ISSN 1001-8417 CN 11-2710/06



Chinese Chemical Letters (中国化学快报)

| Volume 34 | Number 2 | FEBRUARY 2023



Provided by Wentao Xu's group, Nankai University



COMMUNICATION Zongwan Mao, Xiang Zhou et al. The development of an iridium(III

The development of an iridium(III) complex functionalized G-quadruplex probe for the stability of G-quadruplex and lifetime image in cytoplasm

COMMUNICATION

Limin Zhu, Xiaoyu Cao, Jianmin Ma et al. Bimetallic CoNiSe₂/C nanosphere anodes derived from Ni-Co-metal-organic framework precursor towards higher lithium storage capacity

Chinese Chemical Society Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences

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Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Chinese Chemical Letters

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Graphical Abstracts/Chin Chem Lett 34 (2023) 108115

Editorial

Skeleton-trimmed leggero pillar[5]arene: Amorphous and non-porous material for highly-selective haloalkane separation

Xiao-Yong Yu, Yong Chen

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The original BrP[5]L had the ability to adsorb 1-bromopropane and 1-bromobutane from equal volume of 1-/2-position isomers with 98.1% and 99.0% purity and could be completely regenerated by simply heating to reuse.

Perspective

Research strategies in click chemistry: Measuring its cognitive contents and knowledge flow

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The click chemistry philosophy follows the way that values nature's principle and has a clear-cut epistemic domain in modeling nature. The innovative strategies and broad impact of click chemistry lie in the distinct nature of chemistry and the significance of its epistemic independence in current science.

Reviews

Rationally designed amyloid inhibitors based on amyloid-related structural studies

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High-resolution structure contributes to the understanding of amyloid aggregation and provides the basis for rational design of amyloid inhibitor. This article reviewed recent structural studies of amyloids and discussed rationally designed inhibitors according to amyloid-related structural studies.

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doi:10.1016/j.cclet.2022.06.046

Recent advance in carbocation-catalyzed reactions

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Carbocations such as tropylium and trityl cation, can be stable enough to be isolated and used without inert conditions. They can act as Lewis acids to lower the LUMO of electrophile, thus promoting reactions with nucleophiles. Additionally, the interaction between carbocations and alcohols can form Brønsted acids with enhanced acidity. Furthermore, electrophoto activation of TAC⁺ (trisaminocyclopropenium ion) delivers the excited radical dication TAC^{2+*}, which is a strong oxidant and capable of oxidizing a range of challenging substrates. Moreover, ⁿPr-DMQA⁺ is disclosed as a versatile photoredox catalyst as its excited state can be quenched through both oxidation and reduction. This review summarizes recent advance in carbocation-catalyzed reactions. These developed methods provide an environmentally friendly pathway for the synthesis of valuable compounds and will inspire chemists to discover more interesting transformations promoted by carbocations.

Polyaniline-supported nano metal-catalyzed coupling reactions: Opportunities and challenges

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Polyaniline (PANI)-supported nano metal particles have been widely applied as catalyst in coupling reactions. Since PANIs are versatile materials and their chemical features can be adjusted by introducing functional groups onto the monomers, the catalytic activities of the prepared catalysts are tunable. This review aims to summarize the recent advances and give a perspective.

From agricultural cellulosic waste to food delivery packaging: A mini-review

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This mini-review describes the material preparation, critical performance indicators, challenges and perspectives in developing sustainable agricultural cellulosic waste-based packaging materials for food delivery service.

Photothermal catalysis for CO₂ conversion

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Photothermal catalysis for CO_2 conversion has aroused great interests aiming at carbon emission peak and carbon neutrality. Recent progress in this area has been summarized in our review.

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Agricultural waste based food delivery packaging	Pulp products	TPS/nanocellulose	PLA/nanocellulose
Strength (dry)		\$₹	***
Strength (wet)	**	*	***
Strength (hot)		**	**
Water and oil resistances	*	*	***
Biodegradability			**
Low cost			



Advances of nanoparticles as drug delivery systems for disease diagnosis and treatment

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This review summarized the advances of nanoparticles in recent years, and classifiably illustrated their components, strategies and functions.

Exosome-based drug delivery systems in cancer therapy

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School of Pharmaceutical Sciences (Shenzhen), Shenzhen Campus of Sun Yat-sen University, Shenzhen 518107, China

Exosomes derived from different cell sources as drug delivery systems for loading small molecules, nucleic acids and proteins in cancer therapy are summarized and highlighted.

Vanadium-based cathodes for aqueous zinc ion batteries:

College of Materials Science and Engineering, Taiyuan University of Technology, Taiyuan 030024, China

This review summarizes the recent progress in developments of vanadium-based materials, highlighting in the correlation between the crystal structure of active materials and Zn-ion transport mechanism. Finally, we presented the future prospects of developing aqueous zinc-ion batteries (AZIBs) with high energy

Structure, mechanism and prospects

Yi Ding, Lele Zhang, Xin Wang, Lina Han, Weike Zhang, Chunli Guo





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density.

Recent advances in charge mechanism of noble metal-based cathodes for Li-O₂ batteries

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The charge mechanism of Li_2O_2 in $Li-O_2$ is first discussed, and the charge process of cathode catalysts for noble metals, noble metal oxides, noble metal alloys, and noble/transition metals are summarized.

Luminescent properties and recent progress in applications of lanthanide metal-organic frameworks

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This review shows the luminescent properties and latest progress in applications of Ln-MOFs, including Ln-MOFs for chemical and biological sensors, optical information devices and catalysis, respectively, and discussed design mechanism. Finally, this review provides some guidance for the future development of Ln-MOF materials.

Realizing high-voltage aqueous zinc-ion batteries with expanded electrolyte electrochemical stability window

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The key point of building high-operating voltage aqueous zinc ion batteries is broadening the electrochemical stability window of electrolyte.

Aggregation of graphene oxide and its environmental implications in the aquatic environment

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The aggregation and colloidal behavior of GO in aquatic system is affected by particle properties as well as solution chemistry of receiving bodies. While the aggregation and colloidal behavior of GO may affect the transportation/mobility and toxicity of GO towards biota of aquatic system.









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and Biological Sensing



Communications

A new strategy to design isostructural salts: The case of the antitumor drug dimethylaminomicheliolide

Zhonghua Li^a, Haibin Qu^a, Lan Fang^a, Songgu Wu^a, Junbo Gong^{a,b}

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^b Chemistry and Chemical Engineering Guangdong Laboratory, Shantou 515031, China

This work provides a successful case of designing isostructural salts with a series of dihydroxybenzoic acid regioisomers and shows the thermal stability, hygroscopicity, and solubility of DMAMCL were improved with the help of isostructural crystals. The isostructurality was confirmed with the analysis of Hirshfeld surface maps, 2D fingerprint plots and quantitative similarity parameters from XPac, CrystalCMP and the packing similarity tool in Mercury.

A fan-shaped synthetic chiral nanographene

Haonan Shi, Bangyuan Xiong, Ying Chen, Chaojun Lin, Jiajian Gu, Yanpeng Zhu, Jiaobing Wang

School of Chemistry, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou 510275, China

This work presents the synthesis and characterization of a fan-shaped chiral nanographene, which is composed of 6 hexabenzocoronene subunits with 216 conjugated carbon atoms.

Coordination-driven self-assembly of dibenzo-18-crown-6 functionalized Pt(II) metallacycles

Zibin Zhang^a, Yu Yao^a, Lang He^a, Tao Hong^a, Shijun Li^a, Feihe Huang^{b,c}, Peter J. Stang^d

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^b State Key Laboratory of Chemical Engineering, Stoddart Institute of Molecular Science, Department of Chemistry, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310027, China

^c Green Catalysis Center and College of Chemistry, Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou 450001, China ^d Department of Chemistry, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT 84112, United States

Two metallacycles, a [2+2] rectangle and a [3+3] triangle, were prepared by coordination-driven self-assembly based on a dicarboxylate-functionalized dibenzo-18-crown-6 in combination with a 0° anthracene-based clip-type acceptor or a 60° phenanthrene-based acceptor, respectively. The crown ethers on the metallacycles could selectively complex with K⁺ ions and did not interfere with the coordination-driven self-assembly.

Single-stranded RNA as primers of terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase for template-independent DNA polymerization

Houyu Han^a, Jingyu Cui^a, Dianming Zhou^{c,d}, Deping Hua^a, Weipan Peng^a, Mengyao Lin^a, Yating Zhang^a, Fangya Li^b, Xiaoqun Gong^a, Jianyu Zhang^b

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The performance of TdT-catalyzed ssDNA and ssRNA extension was contrasted, which will help to design the strategy to synthesize chimeric DNA on 3'-OH of ssRNA, which become invaluable.

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Hydroarylation of terminal alkynes with arylboronic acids catalyzed by low loadings of palladium

Lei Xu, Shiyu Li, Qi Zhang, Ning Deng, Biao Zhang, Huajian Xu

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School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, School of Food and Biological Engineering, Institute of Industry & Equipment Technology, Anhui Province Key Laboratory of Advance Catalytic Materials and Reaction Engineering, Hefei University of Technology, Hefei 230009, China

Existing protocols for the Pd-catalyzed hydroarylation of terminal alkynes with arylboronic acids require acidic additives and Pd loadings as high as 3 mol%. We describe an improved protocol using lower loadings of Pd (0.04 mol% = 400 ppm) and an alkaline additive.

Electrochemically mediated decarboxylative acylation of N-nitrosoanilines with α -oxocarboxylic acids

Xinyu Wang^a, Shihong Wu^a, Yujing Zhong^a, Yingchun Wang^b, Yingming Pan^{a,b}, Haitao Tang^a

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 ^b College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Jishou University, Jishou 416000, China

An efficient palladium-catalyzed electrooxidation C–H acylation reaction of N-nitrosoanilines with α -oxocarboxylic acids was developed.

A step towards the application of molecular plasmonic-like excitations of PAH derivatives in organic electrochromics

Yanan Zhu^a, Xing Xing^b, Zhenguo Liu^c, Hong Meng^a

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The molecular plasmon-like excitations of PAH and hetero-aromatic systems extend the application in electrochromics and optoelectronics, where the intensity and wavelength of absorption peaks are manipulated by dimeric and substitution atoms.

Chiroptical switching of molecular universal joint triggered by complexation/release of a cation: A stepwise synergistic complexation

Fanrui Gao^a, Xingke Yu^a, Ling Liu^a, Jinlei Chen^a, Yongjun Lv^a, Ting Zhao^a, Jiecheng Ji^a, Jiabin Yao^b, Wanhua Wu^a, Cheng Yang^a

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Switching of the chiroptical properties of a molecular universal joint was triggered by sodium ion resulting from the synergistically stepwise complexing.

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Deuterium-labeled alkene • A fundamental transformation

N-Acetylenethio phthalimides: Sequential linkage for compositional click reaction

Wen-Chao Gao^{a,b}, Kai Feng^a, Jun Tian^a, Juan Zhang^a, Hong-Hong Chang^a, Xuefeng Jiang^b

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^b School of Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, East China Normal University, Shanghai 200062, China

An iridium-catalyzed azide-alkynthio phthalimides cycloaddition has been developed for the regioselective construction of diverse *N*-triazolylthio phthalimides, and the developed compositional cycloaddition and disulfuration click was applied for the reversibly sequential linkage of drug hybrids, peptide modification and glycosylation.

Solvent-mediated handedness inversed and amplified circularly polarized luminescence system based on camptothecin derivative

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The solvent-mediated CPL inversion and amplification systems were successfully constructed by amptothecin derivative (CPT-A), in which the g_{lum} was changed from -0.0082 to +0.0085 in the water and *N*,*N*-dimethylformamide system, while the g_{lum} was amplified to 0.034 in the system of hexafluoroisopropanol and water.

Ac₃6deoGlcNAz could selectively label O-GlcNAc modified proteins with minimal S-glyco-modification

Lu Zheng, Wei Cao, Biao Dou, Xueke Zeng, Mingya Cao, Jiajia Wang, Xia Li

Joint National Laboratory for Antibody Drug Engineering, The First Affiliated Hospital of Henan University, Henan University, Kaifeng 475000, China

An effective and specific metabolic chemical reporter for O-GlcNAc modification is developed which only induces minimal S-glyco-modification



Zhiwei Wang^a, Na Meng^a, Yufen Lv^a, Wei Wei^{a,b}, Huilan Yue^b, Guofu Zhong^a

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GRAA facile and green visible-light-induced protocol for the assembly of organic thiocyanates from α -diazoesters, cyclic ethers and NaSCN has been described. This three-component reaction could undergo smoothly under mild conditions to afford a series of structurally diverse organic thiocyanates in moderate to good yields.

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CPL(+) CPL(+) CPL(+) CPL(+) CPL(+) CPL(+) CPL(+)

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Copper-catalyzed chemoselective heterocyclization of two isocyanides: Facile access to pyrroloazepinone derivatives

Xiaoyu Guo, Jinhuan Dong, Yunjie Zhu, Lan Bao, Zhongyan Hu, Xianxiu Xu

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A Cu-catalyzed chemoselective heterocyclization of o-cinnamoyl arylisocyanides with α -substituted tosylmethyl isocyanides is developed for the efficient synthesis benzopyrroloazepinones.

External electrolyte-free electrochemical one-pot cascade synthesis of 4-thiocyanato-1*H*-pyrazoles

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A practical synthetic method for 4-thiocyanato-1*H*-pyrazoles through the electrochemical cascade reaction of hydrazines, 1,3-diones and NH₄SCN under metal-, chemical oxidant- and external electrolyte-free conditions was established. Importantly, both a gram-scale synthesis of 4-thiocyanato-1*H*-pyrazoles and five one-pot sequential transformations starting from hydrazine were successfully accomplished.

Understanding reaction mechanisms of metal-free dinitrogen activation by methyleneboranes

Jie Zeng, Jiaying Su, Feiying You, Jun Zhu

State Key Laboratory of Physical Chemistry of Solid Surfaces and Fujian Provincial Key Laboratory of Theoretical and Computational Chemistry, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, China

The reaction mechanism of dinitrogen activation by methyleneboranes has been explored by DFT calculations. It is found that methyleneboranes can mimic transition metals to break the $N \equiv N$ triple bond and a moderate correlation is achieved between the reaction energies and the singlet-triplet gaps of the reactants.

Rim-differentiation vs. mixture of constitutional isomers: A binding study between pillar[5]arene-based glycoclusters and lectins from pathogenic bacteria

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The glycosylated rim-differentiated pillar[5]arene-based multivalent ligands with or without TEG spacer arm displayed good binding properties toward lectins from pathogenic bacteria.





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Contents

Metal-free nucleophilic 7,8-dearomatization of quinolines: Spiroannulation of aminoquinoline protected amino acids

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^b The College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Shangqiu Normal University, Shangqiu 476000, China

Atom- and step-economy in IBX assisted diversity-oriented synthesis is achieved with a versatile AQ auxiliary α -amino acid analogs offering rapid access to polycyclic spiro-quinolines featuring a quaternary stereocenter in 20%-94% yields under mild conditions *via* 7,8-dearomatization of quinolines. Free of a preinstalled activation group is highlight of this intramolecular oxidation spiroannulation tandem reaction.

One-pot synthesis of SrTiO₃-SrCO₃ heterojunction with strong interfacial electronic interaction as a novel photocatalyst for water splitting to generate H₂

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A novel SrTiO₃-SrCO₃ heterojunction photocatalyst has been successfully synthesized for the first time for water splitting by soft chemical methods. This heterojunction can effectively promote the transmission and separation of charge carriers.

Nitrogen-doped pyrogenic carbonaceous matter facilitates azo dye decolorization by sulfide: The important role of graphitic nitrogen

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The important role for graphitic nitrogen facilitated the azo dye reduction by sulfide was studied in detail.

Remarkable difference of phospholipid molecular chirality in regulating PrP aggregation and cell responses

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This work firstly reported the effect of chiral liposome on the fibrillation process of $PrP_{106-126}$ and its cell responses.

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• Mild reaction conditions • Metal-free spiroannulation

• Derivatization of amino amides • Interesting products

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万方数据

lipid metabolism and distribution Peisi Xie^a, Jinghui Zhang^{a,b}, Pengfei Wu^a, Yongjiang Wu^b, Yanjun Hong^{a,c}, Jianing Wang^a, Zongwei Cai^a

Multicellular tumor spheroids bridge the gap between

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two-dimensional cancer cells and solid tumors: The role of

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^c School of Pharmaceutical Sciences (Shenzhen), Sun Yat-sen University, Shenzhen 518107, China

Mass spectrometry-based lipidomics and matrix-assisted laser desorption/ionization mass spectrometry imaging were employed to investigate the difference in lipid metabolism and distribution among these three cancer models (2D cancer cells, 3D cell spheroids and solid tumors). The obtained results showed that 3D cell spheroids are more suitable as an *in vitro* model to mimic solid tumors in terms of lipid metabolism and distribution.

Contents

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Titania and L-Cys are integrated on the surface of magnetic nanoparticles for capturing urine exosomes and

Specific enrichment of urinary exosomes and exosomal

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exosomal glycopeptides. We separate exosomes from human urine concentrations directly, and 146 glycopeptides corresponding to 77 glycoproteins are successfully identified from captured exosomes.

glycopeptides by coefficient affinity of integrated L-cysteine and titania

MOE Laboratory of Bioinorganic and Synthetic Chemistry, Lehn Institute of Functional Materials, School

Nickel metal-organic frameworks (MOF) Ni-BDC nanosheets (Ni-BDC NNs) have been successfully synthesized by an efficient, top-down thermal expansion-quench method. The unique structures with large

surface are exposing abundant active sites, contribute an improved CO₂ photoreduction.

pH-responsive aldehyde-bearing cyclometalated iridium(III) complex for tracking intracellular pH fluctuations under

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^c Shaanxi Province Key Laboratory of Ultrasound, School of Physics and Information Technology, Shaanxi

A new pH-responsive aldehyde-bearing cyclometalated iridium(III) complex was synthesized for tracking intracellular pH fluctuations under external stimulation. An intramolecular hydrogen bonds assisted

Manping Qian^a, Danyang Zhang^a, Hetong Qi^b, Xuebing Yang^c, Guanjun Yin^c,

Thermal expansion-quench of nickel metal-organic framework into nanosheets for efficient visible light CO₂

92.6%

Ni-BDC NNs

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Liuyong Chen, Qinglin Liu, Jun Yang, Yinle Li, Guangqin Li

of Chemistry, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou 510275, China

external stimulation

Normal University, Xi'an 710062, China

pH-responsive mechanism was proposed.

reduction

10







Flowerlike bulk Ni-BDC-250

TEO/



General synthesis of Pt and Ni co-doped porous carbon nanofibers to boost HER performance in both acidic and alkaline solutions

Jiaqi Xu, Mengxiao Zhong, Na Song, Ce Wang, Xiaofeng Lu Alan G. MacDiarmid Institute, College of Chemistry, Jilin University, Changchun 130012, China

Platinum (Pt) and nickel (Ni) co-doped porous carbon nanofibers (Pt/Ni-PCNFs) with low Pt content have been successfully synthesized *via* an electrospinning, carbonization and galvanic replacement reaction, which showed excellent HER performances in both acidic and alkaline solutions.

A portable viable *Salmonella* detection device based on microfluidic chip and recombinase aided amplification

Wuzhen Qi^a, Siyuan Wang^a, Lei Wang^a, Xinge Xi^a, Shangyi Wu^a, Yanbin Li^b, Ming Liao^c, Jianhan Lin^a

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Improved propidium monoazide (PMAxx) was combined with RAA to enable this device to distinguish viable bacteria from dead ones. Fluorescent signal during RAA amplification of nucleic acids was collected and analyzed using self-developed smartphone App to quantitatively determine bacterial concentration.

Molybdenum-induced tuning 3d-orbital electron filling degree of CoSe₂ for alkaline hydrogen and oxygen evolution reactions

Sumaira Nazar Hussain^a, Yana Men^a, Zhen Li^a, Pingping Zhao^b, Gongzhen Cheng^a, Wei Luo^{a,c}

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 ^b School of Printing and Packaging, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China
 ^c Suzhou Institute of Wuhan University, Suzhou 215123, China

A cost-effective bifunctional catalyst (Mo-CoSe₂) is successfully designed by introducing Mo with higher proportion of unoccupied d-orbitals (P_{un}) into CoSe₂, which possesses superior catalytic performance for both OER and HER in alkaline media.

A new photolabeling probe for efficient enrichment and deep profiling of cell surface membrane proteome by mass spectrometry

Yuanyuan Li^{a,b}, Chaoshuang Xia^b, Hongxian Zhao^b, Yuping Xie^b, Yangjun Zhang^b, Wanjun Zhang^b, Yongliang Yu^a, Jianhua Wang^a, Weijie Qin^{b,c}

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^b National Center for Protein Sciences Beijing, State Key Laboratory of Proteomics, Beijing Proteome Research Center, Beijing Institute of Lifeomics, Beijing 102206, China

^c College of Basic Medicine, Anhui Medical University, Hefei 230032, China

We developed a new photolabeling probe to achieve facile enrichment of cell surface membrane proteins (CSMPs). More than 3000 known CSMPs with approximately 70% enrichment selectivity were achieved, and we can expect it to facilitate basic mechanistic study of CSMPs and drug target screening.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107360

RAA detection

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Tailoring the electronic acceptor–donor heterointerface between black phosphorus and Co₃O₄ for boosting oxygen bifunctional electrocatalysis

Jing Zou^a, Yilun Zou^a, Haitao Wang^a, Wei Wang^c, Pingxiu Wu^d, Arramel^e, Jizhou Jiang^{a,b}, Xin Li^f

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^d Semiconductor Electronic Special Gas of Hubei Engineering Research Center, Jingzhou 434000, China ^e Nano Center Indonesia, II. PUSPIPTEK Tangerang Selatan, Banten 15314, Indonesia

^f Institute of Biomass Engineering, Key Laboratory of Energy Plants Resource and Utilization, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs, South China Agricultural University, Guangzhou 510642, China

A beneficial electronic acceptor-donor heterointerface between BP and Co_3O_4 is tailored skillfully by wet ball milling to boost bifunctional oxygen electrocatalysis.

Surface modification of phosphate ion to promote photocatalytic recovery of precious metals

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^b Department of Chemistry, Shanghai Key Laboratory of Molecular Catalysis and Innovative Materials, Fudan University, Shanghai 200438, China

Phosphate-modified titanium dioxide (P-TiO₂) was designed to enhance the adsorption strength of oxygen on the catalyst surface, thereby effectively improving the photocatalytic dissolution rate of noble metals.

Strain boosts CO oxidation on Ni single-atom-catalyst supported by defective graphene

Quanguo Jiang^a, Yushuai Qian^a, Yuqing Liu^a, Min Huang^a, Zhimin Ao^b

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^b Guangzhou Key Laboratory Environmental Catalysis and Pollution Control, Guangdong Key Laboratory of Environmental Catalysis and Health Risk Control, Institute of Environmental Health and Pollution Control, School of Environmental Science and Engineering, Guangdong University of Technology, Guangzhou 510006, China

The tensile strain can enhance the sulfur and water resistance of Ni single-atom-catalyst, as well as boost the CO oxidation reaction.

MIL-101(Cr)-decorated Ti/TiO₂ anode for electrochemical oxidation of aromatic pollutants from water

Zepeng Zhang^a, Yunyun Li^a, Longzhang Dong^a, Zhonglong Yin^a, Ziqi Tian^b, Weiben Yang^a, Zhen Yang^a

^a School of Chemistry and Materials Science, Jiangsu Provincial Key Laboratory of Material Cycling and Pollution Control, Jiangsu Collaborative Innovation Center of Biomedical Functional Materials, Nanjing Normal University, Nanjing 210046, China

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Stabilizing deeply oxidized states (*O and *OOH) at the anode surface can promote electrochemical oxidation of organic pollutants for water treatment.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107378



Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107394



Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107395





万方数据

A new method for evaluating the quality of single sperm by detecting reactive oxygen species

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^c Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Union Hospital, Tongji Medical College, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan 430022, China

^d School of Life Science and Technology, Wuhan Polytechnic University, Wuhan 430023, China e Reproductive Medicine Center, Tongji Medical College, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan 430030, China

^f Hubei Province Human Sperm Bank, Wuhan 430030, China

In this work, we constructed a single sperm ROS detection method (SSRDM) with an optical micro-probe. The SSRDM can quantitatively detect fluorescent substances in sperm at the single-cell level and successfully verified the method's strong specificity and high sensitivity by detecting ROS in the sperm of 102 semen samples. This method can accurately determine the level of ROS in sperm, provides a new detection method for assessing sperm quality, and makes a significant contribution to providing evidence for diagnosis and prognosis of male infertility.

Photocatalytic fuel cell for simultaneous antibiotic wastewater treatment and electricity production by anatase TiO₂ nanoparticles anchored on Ni foam

Jinhan Li^a, Xicheng Li^a, Shaobin Yu^a, Shuai Gao^c, Yang Zhang^b, Yan Li^a, Changzheng Wang^a, Qiang Wang^c

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Anatase TiO₂ nanoparticles were in situ grown on porous Ni foam as a photoanode exhibited the high efficiency for degrading ciprofloxacin by suppressing the recombination of photogenerated electron-hole pairs and electric power generation.

Enhanced ethanol sensing performance of N-doped ZnO derived from ZIF-8

Huifen Fu, Ziyue Feng, Shan-Shan Liu, Peng Wang, Chen Zhao, Chong-Chen Wang

Beijing Key Laboratory of Functional Materials for Building Structure and Environment Remediation/ Beijing Energy Conservation and Sustainable Urban and Rural Development Provincial and Ministry Co-construction Collaboration Innovation Center, Beijing University of Civil Engineering and Architecture, Beijing 100044, China

ZnO with abundant oxygen vacancies was constructed by a urea-assisted pyrolysis method using ZIF-8 as self-sacrificing template, which exhibited improved ethanol-sensing performance.

Exponential isothermal amplification coupled MALDI-TOF MS for microRNAs detection

Guobin Han^a, Dandan Li^a, Qiuyuan Lin^a, Jia Yi^a, Qian Lyu^b, Qingwei Ma^b, Liang Qiao^a

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An exponential amplification reaction (EXPAR) coupled MALDI-TOF MS assay is presented for label-free and simultaneous quantitative detection of multiple miRNAs with high sensitivity and specificity.

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Self-supported Fe_xNi_{1-x}MoO₄ with synergistic morphology and composition for efficient overall water splitting at large current density

Xin-Yu Zhang, Wen-Li Yu, Jie Zhao, Jia-Yu Fu, Bin Dong, Fu-Li Wang, Jian-Feng Yu, Chen-Guang Liu, Yong-Ming Chai

State Key Laboratory of Heavy Oil Processing, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, China University of Petroleum (East China), Qingdao 266580, China

A self-supported amorphous FexNi_{1-x}MoO₄/IF treated with ammonium fluoride (AF_{0.1}-FNMO/IF) has been synthesized by one-step hydrothermal method. With the assistant of NH₄F, the obtained AF_{0.1}-FNMO/IF shows excellent electrochemical performance and only need low overpotentials of 289 and 345 mV to reach a current response of 500 mA/cm² for oxygen evolution reaction and hydrogen evolution reaction, respectively, together with long-time stability (both at 500, 1000 and 2000 mA/cm²) in 1.0 mol/L KOH solution.

Unraveling pharmaceuticals removal in a sulfur-driven autotrophic denitrification process: Performance, kinetics and mechanisms

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^d School of Civil Engineering, Guangzhou University, Guangzhou 510006, China

Eight typical pharmaceuticals removal was firstly evaluated in the sulfur-driven autotrophic denitrification process. Ibuprofen (IBU) and Ketoprofen (KET) can be effectively biodegraded *via* a series of hydroxylation and oxidation/reduction reactions by sulfur-oxidizing bacteria (SOB) sludge. The genera of *Thiobacillus* and *Sulfurimonas* played important roles in the removal of IBU and KET.

Controllable synthesis of MnO₂/iron mesh monolithic catalyst and its significant enhancement for toluene oxidation

Meijuan Qi^{a,b}, Zhe Li^{a,b}, Zhang Zhang^c, Yanshan Gao^{a,b}, Qiang Wang^{a,b}

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^b Engineering Research Center for Water Pollution Source Control & Eco-remediation, College of Environmental Science and Engineering, Beijing Forestry University, Beijing 100083, China ^c Beijing Municipal Ecological and Environmental Monitoring Center, Beijing 100048, China

Monolithic $MnO_2/iron$ mesh (IM) catalysts with excellent toluene oxidation performance were successfully prepared using *in-situ* hydrothermal growth, which provides a new direction for the research and application of monolithic catalysts .

Inhibition mechanisms of ammonia and sulfate in high-solids anaerobic digesters for food waste treatment: Microbial community and element distributions responses

Likui Feng^a, Weixin Zhao^a, Yu Liu^a, Yan Chen^b, Shufei He^a, Jing Ding^a, Qingliang Zhao^a, Liangliang Wei^a

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Bucheng Municipal Farty Committee Office, Bucheng 157000, China

Inhibition mechanisms of ammonia/sulfate in high-solids anaerobic digesters of food waste were investigated *via* the dynamic transformation of microbial structures and element distributions.

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Overall water splitting at large current densities 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, H₂ OER HER AF₆₁-FNMO/IF

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Edge-enriched N, S co-doped hierarchical porous carbon for oxygen reduction reaction

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of Technology, Hangzhou 310032, China

^d DICP-Surrey Joint Centre for Future Materials, Department of Chemical and Process Engineering, University of Surrey, Guildford, Surrey GU2 7XH, United Kingdom

Edge-enriched N, S co-doped carbon materials, derived from encapsulation of thiourea within ZIF-8 and subsequent pyrolysis, exhibit enhanced oxygen reduction reaction (ORR) performance in alkaline medium.

Lattice expansion boosting photocatalytic degradation performance of CuCo₂S₄ with an inherent dipole moment

Yicheng Guo, Biguo Yan, Fang Deng, Penghui Shao, Jianping Zou, Xubiao Luo, Shuqu Zhang, Xibao Li

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A single-component semiconductor photocatalyst $CuCo_2S_4$ with effective charge separation and directional transfer can remove 95.4% tetracycline hydrochloride within 40 min and effectively improve the biodegradability of pharmaceutical wastewater.

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Highly stable metal halides Cs_2ZnX_4 (X = Cl, Br) with Sn^{2+} as dopants for efficient deep-red photoluminescence

Yan Zhang, Lei Zhou, Lei Zhang, Wei Luo, Wei Shen, Ming Li, Rongxing He

Key Laboratory of Luminescence Analysis and Molecular Sensing (Southwest University), Ministry of Education, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Southwest University, Chongqing 400715, China

A Sn²⁺-doped 0D metal halide Cs₂ZnCl₄ has been synthesized and the introduction of Sn²⁺ induces the generation of self-trapped exciton state, resulting in a deep-red emission with near-unity photoluminescence quantum yield. Remarkably, the luminescence efficiency of Cs₂ZnCl₄:Sn maintains 96% after one year in ambient air.

A candy-like photocatalyst by wrapping Co, N-co-doped hollow carbon sphere with ultrathin mesoporous carbon nitride for boosted photocatalytic hydrogen evolution

Jinyuan Liu^a, Shumin Zhu^a, Bin Wang^a, Ruizhe Yang^a, Rong Wang^a, Xingwang Zhu^b, Yanhua Song^c, Junjie Yuan^a, Hui Xu^a, Huaming Li^a

^a School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Institute for Energy Research, Jiangsu University, Zhenjiang 212013, China

^b College of Environmental Science and Engineering, Yangzhou University, Yangzhou 225009, China ^c School of Environmental and Chemical Engineering, Jiangsu University of Science and Technology, Zhenjiang 212003, China

The N, Co co-doped hollow carbon spheres with excellent charge transport properties can effectively accelerate the charge transfer from ultrathin MCNS to cobalt nanoparticles. The goal of improving the photocatalytic hydrogen evolution performance of Co@NHC/MCNS material is achieved.

万方数据

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Aniline as a TICT rotor to derive methine fluorogens for biomolecules: A curcuminoid-BF₂ compound for lighting up HSA/BSA

Yue Zhang^{a,b}, Wei Zhou^b, Ning Xu^b, Guangying Wang^b, Jin Li^b, Kai An^b, Wenchao Jiang^b, Xuelian Zhou^b, Qinglong Qiao^b, Xindong Jiang^a, Zhaochao Xu^b

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N-BF₂ has fast and strong binding to HSA or BSA, accompanied by the activation of fluorescence (90/112-fold fluorescence enhancement). This intermolecular binding was found to be rapid and reversible in solution and intracellularly. Since N-BF2 also has lipid droplet-targeted staining ability, the complex of N-BF₂/HSA achieved reversible intracellular staining of lipid droplets.

Fenton-reaction-triggered metabolism of acetaminophen for enhanced cancer therapy

Fanwen Sun, Yayun Peng, Yanping Li, Menghan Xu, Ting Cai

State Key Laboratory of Natural Medicines, Department of Pharmaceutics, China Pharmaceutical University, Nanjing 210009, China

A colorimetric assay for cholesterol based on the

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the point-of-care testing device for daily monitoring of healthy.

We develop a Fe-based metal-organic framework (MOF) to deliver and transform acetaminophen into toxic "chemo" drug through the cascade reaction for enhanced cancer therapy. The intracellular oxidative stress and the toxic metabolite of APAP can provide a synergistic effect on antitumor activity.

encapsulation of multienzyme in leaf-shape crossed ZIF-L Jiaqi He^a, Tingling Zhuo^a, Yintong Teng^b, Guoqin Chen^a, Peng Zhao^{c,e}, Caiwen Ou^{b,d,e} ^a Department of Cardiology, Guangzhou Panyu Central Hospital, Guangzhou University of Chinese

^b Department of Cardiology and Laboratory of Heart Center, Zhujiang Hospital, Southern Medical

^cNMPA Key Laboratory for Research and Evaluation of Drug Metabolism, Guangdong Provincial Key Laboratory of New Drug Screening, School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Southern Medical University,

^e Guangdong Provincial Key Laboratory of Shock and Microcirculation, Southern Medical University,

Cholesterol oxidase and PdCuAu nanoparticles are encapsulated in zeolite imidazole framework-L to establish a cascade catalytic system for cholesterol detection by colorimetry. And a simple paper-based sensing system is constructed through a pre-reaction-transfer operation, which paves a new way to design

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Polymer types regulation strategy toward the synthesis of carbonized polymer dots with excitation-wavelength dependent or independent fluorescence

Jianliang Bai^a, Xinyu Wang^a, Yaqing Zhu^a, Guojun Yuan^b, Shuang Wu^a, Fu Qin^a, Xu Yu^a, Lili Ren^a

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Excitation-wavelength dependent and excitation-wavelength independent features are one of the most interesting optical properties of carbon dots. Herein, we report five carbonized polymer dots, which can regulate excitation-wavelength dependence or independence by controlling polymer types







万方数据

Multiple fluorescence color transitions mediated by anion- π interactions and C-F covalent bond formation

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The absorption and fluorescence spectra of 15 rhodamine dyes covering the visible to near-infrared regions were tested under exactly the same conditions. Then accurate and comparable data obtained were expected to be used as references for future research and help to understand the structure-fluorescence relationship of rhodamines.

The development of an iridium(III) complex functionalized G-quadruplex probe for the stability of G-quadruplex and lifetime image in cytoplasm

Shaokang Jia^a, Wenjin Wang^b, Shanshan Qin^a, Shengjie Xie^a, Lisi Zhan^a, Qi Wei^a, Ziang Lu^a, Xiaolu Zhou^a, Cong Chen^a, Kun Chen^a, Shen Yan^a, Caiping Tan^b, Zongwan Mao^b, Xiang Zhou^a

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By installing the G4 ligand PDP on the iridium complex, we synthesized a phosphorescent probe that can label G4 in the cytoplasm, and the level of G4 in the cytoplasm can be explored through the phosphorescent lifetime of the probe.

Heavy atom-free triplet photosensitizer based on thermally activated delayed fluorescence material for NIR-to-blue triplet-triplet annihilation upconversion

Hui Liang, Xiaoyu Liu, Liting Tang, Zafar Mahmood, Zeduan Chen, Guowei Chen, Shaomin Ji, Yanping Huo

School of Chemical Engineering and Light Industry, Guangdong University of Technology, Guangzhou 510006, China

For the first time, heavy atom-free near-infrared (NIR)-to-blue triplet-triplet annihilation upconversion system was constructed using thermally activated delayed fluorescence curcuminoid derivative as a triplet photosensitizer.

Vercytochalasins A and B: Two unprecedented biosynthetically related cytochalasins from the deep-sea-sourced endozoic fungus *Curvularia verruculosa*

Xueyi Hu^{a,b}, Xiaoming Li^{a,c}, Suiqun Yang^{a,c}, Xin Li^{a,c}, Bingui Wang^{a,b,c}, Linghong Meng^{a,c}

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^b College of Marine Sciences, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China ^c Center for Ocean Mega-Science, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Qingdao 266071, China

Vercytochalasins A (1) and B (2), two biosynthetically related cytochalasins featuring novel structure and substituents, were isolated from the endozoic fungus *Curvularia verruculosa*. Their absolute configurations were determined and the plausible biosynthesis pathway was proposed. The bioactivities and the molecular docking simulations were also performed.

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Artificial intelligence-aided discovery of prolyl hydroxylase 2 inhibitors to stabilize hypoxia inducible factor- 1α and promote angiogenesis

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A virtual screening workflow that sequentially incorporates AI, molecular docking, and molecular dynamics identified a novel PHD2 inhibitor to promote angiogenesis.

Hawanoids A–E, unprecedented diterpenoids with PAF-induced platelet aggregation inhibitory activities from the deep-sea-derived fungus *Paraconiothyrium hawaiiense*

Shushuai Chen^{a,b}, Hongxin Liu^a, Saini Li^a, Yuchan Chen^a, Wei Ye^a, Haohua Li^a, Haibo Tan^c, Dongli Li^b, Zhaoming Liu^a, Weimin Zhang^a

^a State Key Laboratory of Applied Microbiology Southern China, Guangdong Provincial Key Laboratory of Microbial Culture Collection and Application, Institute of Microbiology, Guangdong Academy of Sciences, Guangzhou 510070, China

^b School of Biotechnology and Health Sciences, Wuyi University, Jiangmen 529020, China

^c Program for Natural Product Chemical Biology, Key Laboratory Plant Resources Conservation and Sustainable Utilization, South China Botanical Garden, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Guangzhou 510650, China

Hawanoids A–E (**1–5**), five highly cyclized diterpenoids with unprecedented frameworks and anti-PAF activity were isolated from the deep-sea-derived fungus *Paraconiothyrium hawaiiense*.

Yonarolide A, an unprecedented furanobutenolide-containing norcembranoid derivative formed by photoinduced intramolecular [2+2] cycloaddition

Yeqing Du^{a,b}, Ligong Yao^b, Xuwen Li^{a,b,c}, Yuewei Guo^{a,b,c}

^a School of Chinese Materia Medica, Nanjing University of Chinese Medicine, Nanjing 210023, China ^b State Key Laboratory of Drug Research, Shanghai Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 201203, China

^c Drug Discovery Shandong Laboratory, Bohai Rim Advanced Research Institute for Drug Discovery, Yantai 264117, China

Yonarolide A (**1a**), featuring an unprecedented 5/6/4/4/7 pentacyclic ring skeleton, was obtained as a transformed product by leaving compound **1** under indoor natural light, and was further proved to be a [2+2] cycloaddition product of **1** by photochemical reaction. With the aid of X-ray diffraction analysis, the structure of scabrolide B (**2**), was revised as **2a** with the rare inelegane skeleton featured by the highly oxygenated 5/7/6 tricyclic carbocycle.

A novel TICT-based near-infrared fluorescent probe for light-up sensing and imaging of human serum albumin in real samples

Yufan Fan^a, Fangyuan Wang^{a,d}, Fanbin Hou^a, Lai Wei^b, Guanghao Zhu^a, Dongfang Zhao^a, Qing Hu^a, Tao Lei^c, Ling Yang^a, Ping Wang^a, Guangbo Ge^a

^a Shanghai Frontiers Science Center of TCM Chemical Biology, Institute of Interdisciplinary Integrative Medicine Research, Shanghai University of Traditional Chinese Medicine, Shanghai 201203, China ^b Key Lab of Separation Science for Analytical Chemistry, Dalian Institute of Chemical Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Dalian 116023, China

^c Putuo Hospital, Shanghai University of Traditional Chinese Medicine, Shanghai 200062, China ^d Key Laboratory of Liver and Kidney Diseases (Ministry of Education), Institute of Liver Diseases, Shuguang Hospital, Shanghai University of Traditional Chinese Medicine, Shanghai 201204, China

A novel TICT-based near-infrared fluorescent probe was rationally constructed for light-up sensing of HSA in real biological samples and for *in-situ* imaging of reabsorbed HSA in living renal cells.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107514



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Integration exosomes with MOF-modified multifunctional scaffold for accelerating vascularized bone regeneration

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A novel scaffold that immobilized exosomes onto MOF-based polymer mesh was fabricated for accelerating vascularized bone regeneration. The exosome-laden composite scaffold could promote the osteogenesis and angiogenesis *in vitro* and powerful bone regeneration *in vivo*.

Rational design, synthesis, and biological evaluation of novel C6-modified geldanamycin derivatives as potent Hsp90 inhibitors and anti-tumor agents

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We firstly demonstrated that docking study is able to provide a precise prediction of Hsp90 affinities of geldanamycin (GA) analogues, and the C6 substituent of GA is not erasable without affecting its biological activity.

Azobenzene quaternary ammonium salt for photo-controlled and reusable disinfection without drug resistance

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Compound **4** showed impressive antibacterial activity upon UV-induced *trans*-to-*cis* photoisomerization of azobenzene while its antibacterial activity was automatically lost after sterilization. Compound **4** killed bacteria with undetectable drug resistance. A concept for smart disinfection antibacterial agents was provided.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107528



Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107529



Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107543



Biological regulation on synovial fibroblast and the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis by nobiletin-loaded tetrahedral framework nucleic acids cargo tank

Yuting Wen, Mei Zhang, Yangxue Yao, Yang Gao, Xiaolin Zhang, Yunfeng Lin, Xiaoxiao Cai

State Key Laboratory of Oral Diseases, National Clinical Research Center for Oral Diseases, West China Hospital of Stomatology, Sichuan University, Chengdu 610041, China

Nobiletin-loaded tetrahedral framework nucleic acids cargo tank improved the drug effect of nobiletin, promoted the apoptosis of tumor-like synovial fibroblast and alleviated the course of rheumatoid arthritis more effectively compared with the same dosage of nobiletin.



Self-enhanced photothermal-chemodynamic antibacterial agents for synergistic anti-infective therapy

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Through the coating of Cu_{1.94}S nanoparticles with Fe(III)/tannic acid complexes, a novel non-antibiotic nanotherapeutics was successfully constructed. This antibacterial agent exhibited excellent self-enhanced photothermal/chemodynamic synergistic therapeutic efficacy *in vivo*.

Pyrolysis of single carbon sources in SBA-15: A recyclable solid phase synthesis to obtain uniform carbon dots with tunable luminescence

Xiaoqing Niu, Weijie Zheng, Tianbing Song, Zunhui Huang, Chunlei Yang, Liming Zhang, Wei Li, Huanming Xiong

Department of Chemistry and Shanghai Key Laboratory of Molecular Catalysis and Innovative Materials, Fudan University, Shanghai 200438, China

Multicolor-emissive carbon dots were made from single carbon sources by a recyclable template-assisted solid phase synthesis.



Yi Ding, Yu Jiang, Sunjie Xu, Xiujuan Xin, Faliang An

State Key Laboratory of Bioreactor Engineering, East China University of Science and Technology, Shanghai 200237, China

The first hirsutellone peroxide, perpyrrospirone A (1), characterized an unprecedented 6/5/6/8/5/13/6 oxahexacyclic scaffold with a unique peroxide-bridged 8,9-dioxa-2-azaspiro[4.7]dodecane core from marine-derived *Penicillium citrinum*.

Identification of 2-aminothiazoyl piperidine derivatives as a new class of adjuvants potentiating the activity of colistin against *Acinetobacter baumannii*

Yuce Chen^a, Zhen Li^b, Yu Yin^b, Ping Yang^b, Yijin Kong^a, Zhong Li^a, Daijie Chen^b, Xiaoyong Xu^a

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^b School of Pharmacy, Shanghai JiaoTong University, Shanghai 200240, China

Based on the hit compound **1** with moderate synergistic activity on colistin, a series of novel 2-aminothiazoyl piperidine derivatives were designed and synthesized to explore more active lead. The synergistic activity, SAR, time-kill curves, ADMET analysis, membrane permeability experiments, comparative molecular similarity indices analysis (CoMSIA) and the density functional theory (DFT) calculations of title compounds were investigated.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107542



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Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107562





Near infrared light-induced dynamic modulation of enzymatic activity through polyphenol-functionalized liquid metal nanodroplets

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The phenolic-functionalized liquid metal nanodroplets (PFLM) are designed with immobilization of different enzymes (PFLM-*E*, including proteinase K, glucoamylase, glucose oxidase, and Bst DNA polymerase) for achieving dynamic manipulation of the enzymatic activity through local heating by NIR irradiation without affecting the bulk temperature, which holds the potential in industrial fermentation, bacteriostasis, and target gene amplification.

Supercapacitors as redox mediators for decoupled water splitting

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^b National Engineering Research Center for Colloidal Materials, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Shandong University, Ji'nan 250100, China

^c Shandong Shengtong Optical Materials Technology Co., Ltd., Dongying 257500, China

We propose to use supercapacitors as solid state redox mediators for decoupled water splitting to allow O_2 and H_2 to be produced at different times, at different rates. $Na_{0.5}MnO_2$ (pseudocapacitor) and active carbon (double layer capacitor), used as the supercapacitor based mediator show superior current density (1 A/cm^2) and ultralong cycle-life (8000 cycles) compared with commonly investigated battery-based mediators (NiOOH/Ni(OH)₂).

Graphene oxide modified membrane for alleviated ammonia crossover and improved electricity generation in thermally regenerative batteries

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^b Institute of Engineering Thermophysics, School of Energy and Power Engineering, Chongqing University, Chongqing 400030, China

A graphene oxide modified membrane was proposed to alleviate ammonia crossover in thermally regenerative batteries without compromising the battery performance.

Li-MOF-based ions regulator enabling fast-charging and dendrite-free lithium metal anode

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A multifunctional separator is designed with Li-MOF coating to regulate Li⁺ flux transportation and to form stable SEI. The well-defined intrinsic nanochannels in Li-MOF restrict the free migration of anions and enable a high Li⁺ transference number that further suppresses the dendritic nucleation process.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107795



Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107709



Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107704





In situ crosslinking of polyoxometalate-polymer nanocomposites for robust high-temperature proton exchange membranes

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^b Key Laboratory of High Performance Plastics, Ministry of Education, College of Chemistry, Jilin University, Changchun 130012, China

Bicontinuous proton exchange membranes were prepared based on the *in situ* electrostatic crosslinking of a polyoxometalate and a comb copolymer, which show both high anhydrous proton conductivity and high mechanical performance.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107497



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Synergistic chemical and electrochemical strategy for high-performance Zn//MnO₂ batteries

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 ^a School of Materials Science & Engineering, Hunan Provincial Key Laboratory of Electronic Packaging and Advanced Functional Materials, Central South University, Changsha 410083, China
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College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Jishou University, Jishou 416000, China

^d School of Physics and Electronics, Hunan University, Changsha 410083, China

The synergistic strategy of chemical defects engineering and electrochemical induced structural evolution is proposed for improving ion/charge transfer kinetics and structural stability in aqueous Zn/λ -MnO₂ system

Visible light responsive spiropyran derivatives based on dynamic coordination bonds

Xiong Xiao, Wei Zheng, Yue Zhao, Cheng-Hui Li

State Key Laboratory of Coordination Chemistry, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Nanjing National Laboratory of Microstructures, Collaborative Innovation Center of Advanced Microstructures, Nanjing University, Nanjing 210023, China

A new type of visible light-responsive spiropyran has been developed through introducing both electron-donating substituents and dynamic coordination bonds.

Tetradentate cyclometalated platinum complex enables high-performance near-infrared electroluminescence with excellent device stability

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^b Jiangsu Engineering Laboratory of Light-Electricity-Heat Energy-Converting Materials and Applications, Changzhou University, Changzhou 213164, China

A novel tetradentate cyclometalated platinum complex enables high-performance near-infrared electroluminescence with maximum external quantum efficiency of 5.2%, maximum radiance of 74626 mW sr⁻¹ m⁻² and LT90 of 119 h.

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One-dimensional ZnSe@N-doped carbon nanofibers with simple electrospinning route for superior Na/K-ion storage

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^a Hunan University of Technology, Zhuzhou 412008, China

^b School of Physics and Electronics, Hunan University, Changsha 410082, China

One-dimensional ZnSe@NC NFs have successfully synthesized by the ordinary electrospinning and annealing. The as-synthesized ZnSe@NC NFs material exhibits higher capacity and better rate capability in the cycling process as a novel anode material for Na/K-ion batteries than that of the ZnO@NC NFs material.

CO oxidation on MXene (Mo₂CS₂) supported single-atom catalyst: A termolecular Eley-Rideal mechanism

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^e Department of Chemistry, Mirpur University of Science and Technology (MUST), Mirpur, AJK 10250, Pakistan

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^h Department of Chemistry-Ångström, Uppsala University, Box 538, Uppsala 75121, Sweden

Department of Chemistry, Southern University of Science and Technology, Shenzhen 518055, China

Stable noble metal atom loaded on MXene surface $(NM_1@Mo_2CS_2)$ as a single-atom catalyst (SAC) exhibits excellent catalytic performance *via* Termolecular Eley-Rideal Mechanism for CO oxidation with an activation energy barrier of 0.65 eV (Ru₁) and 0.59 eV (Ir₁).

Monolithic polyimine vitrimer/graphene aerogel composites

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^b Department of Chemistry, University of Colorado Boulder, Boulder, CO 80309, United States

Monolithic polyimine vitrimer/graphene aerogel (GA) composites (mPI-aGAs) have been prepared *via* simple infiltration of polyimine monomers into the pores of GA. The resulting mPI-aGAs showed durable compressibility, high compressive strength (up to 1.2 MPa), high conductivity (up to 79 S/m), excellent rehealability, as well as piezoresistive properties.

Bimetallic CoNiSe₂/C nanosphere anodes derived from Ni-Co-metal-organic framework precursor towards higher lithium storage capacity

Weifan Zhang^{a,c}, Lei Wang^{a,c}, Guochun Ding^{a,c}, Yuejia Yang^{a,c}, Guang Yang^{a,c}, Jing Xu^{a,c}, Ningning Xu^{a,c}, Lingling Xie^{b,c}, Qing Han^{a,c}, Limin Zhu^{a,c}, Xiaoyu Cao^{a,c}, Jianmin Ma^d

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^b School of Environmental Engineering, Henan University of Technology, Zhengzhou 450001, China ^c Key Laboratory of High Specific Energy Materials for Electrochemical Power Sources of Zhengzhou City, Henan University of Technology, Zhengzhou 450001, China

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We prepared Ni-Co-MOF, Ni-MOF and Co-MOF precursors with nano-sphere structure by a simple thermal method, and calcined in an argon atmosphere to obtain CoNiSe₂/C, NiSe/C and CoSe₂/ C composite material. The three materials were subjected to a variety of physical property characterization and electrochemical analysis, and all demonstrated the superiority of CoNiSe₂/C as a negative electrode material for lithium-ion batteries. Moreover, this work provides great reference value for the application of MOFs-derived bimetallic selenides in the field of lithium-ion batteries.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107416



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A mechanistic study of selective propane dehydrogenations on MoS₂ supported single Fe atoms

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^b School of Physics and Information Technology, Shaanxi Normal University, Xi'an 710119, China ^c Macao Institute of Materials Science and Engineering, Macau University of Science and Technology, Macau SAR 999078, China

Fe atoms may atomically disperse on MoS_2 (Fe₁/ MoS_2) and serve as a promising single-atom catalyst for propane dehydrogenation. The catalytic selectivity is originated from the kinetic inhibition of propylene dehydrogenation resulting from fast propenyl hydrogenation.

An innovative rhein-matrine cocrystal: Synthesis, characterization, formation mechanism and pharmacokinetic study

Hongjuan Wang^a, Dezhi Yang^a, Wen Zhang^b, Junke Song^b, Ningbo Gong^a, Mingchao Yu^a, Shiying Yang^a, Baoxi Zhang^a, Qiwen Liu^a, Guanhua Du^b, Yang Lu^a

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An innovative rhein-matrine cocrystal with the improved solubility and oral bioavailibity was prepared.

Highly active Fe₃₆Co₄₄ bimetallic nanoclusters catalysts for hydrolysis of ammonia borane: The first-principles study

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^c Institute of Environmental and Energy Catalysis, School of Materials Science and Chemical Engineering, Xi'an Technological University, Xi'an 710021, China

^d College of Resources and Environmental Engineering, Tianshui Normal University, Tianshui 741001, China

The hydrolysis reaction of Ammonia borane (NH_3BH_3 , AB) on $Fe_{36}Co_{44}$ bimetallic nanoclusters is investigated by the First-principles study. Activation of B-N, N-H and B-H bonds is involved in the catalytic process.

A hybrid ambipolar synaptic transistor emulating multiplexed neurotransmission for motivation control and experience-dependent learning

Zhipeng Xu, Yao Ni, Hong Han, Huanhuan Wei, Lu Liu, Shuo Zhang, Hao Huang, Wentao Xu

Institute of Optoelectronic Thin Film Devices and Technology, Key Laboratory of Optoelectronic Thin Film Devices and Technology of Tianjin, College of Electrical Information and Optical Engineering, National Institute for Advanced Materials, Nankai University, Tianjin 300350, China

A plasticity-switchable artificial synapse has been proposed to emulate the multiplexed transmission of different neurotransmitters by altering the charge carriers in parallel channels, and simulate the task-learning process of individuals with different motivations.

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NH₃BH₃ +H₂O

H,

Fe

Co



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Benzothiophene and benzosulfone fused pyrazino[2,3-g]quinoxaline: Synthesis and semiconducting properties

Fangwei Ding^a, Debin Xia^a, Xiping Ding^a, Ruibin Deng^a, Congwu Ge^b, Yulin Yang^a, Ruiqing Fan^a, Kaifeng Lin^a, Xike Gao^b

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Two novel air-stable n-type azaarenes with deep frontier orbital energy levels were prepared.

Ultrasensitive photochromism and impedance dual response to weak visible light by solvated Pb(II) modified polyoxomolybdate

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A novel structure-defined Pb^{2+} linked polycomolybdate complex of $[(Pb(DMF)_4)_3(P_2Mo_{18}O_{62})_2]_n$ (Pb₃Mo₁₈) has been successfully synthesized, which shows an ultrasensitive photochromic response to weak visible lights (5 W LED). Moreover, the electrochemical impedance signals of Pb₃Mo₁₈ coated on the screen printed chip electrode are also response to weak visible lights, confirming that Pb₃Mo₁₈ is an ultrasensitive dual response sensor to light signals and laying a foundation to extend the application of POMs in portable photo- and electro-chemical sensors.

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DL-Serine covalently modified multinuclear lanthanide-implanted arsenotungstates with fast photochromism

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A series of rapid photochromic DL-serine covalently modified multinuclear lanthanide (Ln^{3+}) implanted arsenotungstates $K_2[{Ln(H_2O)_7}_2{As_4W_{44}O_{137}(OH)_{18}(H_2O)_2(DL-Ser)_2}]{Ln_2(H_2O)_5(DL-Ser)}_2] \cdot 65H_2O$ (DL-Ser = DL-serine, Ln = La (1), Ce (2), Pr (3)) are obtained, in which the polyoxoanion is constituted of two ${As_2W_{19}O_{59}(OH)_8(H_2O)}_5^{-1}$ subunits, joined together by a $[W_6O_{23}(OH)_2(DL-Ser)_2]^{14-}$ fragment and two embedded $[Ln_2(H_2O)_5(DL-Ser)]^{5+}$ groups.

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Amorphous FeCoNi-S as efficient bifunctional electrocatalysts for overall water splitting reaction

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An amorphous FeCoNi-S was effective as a bifunctional catalyst for water splitting reaction with good activity and high stability.





Interlayer and doping engineering in partially graphitic hollow carbon nanospheres for fast sodium and potassium storage

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Key Laboratory of Eco-functional Polymer Materials of the Ministry of Education, Key Laboratory of Eco-environmental Polymer Materials of Gansu Province, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Northwest Normal University, Lanzhou 730070, China

N/S co-doped hollow carbon nanospheres were prepared by involving an *in situ* growth of polydopamine on nano-Ni(OH)₂ template with subsequent sulfur doping process. The as-prepared electrode with enlarged interlayer spacing and high content of pyridinic N/pyrrolic N facilitates the fast transport kinetics for high-performance sodium ion batteries and potassium ion batteries.

Porous 2D CuO nanosheets for efficient triethylamine detection at low temperature

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^b Department of Applied Physics, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Hong Kong, China

^c Department of Chemistry, Fudan University, Shanghai 200433, China

^d Shanghai Institute of Ceramics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 200050, China

The sensor based on porous 2D CuO nanosheet shows high selectivity, good selectivity and low detection limit for triethylamine gas detection at low temperature.

Fine-tuning of pore-space-partitioned metal-organic frameworks for efficient C_2H_2/C_2H_4 and C_2H_2/CO_2 separation

Xiaobing Mu, Yingying Xue, Mancheng Hu, Peng Zhang, Ying Wang, Haipeng Li, Shuni Li, Quanguo Zhai

Key Laboratory of Macromolecular Science of Shaanxi Province, Key Laboratory of Applied Surface and Colloid Chemistry, Ministry of Education, School of Chemistry & Chemical Engineering, Shaanxi Normal University, Xi'an 710062, China

New metal-organic frameworks rationally designed by the pore space partition strategy exhibit excellent C_2H_2/C_2H_4 and C_2H_2/CO_2 adsorption and separation performance promoted by suitable pore sizes and functionalized Lewis basic sites.

Two-dimensional porous Cu-CuO nanosheets: Integration of heterojunction and morphology engineering to achieve high-effective and stable reduction of the aromatic nitro-compounds

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^b Key Laboratory of Functional Inorganic Material Chemistry, Ministry of Education of the People's Republic of China, Heilongjiang University, Harbin 150080, China

Two-dimensional porous Cu-CuO heterojunction nanosheets (2D Cu-CuO NS) were designed and synthesized with high yield based on 3-aminopropyl-triethoxysilane (KH550) aided synthetic strategy. Due to the 2D porous structure and the synergistic effect of Cu and CuO, the 2D Cu-CuO heterojuntion showed excellent catalytic activity and stability for the reduction of the various aromatic nitro-compounds, being at the forefront of reported non-noble metal catalysts.

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Triethylanise CiO nanoster CiO nanoster CiO nanoster CiO nanoster CiO nanoster

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Single-bond-linked oligomeric donors for high performance organic solar cells

Min Lv^{a,b}, Yi Tang^{a,b}, Dingding Qiu^{a,b}, Wenjun Zou^a, Ruimin Zhou^{a,b}, Lixuan Liu^{a,b}, Ziyun Huang^{a,b}, Jianqi Zhang^a, Kun Lu^{a,b}, Zhixiang Wei^{a,b}

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Two novel acceptor-donor-donor-acceptor (A-D-D-A) type oligomeric donors 2DTBDT and 2DTBDT-2T with a lager conjugated unit linked-DTBDT as the central donor were successfully designed and synthesized. The 2DTBDT-2T:Y6 blend films achieved a smoother surface, stronger crystallinity and more uniform phase separation morphology, which delivered higher and more balanced carrier mobilities, more efficient exciton dissociation and reduced biomolecular recombination, therefore obtaining better power conversion efficiencies of 12.31%.

Degradation of platinum electrocatalysts for methanol oxidation by lead contamination

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^c School of Chemistry, South China Normal University, Guangzhou 510006, China

In this paper, an abnormal phenomenon that the electrocatalytic activity of Pt toward methanol oxidation is largely lost in a Pb-contaminated environment is reported as indicated by the significant decrease in methanol oxidation current with the presence of Pb^{2+} in the solution. The possible mechanism on the activity loss of Pt by Pb contamination is given and confirmed by simulations.

Nitrogen doped hollow carbon nanospheres as efficient polysulfide restricted layer on commercial separators for high-performance lithium-sulfur batteries

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Commercial polypropylene/polyethylene/polypropylene tri-layer separators modified by nitrogen doped hollow carbon nanospheres (PP/PE/PP@NHCS) exhibits efficient inhibition of lithium polysulfides shuttle due to the abundant nitrogen heteroatoms and unique hollow spherical morphology in NHCS, further promotes the utilization of active sulfur, and thus resulting in enhanced electrochemical performances of Li-S batteries.

Defect-rich and highly porous carbon nanosheets derived from Ti₃AlC₂ MAX with good lithium storage properties

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An ultrathin two-dimensional carbon nanosheets (CNS) with rich defects and abundant pores was obtained via two-step etching the Ti_3AlC_2 under the help of I_2 and NaOH. Such ultra-thin CNS with high specific surface area provides promising potential applications in various fields.

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107321





Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107230

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107232





Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107228

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Phase-field simulation tending to depict practical electrodeposition process in lithium-based batteries

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The dependent relationships among key factors (diffusion coefficient/exchange current density/electrolyte concentration/temperature) are included into the electrochemical phase-field model to capture their synergistic effects on electrodeposition morphologies.

Self-assembled nanostructures of a series of linear oligothiophene derivatives adsorbed on surfaces

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The self-assembly behaviors of linear oligothiophene derivatives DCV-*n*T-Hex ($n=3\sim11$) driven by hydrogen bond and van der Waals force were investigated by STM and DFT calculations, and the orientation of molecular alkyl chains was found to greatly affect the intermolecular interactions.

Integrated microalgae culture with food processing waste for wastewater remediation and enhanced biomass productivity

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In comparison to the non-integrated medium, the mixture of biscuit waste as growth media offers the greatest microalgae production (146.63 mg $L^{-1}d^{-1}$), lipid yield (238.20 mg/g), protein (227.45 mg/g), and carbohydrate concentration (314.01 mg/g).

Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107993



Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107568





Chinese Chemical Le	tters (中国化学快报)		
Responsible Institution:	China Association for Science and Technology		
Sponsor:	Chinese Chemical Society		
	Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences		
Editor-in-Chief:	Xuhong Qian		
Address:	Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences		
	1 Xian Nong Tan Street, Beijing 100050, China		
Tel:	86-10-63165638		
E-mail:	cclbj@imm.ac.cn		
Website:	www.chinchemlett.com.cn		
Online Submission:	https://www.editorialmanager.com/cclet/default2.aspx		
Publisher:	Editorial Office of Chinese Chemical Letters		
	ELSEVIER B.V.		
Printer:	Beijing Kexin Printing Co., Ltd.		
Date:	15 February 2023		
国内发行: 全国各地邮户	局 邮发代号: 2-915 定价: 200元/本; 2400元/年		

Available online at www.sciencedirect.com





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