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#### YOUTH STUDIES

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#### Column on the Study of Middle and Long Term Planning for Youth Development

Abstract: This study tries to conduct the comparison between Chinese dream and American dream using the research method of ethnography and the narrative materials on Chinese dream and American dream from several Chinese and American college students, and combining the history, theory and reality. We analyze the differences between Chinese confidence and American confidence, the relationship among personal dream, country dream and world dream, and the commonality in world youth's value. Based on the analyses of above three questions, we think that the youth is not only the backbone of the nation, but also the future of the world. We should establish the insight of world history and strive to realize the world dream of the whole humankind's happiness.

Keywords: Chinese Dream American Dream Youth

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Abstract: This study tries to organize the questionnaire towards high school students, discuss the present situation of high school students' international understanding, analyze and explore the related factors influencing high school students' international understanding concept in Shenzhen city. According to the results, the overall level of high school students' international understanding in Shenzhen city is higher; the scores in national identity and responsibility are the highest; the score in cross-cultural communication skills is lower; the family income level has significant relationships with all dimensions and every item, the gender of students' parents has different influence on different items. In order to fully cultivate high school students' international understanding concept, we would like to give the following suggestions: paying high attention to the cultivation of high school students' communication skills, focusing on the unequal distribution of educational resources, absorbing social resources, and facilitating the participation of high school students' parents.

**Keywords:** Youth International Understanding International Understanding Education High School Students

#### **Articles**

Abstract: Through the in-depth interview and participatory observation of middle-class families' participating in tutorial class in Beijing area, we have the following findings: on the one hand, the middle-class families tend to emphasize the quality education and the "pleasant" learning mode in the market-oriented upbringing practice; on the other hand, they continuously strengthen the learning difficulty and intensity in order to help their children get higher scores. Several factors lead to this contradictory phenomenon, including the incompleteness of current education system reform, the unequal distribution of educational resources, the privatization of public care services and the upbringing culture of the same social class. Under the influences of these factors, participating in the market-oriented education

has become the path for the middle-class families to maintain their class advantages and realize the class reproduction.

Keywords: Middle-class Family Upbringing Tutorial Class Market-oriented Education

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Abstract: This study tries to explore the differences in moral expectation and moral disengagement between children and parents, and the relationship between moral expectation and moral disengagement. According to the findings, the children and parents have higher consistency in moral expectation, especially in personal inherent morals; the parents' moral expectation for children is higher than children themselves; the children's moral disengagement level is higher than their parents; there are significant gender differences in moral disengagement, the males' moral disengagement level is higher than females; the only child's moral disengagement level is higher than the non-only child; the students with high level of social adaptive morals have low level of moral disengagement, while the students with high level of personal inherent morals have low level of moral disengagement. This study is of significance for the moral education towards adolescents.

**Keywords:** Moral Expectation Moral Disengagement Personal Inherent Morals Social Adaptive Morals

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Abstract: The article 10 of "International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights" has stipulated the juveniles' rights of speedy trial and separated imprisonment, it has provided the full protection to the juveniles from the dimensions of time and space. The related opinions and precedents from the Human Rights Committee and the Children's Rights Committee have further detailed and optimized these rights, and influenced the development of juvenile justice across the world. Comparing to the regulations by the United Nations, there still exist some problems in juvenile justice in China, including the absence and ambiguity of law, the lack of ideas on rights protection, the high rate of pre-trial incarceration, and the low rate of non-imprisonment sentence, etc. We should follow the spirit of United Nations' documents, draw on the experience of the related countermeasures on rights protection from countries with relatively higher protection on the juveniles' rights. We need to reform the judicial procedure, improve the trial efficiency, clarify the related laws and regulations, and strengthen the social linkage. Hence, we could actually protect the juveniles' rights of speedy trial and separated imprisonment

Keywords: International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Right of Speedy Trial Right of Separated Imprisonment Juvenile Justice

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Abstract: As a new type of adolescent problem, the Hikikomori emerged in post-war Japan after realizing the rapid economic growth. It is also the difficult question met in social development and the process of adolescents' socialization. Currently, there are hundreds of thousands of Hikikomori Japanese adolescents who have lost their social behaviors and isolated themselves from society. The main types include the type of inferiority in character, the type of setback in study, the type of bias in family education, and the type of frustration in employment. The Hikikomori emerged in the social change of post-war Japan, it is the phenomenon of social pathology jointly caused by society, family and school. Its underlying social mechanism lies in several factors, including the social environment of "privatization" brought by the social and economic development, the family upbringing mode of "absence of fatherly duties" in nuclear families, the pathology of school education and the frequently occurring school problems, etc. On the basis of general overview of Hikikomori problem in Japan, this paper mainly conducts the study of its

origin from the perspective of historical sociology.

Keywords: Japanese Adolescents Hikikomori Problem Evolution Process Social Mechanism

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Abstract: Drawing on the experience of Bourdieu's ideas on reflexive sociology and Habermas's analysis on the colonization of life world, this paper explores the sociological research on sexual violence. According to the findings, the conceptual constitution of sexual violence has obvious imprint of juridification. Regarding the dimension of sexual willingness, it would empharize the "consent" and ingore the "need". As for the classification of sexual willingness, it would empharize the "duality" and ignore the "continuum". The dominant position of legal logic originates from the juridification in society and the rising status of law. In order to break through the restriction of the dominat position of legal logic, the sociological research on sexual violence should examine the daily knowledge of sexual violence and its coping practice, and bring the contents excluded by legal logic into our horizon again.

Keywords: Sexual Violence Reflexive Sociology The Colonization of Life World Legal Logic

#### Emotion, Power and Gender Inequality in Consumption Labor ..... Lin Xiaoshan (69)

Abstract: The daily consumption contains the labor value that couldn't be ignored. From the perspective of labor, we should revisit the family daily shopping with dual attributes of consumption and labor, it could help us reveal the trial efficiency mechanism for power operation and gender inequality within family. Based on the analysis of data from the third "The Survey of Chinese Women's Social Status", we find that the factors like conjugal power and emotion involvement, etc. could partly influence the relationship of labor and consumption within family. Especially after analyzing the interaction effect between conjugal power and emotion involvement, we have the following findings: in the families where the husbands have more real power, the more emotion involvement the wives would invest, the less probability the husbands would undertake daily shopping; the more emotion involvement the husbands invest, the more probability the wives would undertake daily shopping. However, in the families where wives have more real power, the interaction effect between emotion and power does not reduce the wives' probability of daily shopping significantly, namely the wives always undertake more family daily shopping than the husbands, therefore the gender inequality in consumption labor is reproduced invisibly.

**Keywords:** Conjugal Power Mode Emotion Involvement Daily Shopping Consumption Labor Gender Inequality

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Abstract: Based on the method of case study and combining the public archival data, 20 in-depth interviews and the survey results from 260 questionnaires together, this study tries to analyze the formation mechanism of overseas Chinese ethnic identity in Santiago, Chile. This analysis is conducted from two levels including age generation and immigrant generation. According to the findings: for most overseas Chinese in Santiago, they tend to construct their ethnic identity as Chinese, followed by dual ethnic identity (both Chinese and Chileans). Few of them construct their ethnic identity as Chileans. There exists interaction effect between age generation and immigration generation. For the young generation, the descendants of first-generation immigrants are more likely to identify themselves as Chinese, rather than dual ethnic identity or Chilean ethnic identity. However, for the middle-aged and older generation, the immigrant generation couldn't lead to the significant differences in ethnic identity. This paper could enrich the study on overseas Chinese ethnic identity and provide the empirical support for the expansion of relevant theories.

Keywords: Overseas Chinese in Chile Immigrants Ethnic Identity Case Study

# YOUTH STUDIES 青年研究

# 征订启事

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