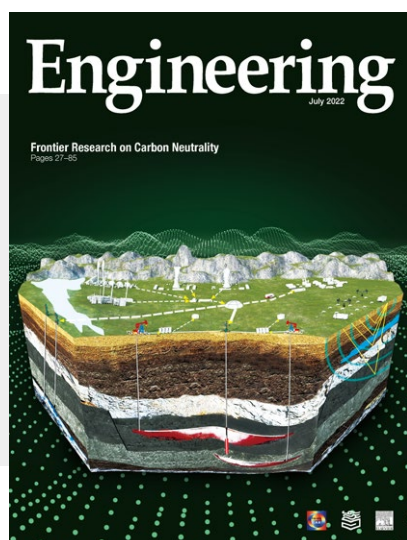
- 163** Emerging Negative Warming Impacts on Tibetan Crop Yield
Tsechoe Dorji et al.

Civil Engineering—Article

- 169** Field Observations of Near-Surface Wind Flow Across Expressway Embankment on the Qinghai–Tibet Plateau
Yanhu Mu et al.

Passive Intermodulation Measurement—Review

- 181** Passive Intermodulation Measurement: Challenges and Solutions
Zhanghua Cai et al.



ON THE COVER

Carbon capture and storage (CCS) is the process of separating and compressing the carbon dioxide (CO_2) emitted by chemical, steel, and cement industries, coal- and gas-fired power plants, and other industries and facilities, transporting it to a geological storage site, injecting it into depleted oil reservoirs for enhanced oil recovery (EOR) and storage, or injecting it into deep saline aquifers for storage. Such geological storage processes require a measurement, monitoring, and verification (MMV) system, which involves atmospheric monitoring, shallow surface environmental monitoring, ground geophysics, and well monitoring of the injected CO_2 to ensure storage safety and capacity.