

QK2305273 ISSN 1001-8417 CN 11-2710/O6



Chinese Chemical Letters (中国化学快报)

Volume 34 | Number 7 | JULY 2023





REVIEW Ying Liu, Yi Liu, Xiang Wu Defect engineering of vanadium-based electrode materials for zinc ion battery COMMUNICATION

Yiyan Fan, Shiqing Deng, Er-Jia Guo, Jun Chen, et al. Improved multiferroic in EuTiO₃ films by interphase strain engineering

Chinese Chemical Society лъздалятите of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Chinese Chemical Letters

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/cclet

Graphical Abstracts/Chin Chem Lett 34 (2023) 108612

Editorials

Mechanisms of photoluminescence in the molecular state of carbon dots prepared from *o*-phenylenediamine

Feishi Shan^{a,b}, Jing Zhang^a, Chengshuang Liao^a, Zhouyu Wang^a, Leyong Wang^{a,b}

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Sun's group from Beijing University of Technology, China, prepared red-emission CDs in high yield by a solvent-free method based on *o*-phenylenediamine and analyzed the origin of the red emission and the formation of CDs. 5,14-Dihydroquinoxalino[2,3-*b*]phenazine (DHQP) was successfully isolated from the system and identified as the fluorophore of the CDs. These findings provide insight into the PL mechanism of this type of CDs and may guide the further development of CDs that can be tuned to obtain tailored properties.

Phosphine ligands featuring C–N chiral axis applicable to tetra-*ortho*-substituted biaryl synthesis

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Very recently, introducing an asymmetric carbazole unit to the phenyl ring at the *ortho*-position of P atom, Kwong and co-workers designed a novel type of atropisomeric phosphines featuring C–N axial chirality, and provided a mild synthetic method for enantioenriched tetra-*ortho*-substituted biaryls *via* Pd-catalyzed Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling. In this editorial, the challenge and novelty of ligand design as well as corresponding reaction mechanism was highlighted, revealing great potential in the frontier transition-metal catalysis by designing new chiral catalytic system bearing the "Pd-arene-walking" characteristic.



DHQP graphitic lave

or / and

CCL

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CDs





万方数据

Divided or undivided? Electrolytic cells regulate site selectivity in C-H carboxylation of *N*-heteroarenes

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Yu, Lin and co-workers reported a highly selective site-regulated C–H carboxylation of *N*-heteroarenes with CO_2 by changing the electrochemical reactors, where a divided cell gave rise to C5-carboxylation of pyridines and an undivided cell resulted in C4-carboxylation remarkably.

Highlight

ICG/Lecithin: A promising theranostic agent for simultaneous therapy and diagnosis of MRI and PAI

Peiyu Wang^a, Huirong Lin^a, Changhong Li^{a,b}, Gang Liu^{a,b}

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ICG can be a contrast agent for MRI to provide a greater degree of accuracy in the identification of iron. Using supramolecular assembly to chelate ICG with Lecithin to improve PAI detection efficiency can be a complement for MRI iron overload diagnosis. The ICG/Lecithin system is a comprehensive treatment with a diagnosis program for iron overloaded livers.

Reviews

Selenium and human nervous system

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Selenium is an important element for human nervous system. Selenium-containing compounds/materials have been wide employed for nervous system disease treatment. This review aims to summarize recent progresses and give a perspective.

Transition-metal-free coupling reactions involving *gem*-diborylalkanes

Yongli Li, Dalong Shen, Hao Zhang, Zhenxing Liu

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gem–Diborylalkanes have recently emerged as powerful building blocks and enabling reagents for C–C and C-B bond formations even in the absence of transition metal catalysts. This review discusses these compounds' fundamental properties and most recent applications in transition-metal-free coupling reactions, especially those involving the α, α -diboryl carbanions and α -boryl carbanions intermediates.





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Treatment of

iron-overload disorders

ICG/Leci

Intravene Injection

A promising theranostic agent for simultaneous detection and treatment

High se

sitivity and specificy

MRI/PAI probes





MOFs and bone: Application of MOFs in bone tissue engineering and bone diseases

Xiang Li, Xingyue Shu, Yixin Shi, Haolin Li, Xibo Pei

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Recent years, MOFs have been used in more and more fields, especially in the biological researches. MOFs can promote osteogenesis by promoting osteoblasts, inhibiting osteoclasts, and promoting angiogenesis, meanwhile, MOFs can also be used to treat bone diseases, such as osteoporosis, osteoarthritis, and osteomyelitis.

Recent progress in MXenes incorporated into electrospun nanofibers for biomedical application: Study focusing from 2017 to 2022

Muheeb Rafiq^a, Sami-ullah Rather^b, Taha Umair Wani^a, Anjum Hamid Rather^a, Rumysa Saleem Khan^a, Anees Ellahi Khan^a, Ibtisam Hamid^a, Haseeb A. Khan^c, Abdullah S. Alhomida^c, Faheem A. Sheikh^a

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MXenes can be used as potential two-dimensional (2D) material for enhancing the biomedical application of nanofibers.

Recent status and future perspectives of ZnIn₂S₄ for energy conversion and environmental remediation

Mengzhu Li^a, Longlu Wang^a, Xinyu Zhang^c, Weinan Yin^a, Yingbo Zhang^a, Jingwen Li^a, Ziyang Yin^a, Yuntao Cai^a, Shujuan Liu^b, Qiang Zhao^{a,b}

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Biosensors, Institute of Advanced Materials (IAM), Nanjing University of Posts and Telecommunications, Nanjing 210023, China

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This review aims to shed light on the crystal structure and preparation methods, discuss fundamental modulation strategies, summarize important potential applications of $Znln_2S_4$ and finally put forward some future perspectives of this promising photocatalyst.

Recent advances in cathodes for all-solid-state lithium-sulfur batteries

Shengbo Yang, Bo Wang, Qiang Lv, Nan Zhang, Zekun Zhang, Yutong Jing, Jinbo Li, Rui Chen, Bochen Wu, Pengfei Xu, Dianlong Wang

MIIT Key Laboratory of Critical Materials Technology for New Energy Conversion and Storage, State Key Laboratory of Urban Water Resource and Environment, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, China

The review focuses on the studies in cathode materials and cathode structures for all-solid-state lithium-sulfur batteries.

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Recent advances in zinc-ion hybrid energy storage: Coloring high-power capacitors with battery-level energy

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Recent advances in zinc-ion hybrid capacitors are versatilely presented to remedy the specific capacity and dynamics mismatch for superior energy storage.

Defect engineering of vanadium-based electrode materials for zinc ion battery

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Defect engineering is considered as a feasible strategy to tune the electronic properties of materials. The introduction of defects can effectively promote the ion diffusion kinetics and improve the electronic conductivity. Therefore, it is widely employed in the modification of electrode materials.

Structure-activity relationship of defective electrocatalysts for nitrogen fixation

Yusheng Wang, Nan Yang, Xue Xin, Yingjie Yu, Yuao Wei, Baoli Zha, Wenjing Liu

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Nitrogen reduction reaction (NRR) is one of the most attractive topics for obtaining clean and sustainable ammonia. This review discusses the detailed classifications and characters of defects, the reported approaches to create defects, and the recent progress of several classical defect types for NRR. The challenges and their solutions for NRR have been summarized.

Communications

Synergistic Pd/Cu catalysis enabled cross-coupling of glycosyl stannanes with sulfonium salts to access C-aryl/alkenyl glycals

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A highly efficient coupling of glycosyl stannanes and sulfonium salts enabled by synergistic Pd/Cu catalysis is disclosed, facilitating the construction of C-aryl/alkenyl glycals under mild conditions in high yields.

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Pd/Cu Catalyzed cross-coupling of glycosyl stannanes and sulfonium salts		
	Pd/Cu catalysis	
	Room temperature R' = Ar, Alkenyl	
One-pot straightforward C-H glycosylation from arenes		
Ar-H Ar-H Ar-H Ar-H Ar Br-S R Ar Br-S R Ar Br-S		
Not isolated		









Ligand enabled none-oxidative decarbonylation of aliphatic aldehydes

Bo Li^a, Shihao Liu^a, Wu Fan^b, Xiaotong Shen^a, Jing Xu^a, Suhua Li^a

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^b Key Laboratory of Tobacco Flavor Basic Research, Zhengzhou Tobacco Research Institute of CNTC, Zhengzhou 450001, China

A rare example of Ir(1)-catalyzed direct decarbonylation of α -quaternary aldehydes was reported with broad substrate scope and good functional group compatibility. In addition, a broad-spectrum decarbonylation of α -secondary and α -tertiary aldehydes containing multifunctional groups was also achieved with an improved Rh(1)/DPPP recipe.

TBAI/H₂O-cooperative electrocatalytic decarboxylation coupling-annulation of quinoxalin-2(1*H*)-ones with *N*-arylglycines

Yu-Han Lu^a, Zhuo-Tao Zhang^b, Hong-Yu Wu^b, Min-Hang Zhou^b, Hai-Yang Song^b, Hong-Tao Ji^b, Jun Jiang^b, Jin-Yang Chen^b, Wei-Min He^b

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The first example of TBAI/H₂O cooperative electrocatalytic coupling-annulation of quinoxalin-2(1*H*)-ones with *N*-phenylglycines was developed. The reaction proceeds under chemical oxidant-, additive-, exogenous electrolyte-free and mild conditions with high functional-group tolerance, as demonstrated by the acid-, base- and oxidant-sensitive groups can be well tolerated. Mechanistic studies revealed that the generated H-bond between *N*-arylglycine and water served as a key factor for yielding α -aminomethyl radical at lower oxidative potential.

Ultrathin two-dimensional porphyrinic metal-organic framework nanosheets induced by the axial aryl substituent

Jurong Dong, Yufei Wang, Yu-Lin Lu, Li Zhang

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Ultrathin porphyrinic metal-organic framework Rh2-PCN-222 nanosheets with the thickness around 5.4-9.6 nm was prepared from the self-assembly of metalloporphyrin with an axial aryl substituent and $ZrCl_4$, which were efficient for CO_2 transformations under atmospheric pressure.

Organocatalytic enantioselective construction of bicyclic *y*-butrolactones

Qiang Zhang^a, Jingxiang Pang^a, Tian-Zhang Wang^b, Feng Chen^a, Minghao Shen^a, Tianyu Li^a, Yongshuai Chai^a, Yu-Feng Liang^b, Jie Sun^a, Zhushuang Bai^a

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Organo-catalyzed enantioselective reaction of furanones with α , β -unsaturated ketones has been developed, affording chiral bicyclic γ -butyrolactones in good yields, enantioselectivities and diastereoselectivities.

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30 Examples, 67%-88% yields R Exclusive chemo- and regio-selectivities Acid-, base- and oxidant-sensitive groups tolerance Dual role of TBAI:catalyst and electrolyte Dual role of H₂O: co-solvent and co-catalyst

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Mild conditions Broad scop Up to 98% ee and >20:1 dr

Chiral selection of Tröger's base-based macrocycles with different ethylene glycol chains length in crystallization

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Two Tröger's base-based macrocycles (TBBMs) with different bridging chains were synthesized and studied by the crystal analysis. These two TBBMs possess rare rectangular-like cavities and show chiral selection behaviors during crystallization.

Supramolecular assemblies of cucurbit[*n*]urils and 4-aminopyridine controlled by cucurbit[*n*]uril size (n = 5, 6, 7 and 8)

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In this work, we have constructed five supramolecular host-guest systems using a series of cucurbit[n]urils (Q[5], Q[6], TMeQ[6], Q[7], Q[8]) and 4-aminopyridine (4-AP). X-ray crystallography clearly reveals how the Q[n]s bind with 4-AP to form complexes, for example Q[5] forms an outer-surface complex, whilst Q[6], TMeQ[6] and Q[7] formed a 1:1 host and guest type complex, and Q[8] formed a stable 1:2 ternary complex due to its large cavity, which can accommodate two 4-AP molecules.

Chloride anion-induced dimer capsule based on a polyfluorinated macrocycle *meta*-WreathArene

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A novel polyfluorinated cyclophane, *meta*-WreathArene, has been efficiently synthesized, which can form dimer capsule induced by chloride anions.

Synthesis and immunological evaluation of Mincle ligands-based antitumor vaccines

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A novel Mincle ligands-based antitumor vaccine conjugated with MUC1 antigen were synthesized and the immune effect was investigated through the detection of the antibody immune response, CDC and CTL.

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Strategic design of lysine-targeted irreversible covalent NDM-1 inhibitors

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Cephalosporins irreversible covalent NDM-1 inhibitors were designed and several methods, including MS, SDS-PAGE, fluorescent labeling, and coumarin probe were used to demonstrate the formation of covalent bound with Lys211. The cephalosporin-based strategy endowed **11** good synergistic antibacterial effects *in vitro* and *in vivo* with meropenem and excellent safety profile.

(+)/(-)-Yanhusuosines A and B, two dimeric benzylisoquinoline-protoberberine alkaloid atropo-enantiomers featuring polycyclic skeletons from Corydalis yanhusuo

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Two pairs of *atropo*-enantiomeric homodimers, which represent the first examples of benzylisoquinoline-protoberberine dimeric alkaloids featuring an unprecedented 6/7/6/6/6 hexacyclic skeleton, were isolated from the tubers of *Corydalis yanhusuo*.

Degradable nanocatalyst enables antitumor/antibacterial therapy and promotion of wound healing for diabetes *via* self-enhanced cascading reaction

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A degradable nanocatalyst-CMGOx based on chitosan utilizes endogenous substances for self-enhanced cascade catalytic reactions to achieve antitumor/antibacterial therapy and promotion of wound healing for diabetes *via* synergistic effect of chemodynamic therapy and starvation therapy.

Brasenia-inspired hydrogel with sustained and sequential release of BMP and WNT activators for improved bone regeneration

Xinqing Hao^a, Xuewei Zhang^{b,c}, Yue Hu^d, Chunxia Ren^a, Cangwei Liu^d, Lu Wang^a, Yijun Zhou^d, Shuangshuang Wang^d, Huanyu Luo^{a,e}, Guangxing Yan^{a,e}, Xiao Wang^{a,e}, Xiaomeng Wang^{a,e}, Feilong Ren^{a,e}, Ce Shi^{a,e}, Wenlong Song^c, Hongchen Sun^{a,e}

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Our design, inspired by the *Brasenia*, combined ALG hydrogel with CS hydrogel to form heterogeneous hydrogel. BMP and WNT signaling activators, FK506 and BIO, were loaded in different layers of the heterogeneous hydrogel. The heterogeneous hydrogel achieved a sustained and sequentially release of FK506 and BIO, leading to effective repair of bone defects.

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Contents

A tetrahedral framework nucleic acid based multifunctional nanocapsule for tumor prophylactic mRNA vaccination

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This is the first study to report a dual-adjuvant multifunctional nanocapsule for mRNA vaccination, which is composed of CpG-loaded tetrahedral framework nucleic acid and a host defense peptide murine β -defensin 2. The dual-adjuvant mRNA nanovaccine elicits desirable *in vitro* activation and antigen presentation of dendritic cells, and demonstrates excellent *in vivo* tumor-prophylactic effects.

Efficient gene transfection of suspension cells by highly branched $poly(\beta$ -amino ester)

Delu Che^a, Chenfei Wang^b, Zhili Li^b, Kaixuan Wang^b, Shuaiwei Sun^b, Xinyue Zhang^a, Yi Li^c, Zhengju Chen^d, Lei Guo^d, Yajing Hou^e, Dezhong Zhou^b, Songmei Geng^a

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HPAE mediates high levels of gene transfection in suspension cells.

High-dimensional zinc porphyrin nanoframeworks as efficient radiosensitizers for cervical cancer

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Using zinc porphyrin sub-unit, uniformly sized nanoframeworks with various coordination structures are generated as efficient radiosensitizers. Experimental data show that the high-dimensional nanoframeworks exhibit higher X-ray response performance.

Targeting self-enhanced ROS-responsive artesunatum prodrug nanoassembly potentiates gemcitabine activity by down-regulating CDA expression in cervical cancer

Shengtao Wang^{a,b}, Kunyi Yu^b, Zhiyu Yu^b, Bingchen Zhang^{b,c}, Chaojie Chen^b, Ling Lin^b, Zibo Li^b, Zhongjun Li^c, Yuhua Zheng^a, Zhiqiang Yu^{b,c}

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The preparation of targeting nanomedicine based on reactive oxygen species (ROS) responsive traditional Chinese medicine prodrugs for synergistic and enhanced chemotherapy. The endogenous ROS and newly generated ROS by artemisia (ART) can reduce the expression of cytidine deaminase (CDA), optimizes the metabolism of gemcitabine (GEM) and potentiates GEM activity.

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万方数据

Generation of color-controllable room-temperature phosphorescence via luminescent center engineering and in-situ immobilization

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^a International Joint Research Center for Photo-responsive Molecules and Materials, School of Chemical and Material Engineering, Jiangnan University, Wuxi 214122, China

^b College of Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou 450001, China A luminescent center engineering and in-situ immobilization strategy was proposed to prepare

color-controllable room-temperature phosphorescent (RTP) materials in this study. Furthermore, the potential applications of the as-obtained materials for advanced anti-counterfeiting and information encryption were preliminarily demonstrated.

Colorful ultralong room-temperature phosphorescence in dual-ligand metal-organic framework

Shuya Liu, Yuhang Lin, Dongpeng Yan

Beijing Key Laboratory of Energy Conversion and Storage Materials, College of Chemistry, Key Laboratory of Radiopharmaceuticals, Ministry of Education, Beijing Normal University, Beijing 100875, China

Dual-ligand 3D metal-organic framework (MOF) exhibits excitation-dependent ultralong phosphorescence and up-conversion characters.

Ultralong room temperature phosphorescence via the charge transfer-separation-recombination mechanism based on organic small molecule doping strategy

Yanan Wang, Chao Wang, Jingran Zhang, Yurong Guo, Peng Zhao, Xiaoxue Fang, Guangjiu Zhao

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This work developed a novel organic host-guest doping system with excellent URTP properties. The phosphorescence is visible to the naked eye. Since different phosphor wavelengths correspond to different lifetimes, different photophysical processes are illustrated. The charge transfer-separation-recombination process between host and guest is responsible for the realization of URTP.

Electrochemical analysis of microRNAs with hybridization chain reaction-based triple signal amplification

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A triple signal amplification strategy was developed for trace microRNA-21 (miRNA-21) detection by combining with target-triggered cyclic strand displacement reaction (TCSDR), hybridization chain reaction (HCR) and enzyme catalytic amplification.

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Pan-cancer analysis of DNA epigenetic modifications by hydrophilic interaction liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry

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We performed accurate quantification and evaluation of the alterations of DNA epigenetic modifications in various types of cancer by HILIC-MS/MS, and the content of genomic m⁶dA was revealed, for the first time, in pancreatic cancer, stromal tumor and colorectal cancer. The results suggested that these DNA epigenetic modifications could be potential indicators for cancer diagnosis and prognosis.

In-situ carbonizing of coal pitch on the surface of silica sphere as *quasi*-graphitized carbon stationary phase for liquid chromatography

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A novel *quasi-graphitized carbon/silica composite material was used as stationary phase for liquid chromatography.*

Single-particle detection of cholesterol based on the host-guest recognition induced plasmon resonance energy transfer

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In this work, we constructed a detection platform of cholesterol based on the β -cyclodextrin (β -CD) modified GNPs (GNPs@CD NPs). In virtue of the host-guest interaction between β -CD and cholesterol, a straight, low-sample consumption and sensitive single particle plasmonic imaging approach for the detection of cholesterol was realized.

Intermetallic CuAu nanoalloy for stable electrochemical CO₂ reduction

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In this work, we developed a method for the synthesis of highly ordered CuAu intermetallic nanoalloys (o-CuAu) under mild conditions (< 250 °C), which can convert carbon dioxide to carbon monoxide with high selectivity and can operate stably for 160 h without current decay.

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Amorphous porous sulfides nanosheets with hydrophilic/aerophobic surface for high-current-density water splitting

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The hydrophilic and aerophobic a-CoNiS/NF self-supporting nanosheets electrode synthesized through the sulfurization strategy exhibits remarkable bifunctional catalytic properties toward HER and OER and allows to operate at a high current density for water splitting.

Photocatalytic Cr(VI) reduction over MIL-88A(Fe) on polyurethane sponge: From batch to continuous-flow operation

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^b Beijing Energy Conservation & Sustainable Urban and Rural Development Provincial and Ministry Co-construction Collaboration Innovation Center, Beijing University of Civil Engineering and Architecture, Beijing 100044, China

MIL-88A(Fe)@sponge~(MS) was synthesized via a facile dip-coating method to achieve the long-term photocatalytic Cr(VI) reduction with the aid of tartaric acid.

Quick fabrication of evenly porous PbO₂ through potential linear increase electrodeposition

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The porous lead dioxide coatings with uniform pore size distribution were quickly prepared in 100 s on three different substrates by potential linear increase electrodeposition (PLIED). All of these PLIED electrodes show great stability and excellent electrochemical conversion and mineralization capability to specific dye and pharmaceutical with different concentrations.

Self-supported ultrathin Co₃O₄ nanoarray enabling efficient paired electrolysis of 5-hydroxymethylfurfural for simultaneous dihydroxymethylfuran (DHMF) and furandicarboxylic acid (FDCA) production

Xiaoqiang Pan, Shuchuan Mei, Wu-Jun Liu

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A novel and robust paired electrolysis system was developed to convert 5-hydroxymethylfurfural into 2,5-dihydroxymethylfuran and 2,5-furandicarboxylic acid with high yields over a bifunctional electrocatalyst Co_3O_4 nanosheet array.









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Dopant-vacancy activated tetragonal transition metal selenide for hydrogen evolution electrocatalysis

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The dopant-vacancy strategy effectively activates tetragonal transition metal selenide for hydrogen evolution electrocatalysis. Wherein, the CuSe systems accounted for 29 out of 53 candidates are attractively promising for experimental synthesis. The underlying mechanism stems from the upshifted p orbitals of Se active site, which improves the affinity toward hydrogen adsorption.

Comparative study of raw and HNO₃-modified porous carbon from waste printed circuit boards for sulfadiazine adsorption: Experiment and DFT study

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Active carbon prepared from the WPCBs rich in Cu can be an efficient adsorbent for sulfadiazine removal.

Interfacial engineering of CdS for efficient coupling photoredox

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A ternary GR-CdS-Pd composite has been designed and constructed by solvothermal and photodeposition method for coupling photoredox-catalyzed selective dehydrogenation of benzyl alcohol and H_2 evolution. The composite presents much improved photocatalytic activity as compared to blank CdS, due to the optimized interfacial synergy interaction of CdS NPs, GR NSs and Pd NPs.

A unique Janus PdZn-Co catalyst for enhanced photocatalytic syngas production from CO₂ and H₂O

Dongxue Zhou ^{a,b}, Xiangdong Xue ^a, Qingjie Luan ^{a,b}, Liguo Zhang ^{a,b}, Baozhen Li ^{a,b}, Xing Wang ^{a,b}, Wenjun Dong ^{a,b}, Ge Wang ^a, Changmin Hou ^c

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A Janus PdZn-Co catalyst exhibits superior photocatalytic CO_2 and H_2O reduction activity, due to the charge redistribution between PdZn and Co terminals enhances the absorption for CO_2 and H_2O . The carbon shell effectively suppresses the metal core agglomeration and facilitates the electron transmission from photosensitizer to metallic active sites.





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Single-atom rhodium anchored on S-doped black phosphorene as a promising bifunctional electrocatalyst for overall water splitting

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We proposed a novel rhodium anchored on S-doped black phosphorene as the bifunctional electrocatalyst for overall water splitting.

Templated synthesis of imine-based covalent organic framework hollow nanospheres for stable potassium-ion batteries

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Imine-based covalent organic framework hollow nanospheres (TP-COF HSs) with ordered porous architecture and good chemical stability were synthesized using amino-modified SiO₂ nanosphere template. The as-obtained TP-COF HSs exhibit a high capacity of 336 mAh/g at 0.1 A/g after 100 cycles and a superior rate capacity of 160 mAh/g at 1 A/g for potassium storage.

Sulfur-doped CMK-5 with expanded lattice for high-performance lithium ion batteries

Zhenjin Liang^a, Yuhao Peng^a, Xing Zhang^a, Kewei Cao^a, Wei Xiao^b, Dong Gu^a

^a The Institute for Advanced Studies, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China ^b College of Chemistry and Molecular Sciences, Hubei Key Laboratory of Electrochemical Power Sources, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China

Sulfur-doped mesoporous carbon material (CMK-5-S) with expanded lattice and high surface area has been prepared by a modified hard-templating method with 2-thiophenemethanol as a carbon precursor. It shows enhanced lithium storage performance.

Free-standing SnNb₂O₆@CSN film as flexible anode for high performance sodium-ion batteries

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^a Institute for Sustainable Energy and College of Sciences, Shanghai University, Shanghai 200444, China ^b Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Shanghai University, Shanghai 200072, China

A free-standing 3D carbon skeleton nanofiber-encapsulated SnNb₂O₆ (SnNb₂O₆@CSN) film as flexible anode for SIBs was prepared by facile electrospinning and carbonization processes. The as synthesized flexible SnNb₂O₆@CSN electrode exhibits excellent rate performance.

Calcium-organic frameworks cathode for high-stable aqueous Zn/organic batteries

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^c China State Key Laboratory of Materials-Oriented Chemical Engineering, College of Chemical Engineering, Nanjing Tech University, Nanjing 210009, China

An ultra-stable aqueous zinc-ion batteries system using an unexplored AZIBs cathode material Ca-PTA·3H₂O was fabricated. As a result, Ca-PTA·3H₂O exhibits a high specific capacity of 431 mAh/g (50 mA/g). In particular, this battery shows excellent cycle performance with capacity retention of ~90% after 2700 cycles (500 mA/g). The *ex-situ* measurements reveal the Zn^{2+} storage mechanism of cathode material.

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TP-COF hollow nanosphere

Ultrasound-induced elevation of interlayer spacing and conductivity of CoNi hydroxides for high-performance Ni-Zn batteries

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A facile ultrasound-assisted one-step approach is proposed to synthesize CoNi hydroxide microspheres with expanded interlayer spacing and enhanced conductivity, resulting in a greatly increased electrochemical performance as a cathode for Ni-Zn batteries.

High-entropy perovskite oxide $BaCo_{0.2}Fe_{0.2}Zr_{0.2}Sn_{0.2}Pr_{0.2}O_{3-\delta}$ with triple conduction for the air electrode of reversible protonic ceramic cells

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The high-entropy perovskite oxide $BaCo_{0.2}Fe_{0.2}Zr_{0.2}Sn_{0.2}Pr_{0.2}O_{3-\delta}$ (BCFZSP) is firstly demonstrated as the air electrode of reversible protonic ceramic cells (RPCCs). The BCFZSP shows special H⁺/e⁻/O²⁻ triple conduction, which can accelerate the kinetics of air electrode and promote the electrochemical performance of RPCCs.

The introduction of cobalt element into nickel-organic framework for enhanced supercapacitive performance

Xinxin Hang, Rui Yang, Yadan Xue, Shasha Zheng, Yuying Shan, Meng Du, Jiawei Zhao, Huan Pang

School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering and Institute for Innovative Materials and Energy, Yangzhou University, Yangzhou 225009, China

Bimetallic cobalt/nickel-organic frameworks (Co/Ni-MOFs) with spindle-like morphology were prepared by partial substitution of Ni ions in Ni-MOFs with Co ions and used as electrode material for supercapacitors. Compared with monometallic Ni-MOF and Co-MOF, bimetallic Co/Ni-MOF-1:15 with the optimal Co/Ni ratio exhibited higher specific capacitance, better rate performance and cycling stability.

Advancing knowledge of plasma spraying coatings for LillSb-Sn liquid metal batteries by X-ray micro-CT

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e Shanxi Beike Qiantong Energy Storage Science and Technology Research Institute Co., Ltd., Gaoping 048400, China

The corrosion micromorphology and composition evolution of the SS304 matrix and Sb-Sn cathode with or without the plasma-spraved W coating can be observed without disassembling the battery, which indicates that the W coating has excellent service characteristics as a cathode current collector for LillSb-Sn LMBs.

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Bidirectionally polarizing surface chemistry of heteroatom-doped carbon matrix towards fast and longevous lithium-sulfur batteries

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 ^c State Key Laboratory of Environmental-Friendly Energy Materials, School of Materials Science and Engineering, Southwest University of Science and Technology, Mianyang 621010, China
 ^d Department of Advanced Energy Materials, College of Materials Science and Engineering, Sichuan University, Chengdu 610064, China

A bidirectional polarization strategy was proposed and concept-proved by the facilely-prepared B, N co-doped reduced graphene, which as the cathode host matrix realized efficient and reversible sulfur reactions towards high-performance Li-S batteries.

Nitrogen-doped mesoporous carbon nanospheres loaded with cobalt nanoparticles for oxygen reduction and Zn-air batteries

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Mesoporous carbon nanospheres anchored with metallic cobalt nanoparticles were fabricated as robust electrocatalysts for ORR in alkaline/acidic solution and Zn-air batteries, which provides new thoughts for developing non-noble metal catalysts for clean energy conversion devices.

Pre-constructed SEI on graphite-based interface enables long cycle stability for dual ion sodium batteries

Bao Li, Bobo Cao, Xinxin Zhou, Zhuangzhuang Zhang, Dongmei Dai, Mengmin Jia, Dai-Huo Liu

Collaborative Innovation Center of Henan Province for Green Manufacturing of Fine Chemicals, Key Laboratory of Green Chemical Media and Reactions, Ministry of Education, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Henan Normal University, Xinxiang 453007, China

The artificial SEI formed in Na||graphite half batteries can suppress the co-insertions of solvents during the anions uptake/release processes, thus the phase transition of graphite in dual ionic sodium batteries can be significantly inhibited.

Hybrid diluents enable localized high-concentration electrolyte with balanced performance for high-voltage lithium-metal batteries

Chengzong Li, Yan Li, Ziyu Chen, Yongchao Zhou, Fengwei Bai, Tao Li

School of Resource Environment and Safety Engineering, University of South China, Hengyang 421001, China

A hybrid localized high concentration electrolyte (LHCE) employing fluorobenzene (FB) and 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl ether (TFE) (FB–TFE mixture 1:1 by volume) as diluent demonstrates balanced properties (fire-retardant, low-cost, lightweight, *etc.*).

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Organic carboxylate-assisted engineering for fabricating Fe, N co-doped porous carbon interlinked carbon nanotubes towards boosting the oxygen reduction reaction for Zn-air batteries

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An organic carboxylate-assisted engineering is developed to construct Fe, N co-doped porous carbon interlinked carbon nanotubes with high-density and sufficiently exposed Fe-N_x sites based on the self-catalyzed effect. The optimal catalyst exhibits superior ORR performances, which is profitable for the liquid and flexible Zn-air battery application.

Photoregulated supramolecular hydrogels driven by polyradical interactions

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A new category of supramolecular hydrogel system formed by multiple radical-radical interactions is reported for the first time. In this system, simple water-soluble polymer with small content of triarylamine units (TAA) can realize noncovalent hyrdogelation by photocontrolled TAA⁺⁺-TAA⁺⁺ radical association and its mechanical performance can be *in-situ* regulated by light irradiation.

Tune the photoresponse of monolayer MoS₂ by decorating CsPbBr₃ perovskite nanoparticles

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 ^c College of Ontoelectronic Engineering, Changaing University of Posts and Telecommunications

^c College of Optoelectronic Engineering, Chongqing University of Posts and Telecommunications, Chongqing 400065, China

The decoration of CsPbBr_3 nanoparticles was found to enhance the carrier mobility of the MoS_2 by 124% and the on/off ratio by 437%.

Amorphous hollow carbon film as a flexible host for liquid Na-K alloy anode

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Key Laboratory of Flexible Electronics (KLOFE) and Institute of Advanced Materials (IAM), Nanjing Tech University (NanjingTech), Nanjing 211800, China

An amorphous hollow carbon film (AHCF) consisting of hollow carbon spheres has been designed to infiltrate Na-K liquid alloy into the film cavities at room temperature. The formed composite can be applied as a promising liquid metal anode for rechargeable batteries.

Enhanced rate capability and mitigated capacity decay of ultrahigh-nickel cobalt-free LiNi_{0.9}Mn_{0.1}O₂ cathode at high-voltage by selective tungsten substitution

Xingyuan Wang, Bao Zhang, Zhiming Xiao, Lei Ming, Minghuang Li, Lei Cheng, Xing Ou

Engineering Research Center of the Ministry of Education for Advanced Battery Materials, School of Metallurgy and Environment, Central South University, Changsha 410083, China

The ultrahigh-nickel cobalt-free cathode material LiNi_{0.9}Mn_{0.1}O₂ with trace tungsten doping is successfully fabricated by *in-situ* wet strategy. The property enhancement after W⁶⁺-doping is unraveled, which can realize the refinement of primary particles and inhibit the phase transformation. It can improve the rate performance and cycle stability, thus providing an effective modification strategy for high-nickel cobalt-free cathode materials.

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Fe/t-CCNTs









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A series of high-nuclear planar equilateral triangle-shaped $\{Ln_6(\mu_3-OH)_6\}$ cluster encapsulated polyoxoniobates with frequency dependent magnetic property

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The first high-nuclear Ln-oxo cluster encapsulated heterometallic polyoxoniobate cluster {Ln₆(μ_3 -OH)₆(SiNb₁₈O₅₄)₃} is comprised of three {SiNb₁₈O₅₄} clusters and one unique planar equilateral triangle-shaped {Ln₆(μ_3 -OH)₆} cluster.

$\rm NH_4^+/\rm K^+$ -substitution-induced C–F–K coordination bonds for designing the highest-temperature hybrid halide double perovskite ferroelastic

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Chaotic Matter Science Research Center, Department of Materials, Metallurgy and Chemistry, Jiangxi University of Science and Technology, Ganzhou 341000, China

A high-temperature hybrid halide double perovskite ferroelastic was synthesized. Further, by NH_4^+/K^+ -substitution, the C–F-H hydrogen bonds between organic cations and inorganic frameworks are replaced with C–F-K coordination bonds. Due to the existence of coordination bonds, the phase transition temperature of the new hybrid halide double perovskite ferroelastic can be raised from 407 K to 458 K.

Dual-template synthesis of defect-rich mesoporous Co₃O₄ for low temperature CO oxidation

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^a The Institute for Advanced Studies, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China ^b College of Chemistry and Molecular Sciences, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China

Mesoporous Co_3O_4 with rich of defects and very high surface area has been prepared by a dual-template method. It shows enhanced CO oxidation activity than that prepared by traditional method.

Heterointerface engineering of Ru/RuS₂ on N/S-doped hollow mesoporous carbon for promoting alkaline hydrogen evolution

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^c College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Jiangxi Normal University, Nanchang 330022, China ^d University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

The heterointerface engineering of Ru/RuS_2 on N/S-doped hollow mesoporous carbon microspheres leads to a preeminent electrocatalytic performance for alkaline hydrogen evolution.

 $\{ Dy_{\delta}(\mu_{3}-OH)_{\ell}(SINb_{16}O_{54})_{2} \}$





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Improved multiferroic in EuTiO₃ films by interphase strain

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^e Department of Physics, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

^fSongshan Lake Materials Laboratory, Dongguan 523808, China

^g National Center for Electron Microscopy in Beijing, School of Materials science and Engineering, Tsinghua University, Beijing 100084, China

^h Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv 6997801, Israel

We achieve a ferromagnetic state with enhanced Curie temperature and a room-temperature polar state in EuO secondary phase-tunned $EuTiO_3$ thin films by using the interphase strain.

High-valance molybdenum doped Co₃O₄ nanowires: Origin of the superior activity for 5-hydroxymethyl-furfural oxidation

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^a Henan Key Laboratory of Crystalline Molecular Functional Materials, Henan International Joint Laboratory of Tumor Theranostical Cluster Materials, Green Catalysis Center, and College of Chemistry, Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou 450001, China Bechevel Materials, Green Laboratory Fachary Laboratory Fachary Laboratory

^b School of Materials Science and Energy Engineering, Foshan University, Foshan 528000, China

High-valance Mo^{6+} was applied to modulate the electronic structure of Co_3O_4 , which leads to enhanced adsorption energy towards 5-hydroxymethyl-furfural (HMF) to display superior electrochemical ability for HMF oxidation.

Non-3d metal modulated zinc imidazolate frameworks for CO₂ cycloaddition in simulated flue gas under ambient condition

Yan-Tong Xu^{a,b}, Zi-Ming Ye^a, De-Xuan Liu^a, Xiao-Yun Tian^a, Dong-Dong Zhou^a, Chun-Ting He^{a,c}, Xiao-Ming Chen^a

^a MOE Key Laboratory of Bioinorganic and Synthetic Chemistry, School of Chemistry, Sun Yat-Sen University, Guangzhou 510275, China

^b Guangzhou Institute of Energy Conversion, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Guangzhou 510640, China ^c MOE Key Laboratory of Fluorine and Silicon for Energy Materials and Chemistry, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Jiangxi Normal University, Nanchang 330022, China

Two new zinc imidazolate frameworks integrated with non-3d metal MOQ_4^{2-} and WO_4^{2-} units were prepared, which displayed significantly enhanced catalytic activities toward CO_2 cycloaddition reaction under ambient condition, even with simulated flue gas.

Construction of hierarchical nanostructures and NiO nanosheets@nanorods for efficient urea electrooxidation

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^a Guangling College, Yangzhou University, Yangzhou 225009, China ^b School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Yangzhou University, Yangzhou 225009, China

The hierarchical NiO nanosheets@nanorods electrocatalysts were controllably synthesized by hexamethylenetetramine-hydrolytic coprecipitation-oxidation strategy, which were applied to urea electrooxidation in an alkaline solution.

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engineering

Er-Jia Guo^{c,e,f}, Jun Chen^a

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Cs5Ga9S16

Excellent IR-NLO Cun

ent SHG Intensity (0.7 × AgGaS, a 2050 m

gh LIDT (31.6 × AgGaS, a 106

iap (E_y = 4.05 eV

on (8 27-14 9





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Bimetallic Fe/Co incorporated silica hollow spheres by one-pot facile process are synthesized and show remarkably enhanced peroxidase-like for detection of H₂O₂ with high sensitivity.

for oxidation of styrene and cycloaddition of CO₂ with epoxides

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One-pot synthesis of bimetallic Fe/Co incorporated silica

hollow spheres with superior peroxidase-like activity

A new polyoxometalate-based metal-organic framework was synthesized by combination of Ni(II) ions, [ZnW12O40]⁶⁻ anions and a photoactive organic bridging link DPNDI into one single framework. It exhibited high activity and diverse chemselectivity in the oxidation of styrene under thermocatalysis and photocatalysis system, respectively.

Wenli Zhao^a, Wenhao Wang^a, Fancang Meng^a, Yang Du^b, Qingmin Ji^a, Heng-Dao Quan^c

Simple yet extraordinary: Super-polyhedra-built 3D chalcogenide framework of Cs₅Ga₉S₁₆ with excellent infrared nonlinear optical performance

Hong Chen^{a,b}, Mao-Yin Ran^{a,c}, Sheng-Hua Zhou^{a,c}, Xin-Tao Wu^{a,b,c}, Hua Lin^{a,b,c}, Qi-Long Zhu^{a,b,c}

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^c University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

Huiyun Luo, Yaohui Huang, Yuting Wei

for TBHP-based oxidation of sulfides to sulfoxides.

A novel ternary chalcogenide Cs₅Ga₉S₁₆ that features unprecedented super-polyhedra-built 3D chalcogenide framework and exhibits excellent infrared nonlinear optical performance is presented.

sulfide-sulfoxide transformation: Efficient synergistic effects

Two pseudo-polymorphic porous POM-pillared MOFs were developed as efficient heterogeneous catalysts

Two pseudo-polymorphic porous POM-pillared MOFs for

of POM precursors, metal sites and microstructures Yanhong Chen, Haiyan An, Shenzhen Chang, Yanqin Li, Tieqi Xu, Qingshan Zhu,

School of Chemical Engineering, Dalian University of Technology, Dalian 116023, China

Designing polyoxometalate-based metal-organic framework





Revealing performance of 78Li₂S-22P₂S₅ glass ceramic based solid-state batteries at different operating temperatures

Chaochao Wei^{a,b}, Xinrong Liu^a, Chuang Yu^a, Shaoqing Chen^c, Shuai Chen^a, Shijie Cheng^a, Jia Xie^a

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Revealing the pressure and interfacial resistance variations of 78Li₂S-22P₂S₅-based all-solid-state batteries under different operating temperatures is essential to achieving superior electrochemical performances.

Improving performance of ZnO Schottky photodetector by inserting MXenes modified-layer

Cheng Wu^a, Xinzhi Luo^b, Xiaoming Yu^{a,b}, Xuan Yu^{a,b}, Kun Lin^a, Minghao Li^a, Zhenhua Li^a, Yu Cao^c, Yingtang Zhou^b

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In order to improve the performance of ZnO Schottky PDs, a new strategy of using $Ti_3C_2T_x$ as the modification layer of ZnO thin films was proposed. The intercalation of $Ti_3C_2T_x$ not only improves the electrical and optical properties of the ZnO film, but also enhances its crystallinity, reduces defects, and greatly enhances the electron-hole separation and collection, and the device shows a significant photocurrent boost.



Haiyi Huang^{a,b}, Chao Xu^{b,c}, Kunni Lin^{a,b}, Jiawei Peng^{a,b}, Feng Long Gu^{b,c}, Zhenggang Lan^{b,c}

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Deprotonations at the pyrrole rings significantly modify the photoinduced nonadiabatic dynamics, leading to distinctive population decay dynamics and different reaction channels.

A new semiconductor-based SERS substrate with enhanced charge collection and improved carrier separation: CuO/TiO₂ p-n heterojunction

Dongxue Yu^a, Lin Xu^a, Huizhu Zhang^a, Jia Li^a, Weie Wang^a, Libin Yang^a, Xin Jiang^a, Bing Zhao^b

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A new p-n type semiconductor heterojunction (CuO/TiO_2) as SERS substrate was developed via sol-hydrothermal method. CuO/TiO_2 p-n heterojunction can effectively boost the Raman signal of 4-MBA, owing to the enhanced charge collection capacity and the improved carrier separation efficiency derived from internal electric field and strong interface coupling in the interface of heterojunction.

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Thermally responsive ionic transport system reinforced by aligned functional carbon nanotubes backbone

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^d Innovation Laboratory for Sciences and Technologies of Energy Materials of Fujian Province (IKKEM), Xiamen 361005, China

The scheme shows the as-prepared thermo-controlled CPCM membrane system with the changeable effective channels size, which is constructed by vertically aligned carbon nanotubes arrays and hydrogel through a simple process. The CPCM membrane system is responsive to the thermal stimulus with the temperature-controlled ion transport behaviors and the enhanced interfacial ion transport efficiency, which is reinforced by aligned carbon nanotubes backbone. This thermally responsive ionic transport system can be well applied in osmotic power harvesting with a controllable and enhanced energy output.

Triphenylamine-based highly active two-photon absorbing chromophores with push-pull systems

Yanqi Ban^a, Linhong Hao^b, Zhenbo Peng^a, Lishui Sun^a, Lihua Teng^b, Yingjie Zhao^a

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^b College of Mathematics and Physics, Qingdao University of Science and Technology, Qingdao 266061, China

Two triphenylamine-based star-type push-pull chromophores exhibited superior two-photon absorption cross-sections up to 4.24×10^7 GM at very low input intensity.

Intrinsic persistent room temperature phosphorescence derived from 1*H*-benzo[*f*]indole itself as a guest

Danman Guo^a, Yuyuan Wang^a, Jinzheng Chen^a, Yifeng Cao^b, Yiling Miao^a, Huahua Huang^b, Zhenguo Chi^a, Zhiyong Yang^{a,c}

^a Key Laboratory for Polymeric Composite and Functional Materials of Ministry of Education, Guangdong Engineering Technology Research Center for High-performance Organic and Polymer Photoelectric Functional Films, School of Chemistry, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou 510275, China ^b School of Materials Science and Engineering, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou 510275, China ^c Guangdong Provincial Key Laboratory of Optical Chemicals, XinHuaYue Group, Maoming 525000, China

The work firstly demonstrates that 1*H*-benzo[*f*]indole (Bd) itself, which was known as carbazole (Cz) trace isomer, can be used as a universally phosphorescent guest and its persistent RTP emission at ambient condition can be achieved with yellow afterglow lasting for over 2.5 s, when doped either in a small molecule (Cz derivative) including crystalline and amorphous states or different polymer matrixes.

Dual-targeted nanoformulation with Janus structure for synergistic enhancement of sonodynamic therapy and chemotherapy

Zhifang Wang, Man Wang, Yanrong Qian, Yulin Xie, Qianqian Sun, Minghong Gao, Chunxia Li

Institute of Molecular Sciences and Engineering, Institute of Frontier and Interdisciplinary Science, Shandong University, Qingdao 266237, China

TNILH nanoformulations are targeted by hyaluronic acid into tumor cells. Subsequently, DSPE-PEG-NH₂ releases encapsulated IR780 under acidic conditions, which could target mitochondria. Under ultrasound irradiation, TN NPs and IR780 act synergistically to increase the efficiency of ROS generation. Meanwhile, LND inhibits the energy metabolism of tumor cells. The presence of Gd element makes TN NPs have the properties of MR imaging. The work constructs MR imaging-guided sonodynamic therapy and chemotherapy.

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CO hydrogenation on stepped Cu and CuZn alloy surfaces: Competition between methanol synthesis and methanation pathways

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Surface elementary reaction networks of CO hydrogenation on Cu(211), Cu(611), ZnCu(211) and ZnCu(611) surfaces are studied using DFT calculations. The favorable reaction pathway is the methanation reaction on Cu surfaces but the methanol synthesis reaction on ZnCu alloy surfaces.

An *ab initio* study on boundaries for characterizing cooperative effect of hydrogen bonds by intermolecular compression

Rui Liu^a, Rui Wang^a, Danhui Li^a, Yu Zhu^a, Xinrui Yang^a, Zhigang Wang^{a,b,c}

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^c Institute of Theoretical Chemistry, College of Chemistry, Jilin University, Changchun 130023, China

High-precision *ab initio* calculations reveal that there is a boundary in the applicability of intermolecular compression to characterize cooperative effect of hydrogen bonds, which can be quantitatively distinguished by the binding energy and core-valence bifurcation index.

Bubble transfer on wettability-heterogeneous surfaces

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Bubble transfer on wettability-heterogeneous surface was carefully investigated and elucidated from the view-point of surface energy, which was further applied in micro-bubble collection and water splitting.





Chinese Chemical Letters 34 (2023) 107857





C	hinese Chemical Le	tters (中国化学快报)
Re	esponsible Institution:	China Association for Science and Technology
Sp	oonsor:	Chinese Chemical Society
		Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences
Ec	litor-in-Chief:	Xuhong Qian
A	ddress:	Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences
		1 Xian Nong Tan Street, Beijing 100050, China
Te	el:	86-10-63165638
E-	mail:	cclbj@imm.ac.cn
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Or	nline Submission:	www.editorialmanager.com/cclet
Publishe	iblisher:	Editorial Office of Chinese Chemical Letters
		ELSEVIER B.V.
Pr	inter:	Beijing Kexin Printing Co., Ltd.
Da	ate:	15 July 2023
国	内发行:全国各地邮户	局

Provided by Prof. Chong-Chen Wang's group, BUCEA, China.

Cr(VI)

MIL-88A(Fe)@sponge





Cr(III

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