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The Empirical Study of Chinese Youth’s Multiple Job Holding

..... *Song Jian , Luo An & Hu Bo (1)*

Abstract: Using the data from “China Labor Dynamics Survey” in 2016, this article tries to conduct the quantitative analysis of the current situation, characteristics and influencing factors of multiple job holding among Chinese youth aged from 20 to 34 years old in China, and discuss the influencing mechanism of young people’s choice, persistence or change of multiple job holding through qualitative interview. According to the findings, the percentage of Chinese youth pursuing multiple job holding is relatively lower but increase fast. The young multiple job holders possess richer human capital reserve of formal education and informal education, they have higher hourly wage rate; the accumulation of human capital in informal education could improve the possibility of pursuing multiple job holding among Chinese youth. Regarding the influence of primary employment income on the possibility of pursuing multiple job holding among Chinese people, it varies with income levels. With the increase of income, the security motivation for pursuing multiple job holding will be transformed into complementary motivation. For Chinese youth, pursuing multiple job holding is jointly affected by multiple factors, mainly including individual, occupation, family and society; the impacts of family event, social status and fashion trend run through every process of Chinese youth’s decision-making towards pursuing multiple job holding.

Keywords: Youth Employment Multiple Job Holding Career Empirical Study

How the Hobby Participates in Digital Labor in the Perspective of Individualization

..... *He Mingjie & Xiang Nanni (18)*

Abstract: The game streamer is emerging occupation in the era of digitalization. The game streamer’s job selection and labor experience are deeply influenced by the thought of individualization. Through participation observation and in-depth interview, this article regards Beck’s individualization theory as analysis framework, and tries to analyze the game streamers’ job selection, labor process and self-cognition from three dimensions, namely emancipation, disenchantment and reintegration. According to the analyses, the game streamers’ job selection is the result of joint actions from multiple “disengagements”; in labor process, the hobby can help game streamers construct positive professional experience; take the games as the link, the game streamers and audiences can form the community of hobbies in virtual space. Regarding the research on new occupational group, we should pay attention to the influence of laborers’ disposition on the workplace structure; meanwhile, we should actively construct the more inclusive systematic embedding mechanism to ensure laborers’ rights and interests.

Keywords: Game Streamer Individualization Digital Labor Labor Process

Educational Assortative Mating and Income Disparity *Shi Lei (28)*

Abstract: Using the related data from “The Life Histories and the Survey of Social Change in Contemporary China” and “Chinese General Social Survey”, this article tries to examine the influence of

urban China's change in educational assortative mating on income disparity from 1996 to 2015. According to the findings, in the context of higher education expansion, the proportion of higher education homogamy increased rapidly; for the families with different educational assortative matings, their average income levels have changed, meanwhile the income disparity within the same family type has also increased, these trends have led to growing inter-household income disparity and intra-household income disparity, and further expand the overall income disparity. We should improve the labor market condition of those with lower educational level; and eliminate the discriminations within the level of higher education, such as educational background, non-famous universities, etc. These could become the effective ways to narrow income disparity among families.

Keywords: Higher Education Expansion Educational Assortative Mating Income Disparity

Parental Expectation Deviation and Educational Anxiety

..... *Yin Xia, Liu Yongcun, Zhang Heping & Tu Wenting (40)*

Abstract: Currently, the educational anxiety has become a hot topic in society. Based on the survey data from 3298 families, this article tries to analyze the influencing factors of educational anxiety among school-aged children's parents. According to the findings, the educational anxiety has become a common social emotion; after controlling influencing factors at the levels of school, family and student, the parental expectation deviation has significant positive impact on educational anxiety, while the parental educational expectation has no significant impact on educational anxiety; the parents' high expectation towards their children doesn't necessarily lead to higher educational anxiety, but the larger expectation deviation could lead to the parents' higher educational anxiety. We should purposefully conduct education towards the parents, help parents to renew their ideas on education, correctively recognize their children's individuality and endowment and reasonably set the educational expectation. It is beneficial for the whole society to reduce educational anxiety and promote the children's all-round development.

Keywords: Educational Expectation Expectation Deviation Educational Anxiety

The Arrangement of Classroom Space and the Adolescents' Academic Performance

..... *Wang Liufei & Lu Nan (49)*

Abstract: Based on the baseline data from "China Education Tracking Survey" in 2014, this article tries to explore the possible influence of arrangement of classroom space on the adolescents' academic performance. According to the findings, in the schools with sufficient resources, there is no significant difference in academic performance between students sitting at the back of classroom and other students. However, in the schools with scarce resources, due to the far distance between students sitting at the back of classroom and the platform, they can hardly concentrate their attention on listening to the teachers, which could have the negative impact on their academic performance, and their academic performance is relatively poor. The arrangement of classroom space could influence the students' ideas and behaviors, and this influence has its independent mechanism of action. The schools with scarce resources should emphasize the influence of the arrangement of classroom space on the adolescents' academic performance, and adopt appropriate measures to adjust the arrangement of classroom space.

Keywords: Classroom Arrangement of Space Back Adolescents Academic Performance

The Mechanisms for Subculture Production among Migrant Adolescents in Megacities
..... *Xiang Xin & Sun Yu (60)*

Abstract: Based on the long-term tracking of the circle of “bad children” in a school for migrant workers’ children in Guangzhou, this article tries to deeply describe their cultural practice of “passing time” within school and “finding fun” outside school, and elaborate the mechanisms for their subculture production. Regarding their seemingly rebellious behaviors, they are actually the strategies for self-protection and seeking recognition under the structural oppression; they are also the results of dual actions: one action is the pushing forces from the educational system and private schools, which might select and exclude the “bad students” without local household registration; the other action is the pulling forces from consumerist society and internet economy, which might attract youth group. This research way starts from the perspective of adolescents, which could break through the limitation of binary opposition regarding the theory of “counter-school culture”, and provide a new thinking for understanding contemporary Chinese adolescents’ subculture.

Keywords: Migrant Children Subculture Cultural Production Counter-School Culture

Pet Consumption of Urban Young White-Collars *Yang Faxiang & Li Anqi (73)*

Abstract: In the leisure life of urban young white-collars, the pet consumption has gradually become a universal social phenomenon. Through the in-depth interviews with 16 young white-collars owning pets in Shanghai, the article tries to deeply describe the urban young white collars’ affective exchanges around the pets, namely the affective dependence in family interaction, affective link in social network and affective derivation in social interaction. According to the findings, regarding the urban young white-collars’ pet consumption, its dynamic mechanisms mainly include three aspects, namely the affective withdrawal caused by the multiple extrusions of “urban life”, the affective loss caused by the status suspension on the stage of “youth”, and the affective drift caused by the circle reconstruction of “white-collar” identity. Regarding the urban young white-collars’ pet consumption, it could reflect the young groups’ affective appeal and consumption trend. Through the analysis of this group’s social mentality and consumption habit, we could guide urban young white-collars to develop rational consumption habit, promote the sound operation of pet consumption market, provide theoretical and empirical references for the society and realize normal governance.

Keywords: Urban Young White-Collars Pet Consumption Affective Exchange

Socioeconomic Status, Time Allocation and Youth Health *Wu Di & Gu Jintu (84)*

Abstract: Based on the related data from “China Family Panel Studies” and “Contemporary Residents’ Comprehensive Health Survey”, this article tries to explore the relationships among socioeconomic status, time allocation and youth health. According to the findings, for the youth group, there exists positive correlation between socioeconomic status and health level, but this correlation relationship is not very strong; this relationship is adjusted and controlled by time allocation, the youth group with higher socioeconomic status would face the problem regarding the tension of time allocation, which could have negative impact on health and partially offset the positive effect of higher socioeconomic status on health. In the process of promoting socioeconomic status, the youth group should reasonably allocate time and give consideration to the balance between career and health.

Keywords: Socioeconomic Status Time Allocation Youth Health Suppression Effect

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