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Contents, Abstracts and Keywords

Abstract: Public service has been one of the keywords which frequently appear in both public policy making and academic research in China during the past 20 years. Nevertheless, the understanding of this concept remains confusing, due to ambiguous interpretation of essential attributes, unclear explanation of formal attributes and inaccurate definition of expression scope, which leads to the ambiguity in policy-making of public service and the controversy in academic research. The critical reason is that we neglect the diversity and complexity of connotation and extension of public service caused by specific contexts of different countries. To solve this confusion, the key solution is to identify the cultural context and situational context of public service, especially to analyze the connotation transformation of public service in Chinese contexts. Moreover, it is crucial to break through the barriers between different disciplines, to reveal the essential attributes of public service from the four dimensions of value, function, process and outcome, to distinguish the specific attributes of public service from four fieldsincluding historical and cultural context, cognitively cultural context, general situational context and specific situational context, to unfold the formal attributes of public service from the of process and result, and to construct the discourse system of public service with Chinese characteristics.

Key words; public service; essential attribute; formal attribute; cultural context; situational context

Abstract: The burgeoning political phenomenology has added a new equipment to the traditional warehouse of politics. The subject's "imagination" could be regarded as the essence of the national symbol in this new way and plays a decisive role in the latter's whole formation and function process. The "poverty of imagination" is a common situation in modern countries, which poses a serious threat to the effectiveness of the national symbol in building national identity. This kind of poverty is mainly manifested in three aspects: 1) it is difficult to select suitable symbols that match the country; 2) the image formed by the combination of the country and its symbol in the consciousness is ambiguous; 3) the meanings of the national symbol presented through various symbolic systems in the political society are destroyed by many ways. The solution of this dilemma depends on improving the efficiency of seizing imagination. The concrete ways include: improving the transparency between the country and its symbol, putting more pressure on the subject's seizing desire, and stimulating and deepening the subject's cognition and emotion of the country.

Key words: national symbol; identity; imagination; political phenomenology
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Tickets of Modernization: A Qualitative Comparative Analysis of the Rise of Modern

European States Huang Zhenqian, Tang Shiping(26)

Abstract: Modernization starts from West Europe. Thus, the fundamental question about modernization is that why some European states modernized earlier than others. This paper provides a new explanation for the rise of early modern states by constructing a new historical dataset and applying Qualitative Comparative Analysis (QCA). The paper finds that during "the first wave of moderation" (from the beginning of 1575 Atlantic trade to 1789 French Revolution), there are three key factors to the rise of modern states; original institution, original scale of economy, and Atlantic trade (necessary condition). Two sets of states are more like to rise in the modern world: 1) states with the less authoritarian regime and involve in Atlantic trade; 2) states have a smaller economy and involve in Atlantic trade. And Britain, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, and Portugal got the tickets of "the first wave of modernization".

Key words: modernization; atlantic trade; west europe; QCA

Choosing the Proper Models: An Analysis Framework for Government to Cultivate

Abstract: How to cultivate and promote the development of social organization has become a major task for government in China. Based on existing practice and research, this study distinguished and compared two government cultivation models of social organizations; government-led model and government-enabled model. Government-led social organizations are mostly directly financed and managed through administrative mechanisms by the government, while government-enabled social organizations are mainly functioned through social and market mechanisms, which are indirectly supported by the government through the supporting organization. Particularly, these two models are different in four aspects, i.e., cultivation orientation, cultivation relationship, resource structure and allocative mechanisms. Cultivators need to provide multi-dimensional supports for promoting the development of social organization. On the one hand, they should build adequate ecological capacity, diversified support and effective selection mechanism at the systematic level. On the other hand, they should provide supports such as professional knowledge and network, targeted and effective capacity-building, diversified external resources and smooth policy advocacy, for individual organization. Two cultivation models have varied effect on the development of social organizations because of the different supporting conditions. Compared with government-led model, government-enabled model can better promote the development of social organizations.

Key words: social organization cultivation model; supporting organization; cultivation effect

An Analysis of the Evolution and Governance of Village Cadres Official Crimes

----Research Report Based on Cases from 1993 to 2017

...... Zhou Jianyu (53)

Abstract: In order to implement the 19th National Congress report, which requires "no restricted area, full coverage, and zero tolerance against corruption," not only "fighting tiger", but also "

fighting fly". It is necessary to study the characteristics of cadres official' official crimes and their laws of occurrence. On the basis of collecting the 1936 cases of cadres official who committed official crimes from 1993 to 2017, we have counted the evolution of representative indicators such as the number of crimes committed, the amount involved, the area of crime, and the means of crime, and found the changes in the scale and evolution of cadres official' official crimes. It is closely related to the strategic position of the "three agriculture", the national development focus, the scale of land acquisition and demolition, the urbanization process, the implementation of the benefiting-farmers policy, and the grassroots anti-corruption system. On the basis of empirical research, the author puts forward some feasible suggestions such as improving legislation, strengthening rural grass-roots ideological education, strengthening the rural anti-corruption ideological position with the village Regulatory commission as the core, and the internet plus rural grassroots anti-corruption under the threshold, so as to provide reference for the prevention and treatment of post crimes of cadres official.

Key words: official crimes; empirical cases; village cadres

Research on the Villagers' Self-governance Innovation in the Past 30 Years from the

Perspective of Effective Governance Liu Jinhai(67)

Abstract: Villagers' self-governance has been constantly innovating in four democratic and systems from 1987. In the new century, especially in the recent 10 years, the practice of villagers' self-governance has entered a new historical stage. At the same time, the state governance puts forward higher requirements, especially in the practical mechanism. For these reasons, villagers' self-governance can not be limited to practice of self-governance, but should be extended to effective governance. From the perspective of effective governance, the innovative practice of villagers' self-governance over the past 30 years, especially the innovation of operation mechanism, has made remarkable achievements. It has made great progress in the aspects of assured, expressive, decision-making, restrictive and coordinative mechanism. However, some mechanisms still need to be developed and constructed, and some such as dynamic are very lacking. Although there are some research viewpoints, they are still limited to one part of aspects or the summary of practical and innovative experience, and mainly aiming at the effective realization of villagers' self-governance, in particularly there are some shortcomings. Therefore, we should not only continue to pay attention to the practical innovation, but also continue to explore the practical innovation and realization from the perspective of national governance and effective governance.

Key words: villagers'self-governance; practical innovation; effective governance; operational mechanism

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