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Contemporary Chinese College Students' Entrepreneurial Intention and Practice

..... *Shi Yu (1)*

Abstract: Using data from "Survey on Chinese College Students' Employment, Life and Values" conducted in 2015, this paper tries to analyze and discuss the influencing factors of contemporary Chinese college students' entrepreneurial intention and practice, and the difference between them. According to the findings: for college students with lower family social economic status, they would like to possess higher entrepreneurial intention; for college students with entrepreneurial intention, the college students with higher family social economic status are more likely to pursue entrepreneurial practice. The vocational education has provided more advantageous entrepreneurial conditions for college students, the students in vocational school have higher entrepreneurial intention and practice. The campus experience has significant effect on the improvement of college students' entrepreneurial competence. For college students with perception of employment pressure, they might have lower entrepreneurial intention and practice. According to China's "13th Five-year Plan", the college students are one of the major entrepreneurial groups. Therefore, we should conduct the empirical studies on their real entrepreneurial intention and practice. These studies will have profound implications for promoting the work on college students' innovation and entrepreneurship.

Keywords: College Students Entrepreneurial Intention and Practice Family Background Campus Experience Employment Pressure

The Comparative Study on the Adolescents' Social Competence between Only Child and Children with Siblings

Zhang Yueyun, Tong Yuying & Liu Baozhong (12)

Abstract: Since the 1980s, the only child has become one of the most significant population characteristics in China, hence the problem of only child development has become the focus of continuous attention by various circles of society. Drawing on the data from "Chinese Family Panel Studies Survey" conducted in 2010, this paper investigates the adolescents' sample of "post-90s" aged 10-15 years at the time of investigation. Using the two methods of conventional multiple controlled regression and propensity score matching, we try to study the difference in social competence between only child and children with siblings. We measure the social competence by two dimensions, namely the adolescents' subjective feeling and their practical social intercourse. According to the analysis results, under the condition of similar background including personal characteristic, family condition and region, etc., the only child would like to show "psychological advantage" in social intercourse. They would like to perceive themselves as having better social competence. However, in the actual social intercourse, there does exist significant difference between only child and children with siblings under similar background.

Keywords: Only Child Post-90s Social Competence Propensity Score Matching

Structural Status, Social Integration, and Residence Willingness in Beijing among Youth with Household Registration from Other Areas

Sun Liqiang, Du Xiaoshuang & Li Guowu (21)

Abstract: Under the background of alleviating non-capital functions and regulating the population of main urban area in Beijing, it has important implications for studying the residence willingness of the floating population in Beijing. Combining the two perspectives of structural status and social integration, this paper systematically examines the factors that might influence the residence willingness of the floating young population in Beijing, and uses the survey data collected in 2015 to conduct the empirical study. According to the findings, regarding the structural status factor, the education level, income level, job position and residence condition would significantly influence whether the floating youth have clear willingness to stay in Beijing. Besides these factors, the working unit types would influence the expected duration for those who have clear willingness to stay in Beijing. As far as the social integration factor, the

perception of social exclusion has significant influence on whether having clear willingness to stay in Beijing. For people who have clear willingness to stay in Beijing, their expected duration is significantly influenced by the number of cohabiting family members, the condition of accompanying children, the number of friends who have Beijing household registration, and perception of social exclusion.

Keywords: Structural Status Social Integration Youth with Household Registration from Other Areas Residence Willingness

Urban Scale, Public Service and the Tendency of Family Cohabitation among Migrant Workers *Wang Jianhua* (31)

Abstract: Previous studies have paid attention to the tendency of familization among floating population, but they seldom discuss the difference of the tendency of familization among different types of cities, let alone the reference significance of the tendency of familization on urbanization policy. Based on the analysis of data from sampling survey of migrant workers conducted by Nanjing University in 2014, we found, generally speaking, the bigger the city's size is, the weaker the tendency of family cohabitation among migrant workers is. However, there is no big difference between metropolis and medium-size city. It also deserves attention that the younger the migrant workers are, the stronger the tendency of family cohabitation is. Whether from the tendency of family inhabitation among migrant workers in metropolis, or from the tendency of long-term development of young migrant workers, the government should adjust the current practice of controlling the citizenization process of migrant workers in metropolis. According to the further data analysis, currently the migrant workers' main appeal in citizenization process is not getting local household registration, but urban public services of children education. Hence, we should give priority to solve the problem of migrant workers' children education in metropolis. Meanwhile, we should set up the mechanism to link the financial transfer payment with the citizenization of agriculturally transferred population as soon as possible.

Keywords: Urban Scale Public Service Migrant Workers Tendency of Family Cohabitation

Psychological Capital, Emotional Adaptation and College Students' Internet Addiction *Bi Xiangyang* (42)

Abstract: Based on the revised "College Student Adaptability Inventory", "Internet Addiction Test" and "Positive Psychological Capital Questionnaire", this paper studies the college students' internet addiction, and the influencing mechanisms of gender, personal-emotional adaptation and psychological capital. According to the results, the psychological capital is the important negative factor which influence college students' internet addiction, its direct effect is not moderated by gender; the personal-emotional adaptation has significant negative effect on internet addiction, it has partial mediation effect on the relationship between psychological capital and internet addiction; regarding the personal emotional adaptation, its mediation effect is moderated by gender in two stages. In terms of the relationship between psychological capital and internet addiction, this indirect relationship is more significant among male students comparing to female students. The findings would be helpful to clarify the concrete mechanism of the psychological capital's effect on internet addiction, and the gender difference in this relationship.

Keywords: College Adaptation Internet Addiction Psychological Capital Total Effect Moderation Model

The Social Ecological Assets and the Resilience of Urban "NEET" Adolescents *Zhou Xiaochun* (53)

Abstract: Adopting the perspective of ecological system, this study tries to explore the influence of "NEET" adolescents' social ecological assets on their resilience. Through the effective questionnaire survey of 444 "NEET" adolescents in Beijing, we find that the adolescents' social ecological assets in ecological sub-systems including family, peer and community have positive correlations with the adolescents' resilience significantly. Using hierarchical multiple regression analysis, we find that the social ecological assets could better predict the two dimensions of the adolescents' resilience, namely "personal competence" and "the acceptance of self and life". On the basis of these findings, this study suggests that regarding the services provided for "NEET" adolescents, we should not only develop the intervention

aimed at their personal factors, but also design the services aimed at the adolescents' social ecological assets. Hence we could promote the healthy growth of 'NEET' adolescents.

Keywords: Community Adolescents NEET Adolescents Resilience Ecological System Theory Social Ecological Assets

The Social Network and the Floating Population's AIDS-related Risk Activities

..... *Wang Wenqing, Kathryn E. Muessig & Pan Suiming (62)*

Abstract: The floating population's AIDS risk has caught much attention. Based on the embeddedness of commercial sex behavior, this study tries to identify the specific social network "core yingchou network", which has inspiring implications for understanding AIDS risk among male floating population. Through data from questionnaire survey, this study has verified this network's relevance to AIDS risk and related protective activities. We use two methods to measure the behavior norms in core yingchou network. According to the results, these behavior norms are significantly related with male floating population's commercial sex behavior and condom use. Comparing to the individual model, the social network model has improved the goodness of fit significantly. Hence, regarding the future study on AIDS and intervention activity towards floating population, it's necessary to promote "the turn to network".

Keywords: Social Network Floating Population AIDS Risk Commercial Sex Behavior

The Social Function and Legal Pattern of Rectification of Juvenile Delinquency

..... *Liu Tao (74)*

Abstract: In modern society, the functional differentiation has led to the different system operation on the treatment towards juvenile delinquency, which inevitably creates the rational conflict among various systems. The mechanism of structural coupling among various systems could make up for this difference. But the structural coupling is not easy to form, the failure of welfarism policy in the problem of juvenile delinquency is the proof. There exists systematic conflict between legal sanction against minor crime and social policy in reforming juveniles. We could analyze and reform the treatment towards juvenile delinquency through system theory. We couldn't abandon the legal judgment on minor crime, but we could introduce the reflexive law pattern and relational program which could judge the future affairs. Hence, we could bridge the conflict between crime punishment and treatment towards criminal.

Keywords: Juvenile Delinquency System Theory Second-order Observation Structural Coupling Relational Program

Alignment and Contest: The Frame Analysis on the "Boycotting Dog Meat Festival" Campaign

..... *Luo Xi (82)*

Abstract: This paper focuses on the animal protection organization and media's frame alignment and contest process in the animal protection campaign "Boycotting Dog Meat Festival". According to the findings, the animal protection organization's success in the "Boycotting Jinhua Dog Meat Festival" campaign is mainly due to the existence of political opportunity structure, not the use of the civilization and improvement frame. The "Boycotting Yulin Dog Meat Festival" campaign has undergone the process of continuously concealing the value frame (including the value frame of animal protection, the civilization and improvement frame) and continuously highlighting the realistic legality frame (including the legal frame and the food safety frame). In reporting "Boycotting Dog Meat Festival", the media has experienced the process of role change from reporter and constructor to participant and mediator. In the "Boycotting Yulin Dog Meat Festival" campaign, the media tries to develop the frame contest for the campaign, highlight the frame of free rights, and realize the contest for the interpretation power of civil society frame. The frame contest has intensified the public's controversy over "whether to cancel dog meat festival", and brought about negative public opinion environment to the "Boycotting Yulin Dog Meat Festival" campaign, which is totally different from "Boycotting Jinhua Hutou Dog Meat Festival".

Keywords: Frame Alignment Frame Contest Animal Protection Media

征订启事

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