

石 油 学 报

(石油加工)

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信息

《石油学报(石油加工)》征订启事(1177); 中国化学会第 32 届学术年会第十九分会“绿色炼油化工与氢能”邀请函(1188); 《石油炼制与化工》征订启事(1199); 关于《石油学报(石油加工)》网上投稿的特别声明(1211); Ei 对中英文摘要的要求(1305); 《China Petroleum Processing and Petrochemical Technology》征订启事(1311)

* 封面文章
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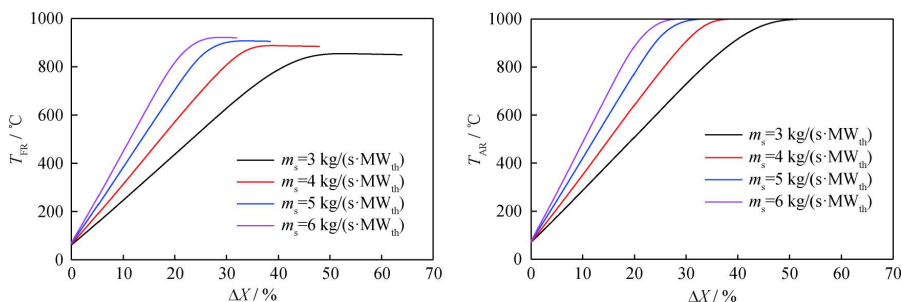
Chemical Looping Combustion

Acta Petrolei Sinica (Petroleum Processing Section), 2020, 36(6): 1111-1119 doi: 10.3969/j.issn.1001-8719.2020.06.001

Design and Analysis of 3 MW_{th} Coal-Fired Chemical Looping Combustion

CHEN Hu LI Zhenshan CAI Ningsheng

With the increase of ilmenite conversion difference or solid circulation rate, the AR and FR temperatures increase at first and then remain unchanged. The solid circulation rate should be greater than 4 kg/(s·MW_{th}) to maintain the FR temperature above 850 °C, which is required by the reaction kinetics.

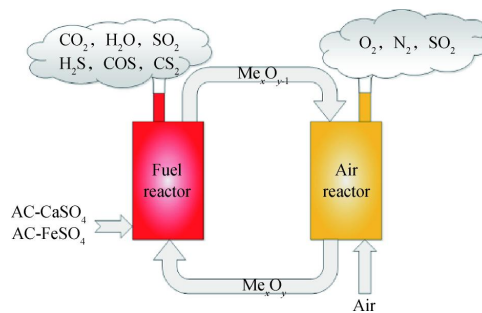


Acta Petrolei Sinica (Petroleum Processing Section), 2020, 36(6): 1120-1128 doi: 10.3969/j.issn.1001-8719.2020.06.002

Migration and Transformation of Sulfate Sulfur During the Chemical Looping Combustion

LUO Ming ZHANG Haiyan WANG Chao ZHOU Lunzheng

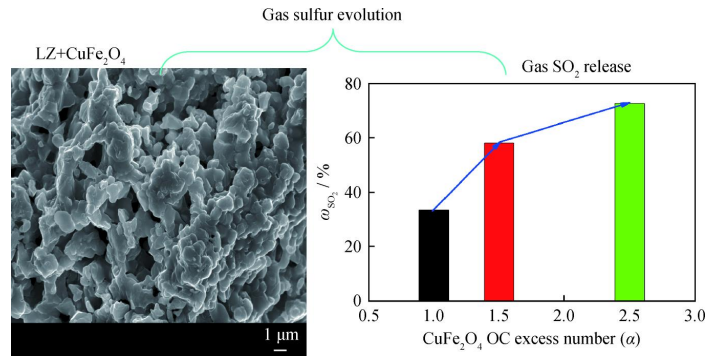
Two typical inorganic model compounds (CaSO_4 and FeSO_4) were selected to study the migration and transformation behavior of sulfate sulfur in coal during the CLC process by using Cu-based oxygen carrier.



Evolution and Distribution of Sulfur in Chemical Looping Combustion With Partial Oxygen Uncoupling of Coal

WANG Baowen LI Heyu WANG Wei CAI Zhongyuan JIANG Tao LIANG Yanchen

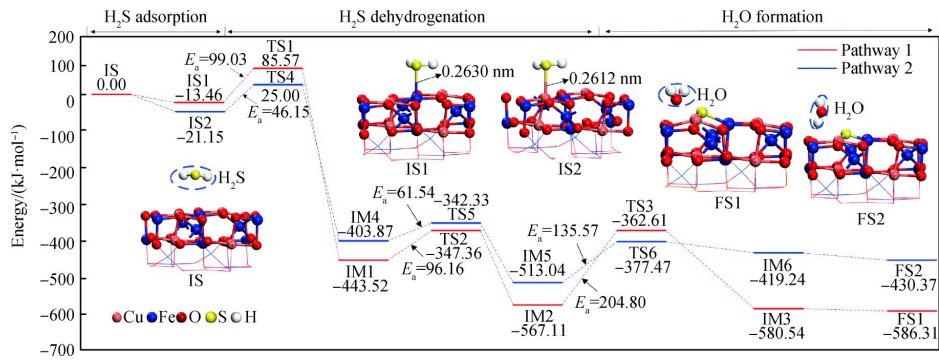
Chemical looping combustion under partial oxygen uncoupling (CLPOU) with CuFe_2O_4 combined oxygen carrier realizes flexible utilization of the oxygen involved as well as sufficient conversion of coal, and the sulfur included is mainly converted to gaseous SO_2 .



Interaction Mechanism Between H_2S and CuFe_2O_4 Oxygen Carrier in Chemical-Looping Combustion

LI Yu LIU Jing LIU Feng FANG Ruixue

Based on density functional theory and periodic structural model, the interaction mechanism between H_2S and CuFe_2O_4 surface was studied. The results indicate that the interaction between H_2S and CuFe_2O_4 consists of three steps: adsorption of H_2S molecule, dehydrogenation of H_2S , and H_2O formation. Among them, the H_2O formation is the rate-determining step with an energy barrier being 135.57 kJ/mol.

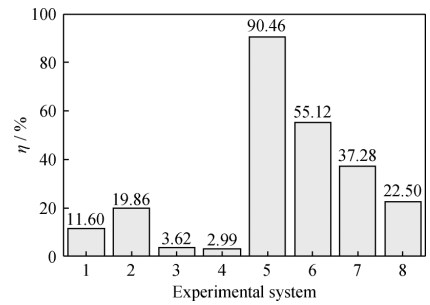


IS 1-2—Initial state 1-2; IM 1-6—Intermediate 1-6; TS 1-6—Transition state 1-6

Effects of CO₂ on Mercury Removal in Furnace With High Iron and Calcium Coal Ash Oxygen Carrier

LIU Zhuang LIU Dunyu JIN Jing FENG Liang NI Mingguo

The effects of high iron and calcium coal ash (HICCA) on Hg⁰ removal in chemical looping combustion were studied. The results show that CO₂ inhibits on Hg⁰ oxidation in ‘Hg⁰ + HCl’, ‘Hg⁰ + Fe₂O₃ + HCl’ and ‘Hg⁰ + CaSO₄ + HCl’ systems. Moreover, the pathways of the transformation between Hg⁰ and HgCl₂ in these systems are established, respectively.

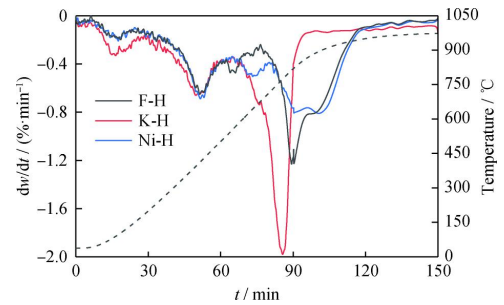


Experimental system: 1—‘Hg⁰ + HICCA’; 2—‘Hg⁰ + HICCA + CO₂’; 3—‘Hg⁰ + CO₂’; 4—‘Blank test’; 5—‘Hg⁰ + HICCA + HCl’; 6—‘Hg⁰ + HICCA + HCl + CO₂’; 7—‘Hg⁰ + HCl’; 8—‘Hg⁰ + HCl + CO₂’

Chemical Looping Conversion of Coal Using Modified Iron Ore Oxygen Carrier

WANG Haitao LIN Yan WEI Guoqiang HUANG Zhen ZHAO Zengli FANG Yitian LI Haibin

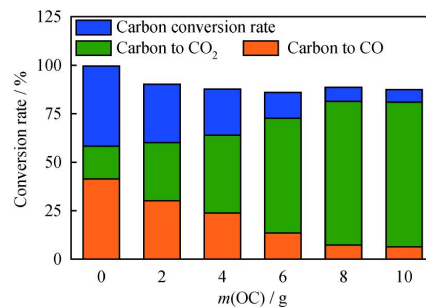
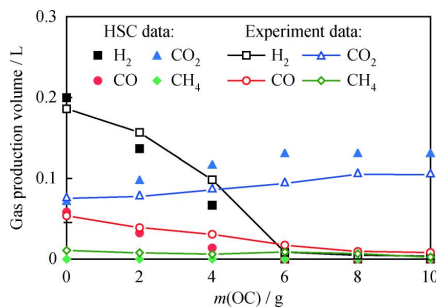
Oxygen carriers modified by K, Na, Ca, Ni, Mn and Cu were synthesized, and the reaction performance were studied. The results show that K-modified iron ore has a better performance than the unmodified iron ore and the Ni-modified iron ore, indicating that introducing of the potassium element significantly improves the reactivity of oxygen carriers with lignite.



Chemical Looping Combustion Characteristics of Ningdong Coal Based on the Manganese Ore Oxygen Carrier

LIANG Wenzheng WANG Kun ZHAO Rongyang YUAN Shirui WANG Cuiping

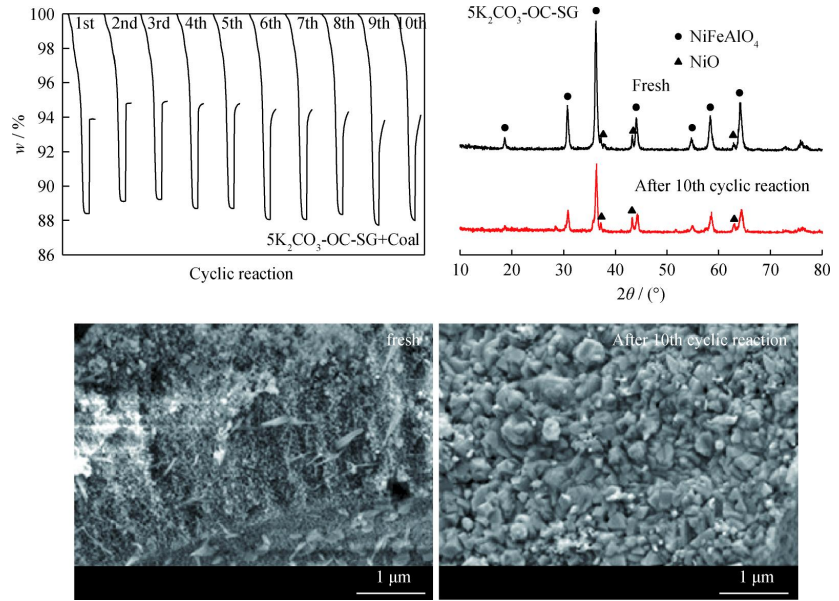
The experimental results of CLC of manganese ore are in good agreement with the simulation. The combustion efficiency increases with oxygen carrier mass increasing. The self heat balance is calculated and the corresponding parameters are obtained.



Effects of Alkali Metal Doping on NiFeAlO₄ Oxygen Carrier Structures and Its Coal Chemical Looping Combustion Performance

WEI Zehua LIU Daocheng
WANG Jiuzhan JING Jieying

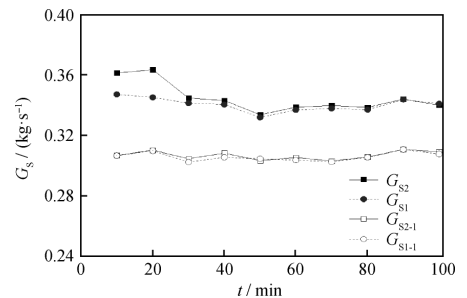
Compared with NiFeAlO₄ oxygen carrier, NiFeAlO₄ oxygen carrier doped with 5% (mass fraction) K₂CO₃ exhibited higher carbon conversion and better cyclic stability. This is related to the fact that the potassium inhibits the grain agglomeration and crystal structures remain unchanged before and after reactions.



Cold-Model Experiment of Dual Circulating Fluidized Bed Reactor for Chemical Looping Combustion

MA Jinchen ZHAO Haibo HUANG Zhen WEI Guoqiang

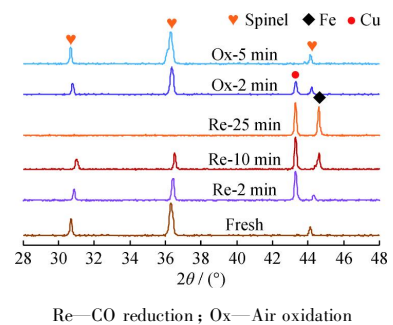
An interconnected fluidized bed reactor was designed for the chemical-looping combustion of coal. The air reactor was chosen as the turbulent bed and the fuel reactor as the bubbling bed. A bidirectional loop seal valve was configured to regulate the mass distribution of the bed inventories in the system.



Performance of a Cu-Fe-Al-O Oxygen Carrier in Chemical Looping Combustion

CUI Dongxu ZENG Dewang XIAO Rui

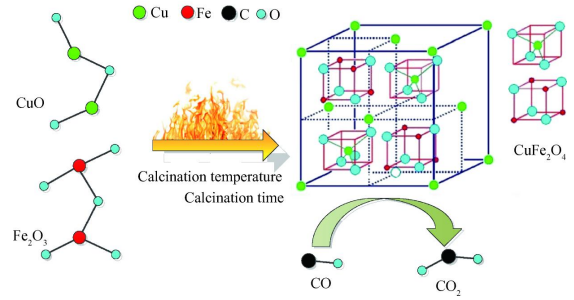
The active components copper and iron reversible exsolve and dissolve from and into the spinel support during the redox cycle, which hinders the sintering of active components and improves redox stability of oxygen carrier.



Effects of Preparation Process on Characteristics of Cu-Fe Compound Oxygen Carrier

JIANG Shouxi SHEN Laihong YAN Jingchun

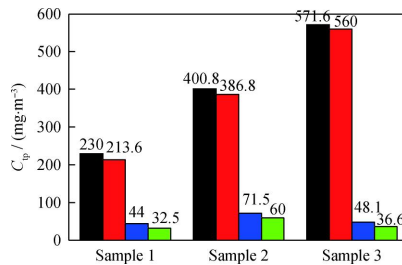
Calcination temperature and time in oxygen carrier preparation process determine the generation of CuFe_2O_4 and cyclic redox characteristics for Cu-Fe oxygen carrier.



Release Characteristics of Nitrogen Oxides From Cu-Based Oxygen Carrier Precursors During Calcinations in Argon Atmosphere

FAN Baoshan ZHENG Min WANG Jingquan LI Kang

The mass concentrations of NO and NO_2 increase firstly and then decrease with the increase of temperatures, and reach their peaks at about $220\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. NO is the main nitrogen oxide. The higher heating rate and less amount of urea are beneficial to reduce the release of NO_x .



Sample 1: The mass of urea added is 9.8 g; Sample 2: The mass of urea added is 14.7 g;

Sample 3: The mass of urea added is 19.6 g; C_p : Peak of mass concentration of NO or NO_2

Black columns: Peak of mass concentration of NO at $10\text{ }^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$ heating rate; Red columns: Peak of mass concentration of NO at $15\text{ }^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$ heating rate;

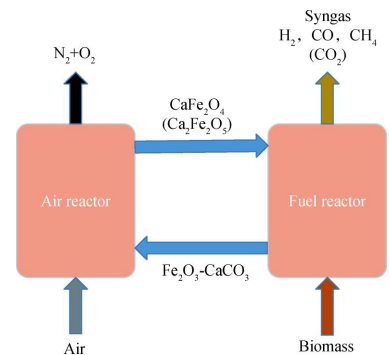
Blue columns: Peak of mass concentration of NO_2 at $10\text{ }^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$ heating rate; Green columns: Peak of mass concentration of NO_2 at $15\text{ }^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$ heating rate

Chemical Looping Gasification

Characteristics of Rice-Hull Chemical Looping Gasification With Calcium-Ferrite as Oxygen Carrier

SU Ziran SHEN Laihong YAN Jingchun WANG Lulu

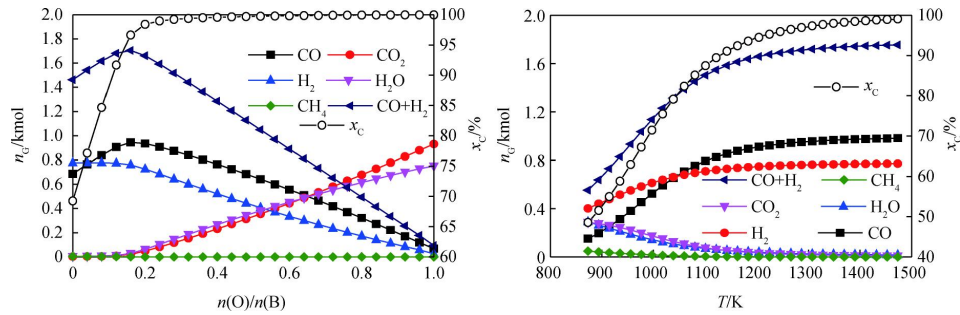
Biomass chemical looping gasification is a novel technology to convert biomass into renewable syngas. Calcium ferrite oxygen carrier ($\text{CaFe}_2\text{O}_4/\text{Ca}_2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_7$) has a weak oxidizing property and high selectivity to CO . It can absorb CO_2 , improving the low heat value of syngas during biomass CLG process.



Thermodynamic Analysis on Chemical Looping Gasification of Biomass With the CuMn₂O₄ Oxygen Carrier

FANG Ruixue HUANG Qixiang LIU Jing LIU Feng

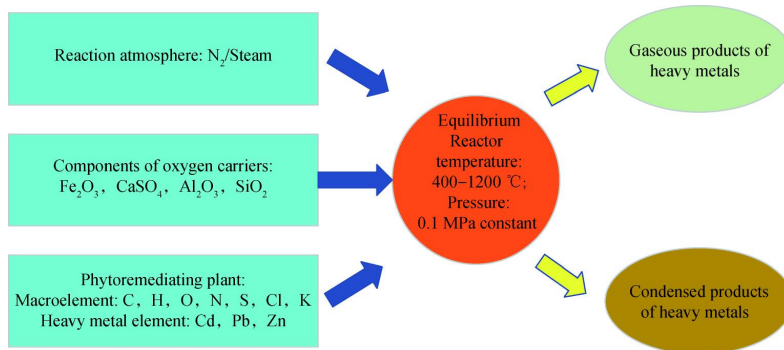
Thermodynamic analysis of biomass chemical looping gasification was performed using CuMn₂O₄ as the oxygen carrier and pine sawdust as the fuel. The results show that CuMn₂O₄ improves the conversion of pine sawdust effectively, and the system performs best when $n(O)/n(B)$, reaction temperature, $n(H_2O)/n(B)$, $n(CO_2)/n(B)$ are 0.16, 1273 K, 0.40 and 0.20, respectively.



Thermodynamic Equilibrium Analysis of Heavy Metal Migration in Chemical Looping Gasification of the Phytoremediating Plant

CHEN Tong JIN Baosheng WANG Xiaojia

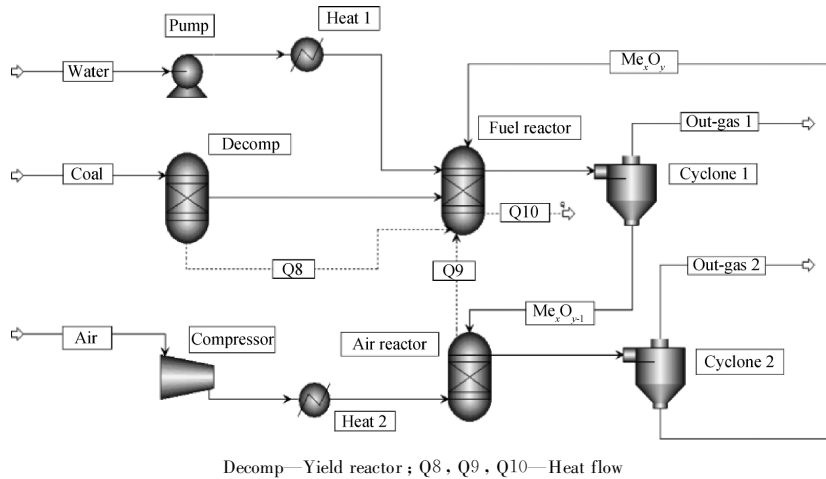
The migration rules of heavy metal Cd, Pb and Zn were compared for pyrolysis and chemical looping gasification. The results show that chemical looping gasification shows advantages than pyrolysis in the solidification of heavy metals, which becomes more obvious by employing calcium-based oxygen carriers.



Simulation of 1 MW_{th} Coal Chemical Looping Gasification Process

REN Tian HU Xiude AN Mei MA Jingjing GUO Qingjie

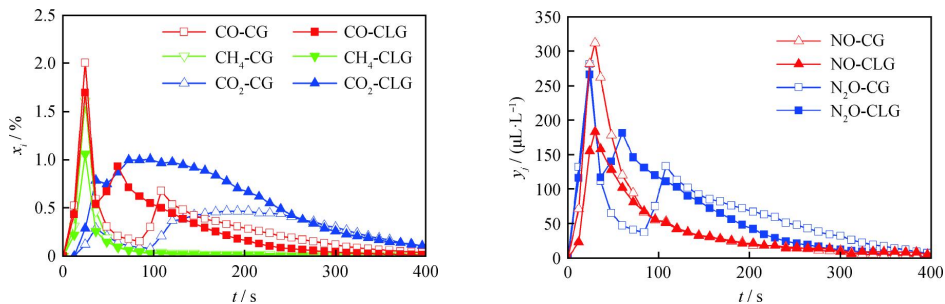
In this work, a 1 MW_{th} coal chemical looping gasification for syngas production process simulation was carried out with Aspen Plus, focusing on the influence of different operating factors and autothermal operation condition. The findings provide basic data for industrial scale-up and megawatt scale construction of coal chemical looping gasification system.



Carbon and Nitrogen Conversion Mechanism During Coal Chemical Looping Gasification by Using Hematite as an Oxygen Carrier

WU Pingjiang HAN Long XU Guoqiang MA Kaili WU Yuelun WANG Qinhui

Conventional gasification (CG) and chemical looping gasification (CLG) both present two reaction stages. In the first volatilization stage, CLG has lower concentrations of CO, CH₄, NO and N₂O. In the second char gasification stage, CLG shows enhanced char gasification reactivity with earlier start time and higher CO, CO₂ and N₂O proportions.

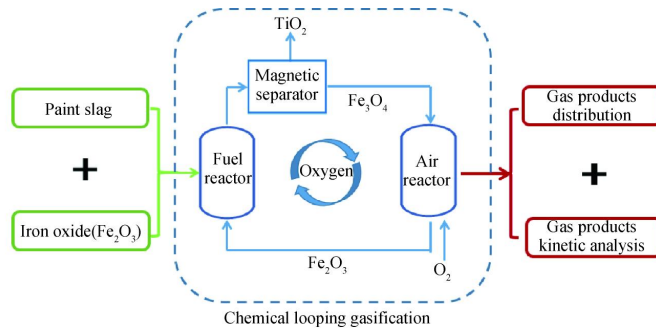


Reaction conditions: $m(\text{Coal})=0.3 \text{ g}$; $T=950 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $F(\text{Steam})=0.4 \text{ g/min}$;
 $n(\text{O})/n(\text{C})=0$ in CG, $n(\text{O})/n(\text{C})=1$ in CLG;
 $m(\text{Quartz sand})=12 \text{ g}$ in CG, $m(\text{Hematite})=12 \text{ g}$ in CLG

Chemical Looping Gasification Characteristics and Kinetic Behavior of Paint Slag

ZHANG Jie ZHANG Bo GUO Wei WU Song XIE Tao YANG Bolun WU Zhiqiang

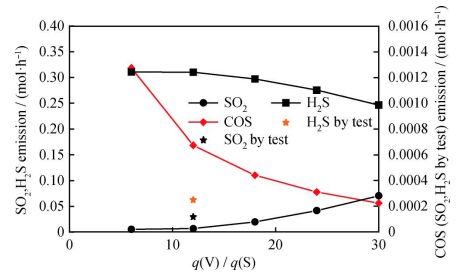
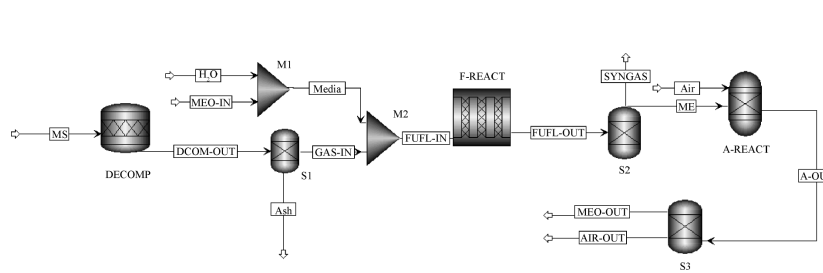
In order to explore the feasibility of chemical looping gasification technology for the treatment of paint slag, the chemical looping gasification characteristics and kinetic behavior of paint slag with Fe_2O_3 as the oxygen carrier were studied by thermogravimetric analyzer and tube furnace-online mass spectrometer. Since Fe_2O_3 reacts to produce Fe_3O_4 , it is proposed to recover the metal oxides in the paint waste residue through a magnetic separation device.



Simulation and Experimental Study on the Gasification Characteristics of Municipal Sludge by the Fe -Based Oxygen Carrier

WANG Kun LIANG Wenzheng YAN Hao WANG Jinyu WANG Cuiping

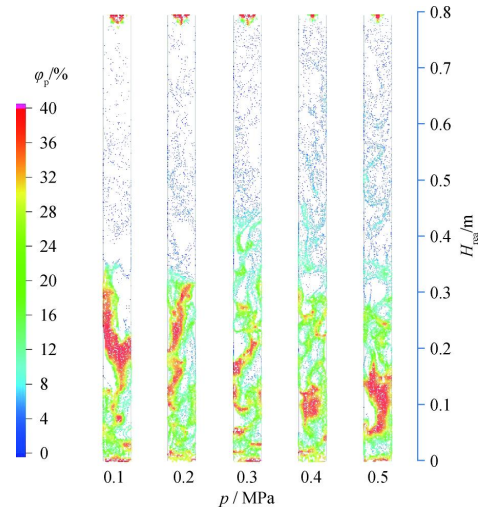
Based on Aspen Plus simulations, effects of different reaction conditions of fuel and air reactor on sludge gasification characteristics and pollutant emission were studied and further verified by experiments. The results show that the reactor type could be switched via changing the gas atmosphere of the reactor.



Experimental and Numerical Research on Chemical Looping Gasification of Coal Char in a Pressured Fluidized Bed Reactor

GUO Xintong CHANG Guozhang TAN Xiaoli HU Xiude
GUO Qingjie

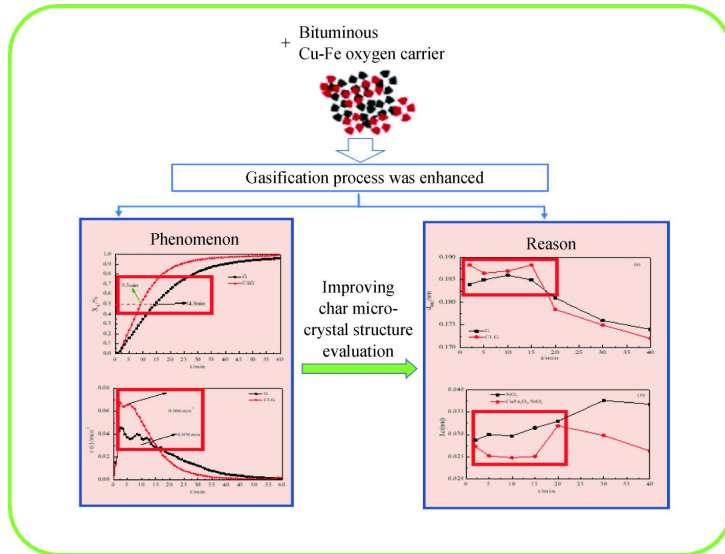
The gasification of Erdos bituminous coal char with Fe_2O_3/Al_2O_3 was studied by CFPD simulation and experiments under the pressure of 0.1–0.5 MPa, focusing on the characteristics of multiphase flow and its influence on the reactions. The conclusions provide basic data for the design of fuel reactor, and effective methods for decoupling the mechanism of complex reaction in chemical looping gasification process.



Reactivity and Structure Evaluation of Coal Chemical Looping Gasification Based on Cu-Fe Oxygen Carrier

LI Xiao AN Mei GUO Qingjie

The effect of oxygen carrier on the microstructures and reaction activity during bituminous chemical looping gasification were investigated in a fluidized bed reactor using Cu-Fe oxygen carrier, which explains how Cu-Fe oxygen carrier improves the coal chemical looping gasification through coal char structure evaluation.

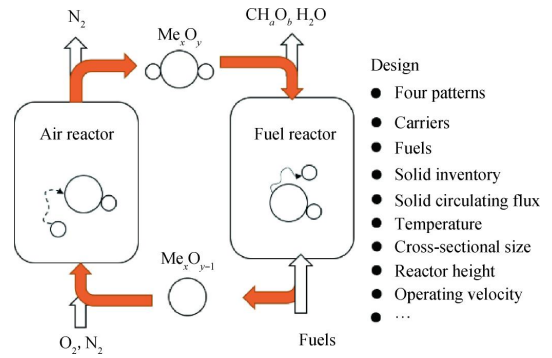


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Operation and Design Developments of Dual-Reactor Systems for the Chemical Looping Combustion/Gasification

WEI Yangjun CHENG Leming LI Liyao WANG Qinhui
FANG Mengxiang LUO Zhongyang

This paper reviews developments on operation and design of four dual-reactor systems, in which experiences on parameters design of chemical looping systems are summarized and discussed. It may give a help on the design for a chemical looping dual-reactor system.

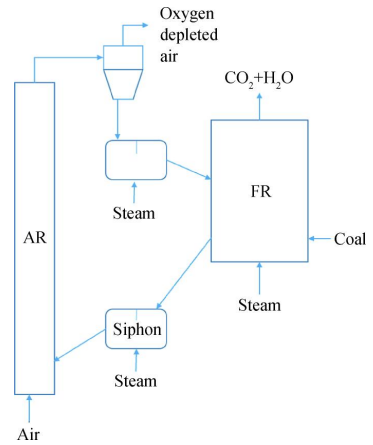


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Reactor Design of a 10 MW_{th} Chemical Looping Combustion System Based on Interconnected Fluidized Beds

MA Jiandong SONG Tao

Basing on mass balance, energy balance, reaction dynamics model and fluidization theory, the thermodynamic calculation of coal fueled CLC reactor were carried out with a heat input power of 10 MW_{th}, by using ilmenite as the oxygen carrier and Yimin lignite as the fuel.

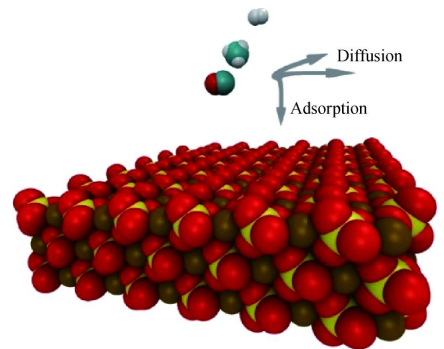


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Adsorption and Diffusion Characteristics of Gas Fuel on CaSO₄ (010) Surface for Chemical-Looping Combustion: Molecular Dynamics Simulations

HOU Fengxiao JIN Jing LIU Duniyu KOU Xuesen YANG Haoran
WANG Yongzhen

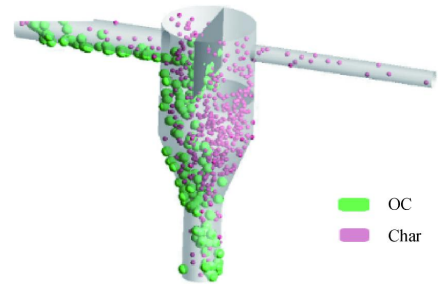
The adsorption and diffusion characteristics of CO on CaSO₄ (010) surface were simulated by molecular dynamics at 1123–1223 K, and they were compared with H₂ and CH₄. The results indicate the adsorption of CO on CaSO₄ (010) surface is the strongest and the diffusivity of H₂ on xy plane direction is the best.



Scale-up Simulation of Directional Separation Process of Binary Particles in Chemical Looping Combustion Based on DDPM Model

GONG Yutong WANG Xiaojia ZHANG Bo

The process of directional separation of binary particles in a carbon particle separator from a chemical looping combustion system were studied by using a DDPM model coupled with DEM, and the working conditions at different outlet pressures and different temperatures were investigated.

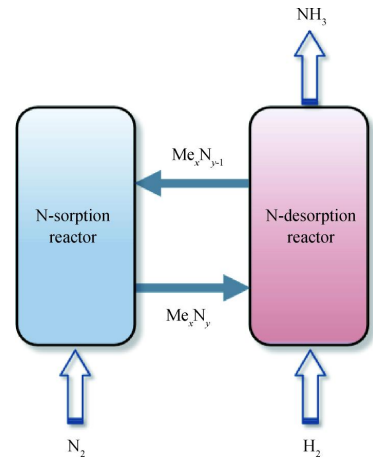


Others

Fe, Mn Based Nitrogen Carrier in the Chemical Looping Ammonia Synthesis Technology

GUO Huixin WANG Baoyi SHEN Laihong

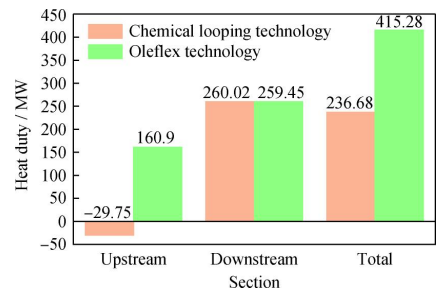
Ammonia is one type of clean energy which has broad development prospects. Chemical looping ammonia synthesis technology divides the traditional ammonia synthesis reaction into two steps: N-sorption process and N-desorption process. Fe, Mn and Fe-Mn based nitrogen carriers transport the nitrogen and heat between two reactors to complete the whole reaction.



Process Simulation and Energy Consumption Analysis of Chemical Looping Oxidative Dehydrogenation of Propane

WEI Di Yu Junjie SHAO Yuanyuan ZENG Liang

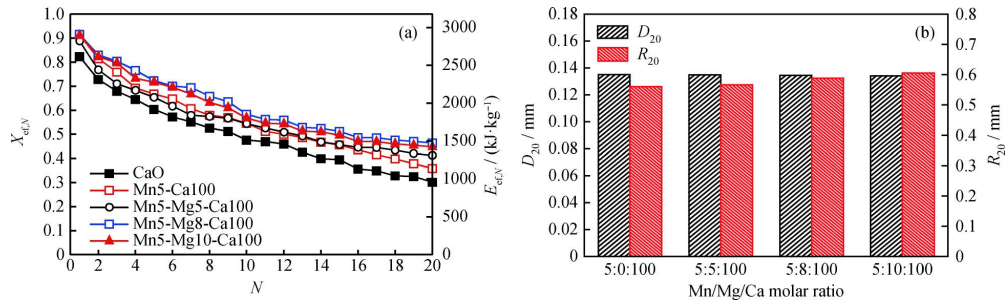
Oleflex conventional propane dehydrogenation process and chemical looping oxidative dehydrogenation process were simulated using Aspen Plus. The results show that chemical looping oxidative dehydrogenation process reduces the energy consumption by 43.01% compared with the Oleflex process because of no needs for hydrogen environment, reactions on the hydrogen from the dehydrogenation with lattice oxygen in the catalyst, and the exist of coke reaction.



Heat Storage and Attrition Performance of Mn-Mg Modified Limestone Based on Calcium Looping Under Fluidization

MA Zhangke LI Yingjie BIAN Zhiguo ZHANG Yu WANG Tao LEI Wentao

The heat storage capacity of Mn-Mg modified limestone with the optimal Mn/Mg/Ca molar ratio of 5 : 8 : 100 is 54% and 30% higher than that of natural and Mn modified limestone, respectively.

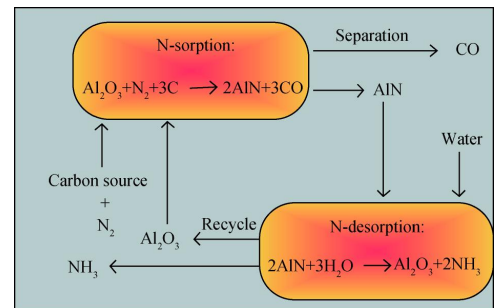


(a) Valid heat storage conversion ($X_{d,N}$) and valid heat storage density ($E_{d,N}$);
 (b) Average diameter (D_{20}) and wear rate (R_{20}) of modified limestone particles after 20 cycles
 Conditions: $T=850\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $F(\text{N}_2\text{ or CO}_2)=2.5\text{ L/min}$

N-Adsorption/Desorption Performance of Al-Based N-Carrier During Chemical Looping Ammonia Generation

WU Ye ZHANG Quan FENG Mingqian LIU Dong

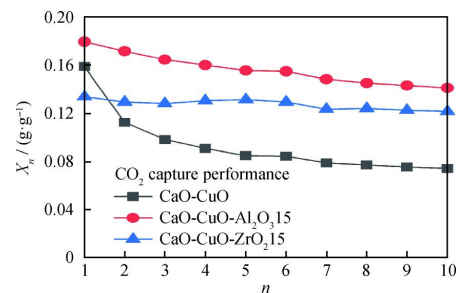
The N-adsorption performance of graphite, carbon black and bituminous/lignite/anthracite semi-coke were studied. The results show that the amorphous carbon promotes the N-adsorption performance of the N-carrier. Moreover, the effects of TiO_2 and ZrO_2 on N-desorption performance of N-carrier were studied. The results indicate that TiO_2 could increase the conversion efficiency of AlN while ZrO_2 could increase the yield of NH_3 .



Analysis of Carbonation and Kinetic Performance of Inert Support-Stabilized CaO/CuO Composites

ZHANG Zhenmin CHEN Jian WANG Yankai LIAN Shiwen LI Fengquan WANG Chao YUAN Donghui LI Yingchun DUAN Lunbo

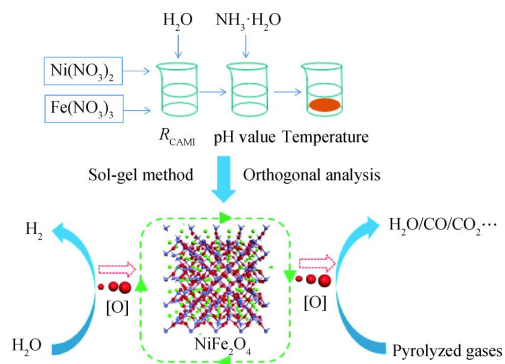
The addition of Al_2O_3 support significantly improves the cyclic CO_2 capture performance stability, mainly because of the increase in reaction rate, and reduction in decline rate and activation energies.



Performance of NiFe₂O₄ Oxygen Carriers Prepared by Sol-Gel Method in Chemical Looping Process of Hydrogen Production

WEI Guoqiang ZHOU Huan WU Xianshuang FENG Jie
LI Haibin

The NiFe₂O₄ oxygen carriers were prepared by the sol-gel method, and the effects of preparation parameters on the physicochemical properties and chemical looping hydrogen performance were investigated by orthogonal experiments to achieve optimized preparation conditions.



Dry Reforming of Methane and Metal-Support Interactions

SHI Jian ZHU Xing LI Kongzhai WEI Yonggang WANG Hua

The research results of methane dry reforming process and catalyst are elaborated in details, with emphasis on the new development of dry reforming process and the design of catalyst. Together with new strategies such as Ni-support interaction, bimetallic synergistic effect, crystal-plane effect and monatomic catalysis, basic scientific problems, existing difficulties and future development directions of dry reforming technology are discussed.

