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## ABSTRACTS

### **Innovatively Developing Chinese Marxism in 21st Century** (4)

Lei Yun

(*Zhejiang Provincial Association of Social Sciences, Hangzhou 310025*)

**Abstract:** Since the 18th CPC National Congress, the Party Central Committee with Xi Jinping as the center has made tremendous amount of documents and speeches, innovatively develops Chinese Marxism in 21st century, which is intensively incarnated in Marxist philosophy, political economics and Scientific Socialism. It is a necessary measure for preparing the 19th CPC National Congress to sort out and generalize it primarily.

**Key words:** the Party Central Committee with Xi Jinping as the center; Xi Jinping serial speeches; Chinese Marxism in 21st century

### **Government Intervention, Marketization Process and Economic Growth Momentum —also on how the Decentralization Releases the Reform Dividends Dynamically** (17)

Zhang Tongbin, Liu Lin

(*School of Economics, Dongbei University of Finance and Economics, Dalian 116025*)

**Abstract:** By using China's municipal data, this paper explains how the decentralization releases the reform dividends dynamically through evaluating the various effects of government and market on economic growth in different stages of marketization. The results show that in general, the position and function of government as well as market in economic growth are significantly different. With the marketization process improving, the government first promotes and then depresses the economic growth which shows an inverted "V" type. On the contrary, the negative impact of frictions in markets on economic growth is gradually disappearing. At a higher degree of marketization, the congestion of government expenditure emerges. The decentralization can release the market activity adequately. Furthermore, by comparing the effect of government on economic growth to that of market in region of high degree marketization and northeast region, we find that decentralization and breaking the institutional contradiction as well as structural barriers can significantly enhance the internal momentum of the economy.

**Key words:** government intervention; marketization; decentralization; economic growth

### **The Tactical Interaction, Tax Competition and FDI Competition among Local Governments** (28)

Deng Huihui<sup>1</sup>, Yu Yihua<sup>2</sup>

(1. *Institute of International Economy, University of International Business and Economics, Beijing 100029*;  
2. *School of Economics, Renmin University of China, Beijing 100872*)

**Abstract:** In the context of fiscal decentralization and political and economic performance evaluation in China, local governments tend to attract more capitals in order to promote local economic growth. Using a panel data set of China's 29 provincial administrative regions during 1994–2014, and spatial econometric approaches, this study examines the tactical interaction and the tax competition across China's local

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governments. We mainly find that there exist obvious tactical interactions in the overall tax. In addition, while spatial complementarity is found for the competition of value added tax and income tax, spatial substitution is found for the business tax.

**Key words:** local government; tax competition; tactical interaction

### **From Margin to Center: The Trinitarian Moral Regulation in Social Governance** (36)

Guo Xiajuan, Yang Qijun

(*College of Public Administration of Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310058*)

**Abstract:** In the transition of social governance, moral regulations merely governed by governments have gradually lost its efficacy. The concept of state-centered moral regulation was criticized by multi-subjects regulation theory. A new paradigm emerged practically as “the Trinitarian Moral Regulation” consisting of the three subjects, i.e. government, society and individuals. Unlike the government-led mode, the newly innovation of moral regulation is social-centered, originated from the initiatives of society and grassroots. The operating mechanism is based on the society rather than mere governments, which is characterized by multi-subjects and approaches involving in moral improvement. Meanwhile, it greatly facilitated the transformation from the traditional control to the public governance. The implication includes two facets: to accelerate the progress of social morality, and to advance the social cooperation and the new relationship of governments and citizens.

**Key words:** social governance; trinitarian moral regulation; social-centered

### **Corruption Cognition, Performance Satisfaction and Governmental Trusting in China** (43)

Wu Jinjin

(*School of Taxation and Public Administration, Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics, Nanchang 330013*)

**Abstract:** This paper investigates whether citizen’s public service satisfaction could mitigate the erosive effect of corruption cognition and public dissatisfaction on government anti-corruption efforts. Using the first wave and fourth wave Asiabarometer survey data collected in 2003 and 2006 separately, we observe that both citizen’s corruption cognition and dissatisfaction with government anti-corruption performance are negatively associated with institutional trust in government, while only the effect of citizen’s dissatisfaction with government anti-corruption on institutional trust is significantly moderated by public service satisfaction. The results also show that it is the social security and expenditure that play the significant conditional effect rather than the government economic service and expenditure. These findings highlight that the more citizens satisfied with public service, particularly in pension and unemployment benefit, the more they have patient for government anti-corruption efforts.

**Key words:** public service satisfaction; corruption cognition; anti-corruption evaluation; governmental trusting

### **Same-sex Marriage and Equal Protection from the Perspective of Judicial Activism**

—An Analysis on the Basis of *Obergefell v. Hodges*

(52)

Wang Qinghua

(*China University of Political Science and Law, Beijing 102249*)

**Abstract:** In the United States, the right to marriage invented by the Supreme Court on the basis of unenumerated rights doctrine is a consequence of judicial activism. *Obergefell v. Hodges* sticks to *Stare Decisis*, and applies this right to same-sex. In this sense, *Obergefell* is not as radical as it first appears. Starting from the legal evolution of same-sex marriage in the United States, this article argues for the legitimacy of

same-sex marriage from the following three aspects such as judicial doctrine, equal protection of unenumerated rights and constitutional interpretative methodology. This article has revisited the meaning and implications of judicial activism on the basis of empirical analysis, and revealed the different underlying judicial philosophy of the majority justices and the dissenting ones. The focus of judicial activism dispute is the relationship between the judiciary and democracy. Judicial activism facilitates the democratic process rather than usurps the legislative power.

**Key words:** judicial activism; same-sex marriage; due process; equal protection

### Logical Reflection and Reconstruction on Judicial Proof in the View of the Trial-center Doctrine

(66)

Wei Bin

(*School of Administrative Law, Southwest University of Political Science and Law, Chongqing 401120*)

**Abstract:** The substantive innovation of trial-center requests that the pleading evidence should be shown in court and fact finding should be proceeded in court, which also requests that judicial proof that happens between a prosecutor, a defender and an adjudicator should be also presented in court, so innovating a theory of judicial proof corresponding the trial-center doctrine is an important content of the reform of the system of criminal procedure. The judicial proof could be seen as a dialectical argumentation, since it highly meets the purposive, multi-agent, dynamic and dialogical nature of a so called "dialectical argumentation". From the perspective of modern argumentation theory, judicial proof is a dialectical argumentation, in which a plaintiff and a defendant propose supporting arguments for its claims, propose counter arguments for defending its claims, and attempt to persuade the adjudicator to accept their claims, the adjudicator should examine the legality, objectivity and relevance of the evidence, thereby evaluate two adversaries' arguments, examine whether they satisfy the corresponding standards of proof or not, and decide whether any adversary meets relevant burden of production and persuasion or not.

**Key words:** trial-center doctrine; judicial proof; dialectical argumentation; modern argumentation theory

### The Logic of the Renaissance of Craftsman Spirit in Internet Age

(75)

Zhang Peipei

(*Institute of philosophy, Shandong Academy of Social Sciences, Jinan 250003*)

**Abstract:** Nowadays, the tide of spirit of craftsman has swept back across the world. It's not good enough to analyze the literal meaning. The logic should in principle be illustrated from the perspectives of changing production mode and social requirement. It has been under the control of a joint force including government, enterprises and individuals; renewed emphasis on manufacturing industry, social requirement in consumer society and self-employed way of living. The contemporary spirit of craftsman reflects the new requirements, which directly links with the new production and organization. Therefore, the different connotations of the spirit of craftsman are shown: innovation, individual autonomy and reality. The spirit of craftsman reflects the renaissance of spirit of practice in this age. It is our real ethos today as it will be in the future.

**Key words:** the spirit of craftsman; internet age; historical materialism

### Peeping—the Group Symptoms in the Network Times and its Analysis

(82)

Zhang Zhong

(*Department of Sports and Health, Nanjing Sport Institute, Nanjing 210014*)

**Abstract:** Peeping as the group symptoms in the network times, there are some psychological mechanisms, spiritual crisis of the times, and even the problems of the institutional designs for its occurrence. From the perspective of psychological mechanism, peeping may be the unconscious release or expression of

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repressed desires of human beings, and may be the results of learning by imitation and observation. It also may be a way for the public to express their dissatisfaction with society and to obtain psychological compensation and balance. Behind the group peeping, it reflects the spiritual crisis of the times, that is, people's escape from reality, the loss of self-independence and the alienation of self-values. It also reflects some deficiencies in institutional designs. The perfection of the institutions, the rebuilding of the values of the times, the cultivation of civic virtues and the improvement of the legal systems, may make a beneficial attempt to guide and regulate the social trend—group peeping.

**Key words:** peeping; psychological mechanism; spiritual crisis; institutional design; guide; regulation

### **The Three Waves of Justice Thought**

(88)

Chen Lei

*(School of philosophy, Renmin University of China, Beijing 100872)*

**Abstract:** since the advent of Rawls "justice theory", justice research continues to heat up as a distinguished, surging to become the wave of modern justice is in the ascendant. We, who stand in the forefront of tide of time, if go deep into the depths of history tracing historical traces of justice, will find the wave of modern justice is only the third wave of justice, the other two big wave in Plato's ideal state and the city of god of Christianity respectively appeared, successively surges in the slave society, feudal society and capitalist society, gradually continue to the three waves of justice. Its essence of which is the mainstream trend of three kinds of production mode of justice, trying to appeal to build the well-ordered of justice and the realization of relative justice in the overall of the unjust reality, to calm the human heart.

**Key words:** justice; classical justice order; theology justice order; modern justice order; justice well-ordered requirement

### **Multiple Explanations on Inside and Outside Relevance of the Anthropology Notes' Text Group**

(97)

Li Shuang, Liu Tongfang

*(School of Marxism, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310028)*

**Abstract:** Academia's study on Anthropology Note is based on the Anthropology Notes' text group, and explains the relationship between the text group and other texts and the relationship inside the Anthropology Notes' text group. On the outside relevance of the Anthropology Notes' text group, Soviet scholars point out that the text group and the letters of Marx's late years have the common subject. They emphasize the text group paves the way for the letters. On the inside relevance of the Anthropology Notes' text group, the texts in the text group have the distinction of major status or minor status, indicating the difference between core and supplements; from the main purpose of every text and the problem they reveal behind, there are differences among the main purpose of every text, but they all centre on the social form. On the basic of every text's content and subject, the scholars explore the scientific research methods and research perspectives to study the inside and outside relevance of the text group. For the study of the inside and outside relevance of the text group, they also investigate the relevant texts of Marx, his theoretical and practical needs in the historical circumstance and the development of Marx's thought. Their explanations are helpful to deepen the study of Anthropology Note.

**Key words:** Anthropology Note; text group; outside relevance; inside relevance

### **The Transition of Aesthetic Paradigm of Electronical Media Era and the Mirror Image of Literature**

(103)

Hu Youfeng

*(The Research Center of Aesthetics of Literature and Art, Shandong University, Jinan 250100)*

**Abstract:** The aesthetic paradigm of electronical media era has transferred from 'image' to 'simulacra', which resulted in the mutation of literature. This mutation manifested mainly that the modality of literature has transformed from 'reading' to 'seeing', the faculty of literature from 'literariness' to 'entertaining', the literary taste from 'spiritual' to 'secular', and the ideal of literature from 'aesthetic salvation' to 'entertainment assumption'. It led to the change of the aesthetic roomage of literature. The way to surmount it is to free itself from the preference to the form of media to confront the practical summon of literature, to reboot the imagination and metaphysics faculties of literature, and to expect a kind of 'soul-respected' of writing principle.

**Key words:** electronical media; aesthetic paradigm; transition; the mirror image of literature

### **"Micro Era": The Construction of Space Consciousness of Aesthetics Criticism** (114)

Wang Desheng

*(The Aesthetic Education Research Center, Capital Normal University, Beijing 100089)*

**Abstract:** In the general concept, space consciousness of aesthetic criticism always points to the artistic existence space of object, the limited and as the value community. However, with the change of existence form of space and its way, and the feeling of space, highlights the lack of "presence" of the space consciousness of aesthetics criticism. In the micro Era, the construction of space consciousness of aesthetic criticism must face a problem: the space is not an independent quantity concept, but it is an intentional object that connects with the perception of body.

**Key words:** micro era; aesthetics criticism; presence; construction of space consciousness

### **On the Sensory of Aesthetics: how can Sensory Appreciation Be Possible?** (119)

Liu Xuguang

*(College of Humanities and Communications, Shanghai Normal University, Shanghai 200062)*

**Abstract:** The sensory appreciation is a very common phenomenon in modern people's aesthetic activities and that may be due to the possessing of universalities and reflections during the sharpening and intellectualizing progress. On one hand, the sensory pleasure is more or less utilitarian agreeable. On the other, just because the sensory appreciation can perceive the depth of objects, it also can grasp the meaning of them in order to obtain the conformity pleasure. All of the pleasure is non-utilitarian, unrestricted and insightful, so that they reflect some aesthetic characteristic. This kind of feeling was called "aesthetic sense".

**Key words:** feeling; sense; pleasure; aesthetic sense

### **The Society of Citizens and the Aesthetical Time of City-Urban Reciprocity** (127)

Li Yongying

*(College of Humanities, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310028)*

**Abstract:** In the society of citizens, people's power of creation was liberated. We are living in the aesthetical time of city-urban reciprocity when between city citizens and urban citizens are doing the works of aesthetic creation. With science and technology's development, city space's designing have showed unlimited freedom. Meanwhile, because countryside life lack of economic and cultural energy, city space cannot satisfy for citizens need when many urban citizens are migrating to cities. We found that it can satisfy for city citizens need when countryside life contract with cities life freely. When countryside citizens can free go toward the city, we can establish aesthetical reciprocity between city and urban. For creating harmonious and beautiful life space, we need free imagination of citizens.

**Key words:** society of citizens; city-urban reciprocity; aesthetical time



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### Why Foreign Law?

(135)

Liu Liantai

(School of Law, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005)

### The Influence Factors of Mental Health of Civil Servants

#### —A Hierarchical Linear Models Analysis

(139)

Zhang Yunwu

(School of Public Affairs, Zhejiang GongShang University, Hangzhou 310018)

**Abstract:** Mental health problems exist mainly in low socio-economic status of vulnerable groups. It has become the consensus of academia. This paper analyses the mental health status and influence factors of civil servants as advantages social groups. Research shows that: civil servants have mental health problems as well. Unlike social vulnerable groups, the influencing factors of mental health of civil servants is mainly working environment. The conclusion not only denies the academic consensus, but also indicates that the civil servants' mental health problems can't be analysis only from the angle of individual which psychology, medicine pay attention to, it also needs to the environmental factors outside the individual.

**Key words:** civil servant; mental health; hierarchical linear models

### A Study on Effect Mechanisms of the Sense of Well-being of New Generation

#### Migrant Workers

(146)

Zhang Bo, Zhou Enyi

(School of Management, Xi'an Univ. of Arch. & Tech., Xi'an 710055)

**Abstract:** Happiness is the ultimate goal that has been the unremitting pursuit of human society and it is also every Chinese's dream currently in the background of new era—"national prosperity and happiness". In recent years, the new generation of migrant workers, growing as a rising force, has made great contribution to the modernization and city development. Therefore, the well-being of them is an indispensable part of city residents' happy life. The survival status of the new generation of migrant workers and their well-being index is related to the quality of our country's future labor quality, economic and social development, which has been highly concerned by the government and academia. Under this background, based on the theory of well-being, this paper constructs a model of well-being effecting factors on new generation migrant workers according to the survey data. It is analyzed from three aspects of economic, social and psychological in nine parts about well-being effect degree. Meanwhile, this paper shows that the sense of well-being is different for the difference of individual characteristics and unveils the essence of the unhappiness of the current generation of migrant workers. In the end, combined with the characteristics of the times, some suggestions are given from the view of mechanism on improve the well-being of the new generation of migrant workers.

**Key words:** new generation of migrant workers; sense of well-being; effect mechanism

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## 声 明

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